





RSA3000E Series Real-time Spectrum Analyzer

Aug. 2019 RIGOL (SUZHOU) TECHNOLOGIES INC.

Guaranty and Declaration

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Safety Requirement

General Safety Summary

Please review the following safety precautions carefully before putting the instrument into operation so as to avoid any personal injury or damage to the instrument and any product connected to it. To prevent potential hazards, please follow the instructions specified in this manual to use the instrument properly.

Use Proper Power Cord.

Only the exclusive power cord designed for the instrument and authorized for use within the local country could be used.

Ground the Instrument.

The instrument is grounded through the Protective Earth lead of the power cord. To avoid electric shock, connect the earth terminal of the power cord to the Protective Earth terminal before connecting any input or output terminals.

Connect the Probe Correctly.

If a probe is used, the probe ground lead must be connected to earth ground. Do not connect the ground lead to high voltage. Improper way of connection could result in dangerous voltages being present on the connectors, controls or other surfaces of the oscilloscope and probes, which will cause potential hazards for operators.

Observe All Terminal Ratings.

To avoid fire or shock hazard, observe all ratings and markers on the instrument and check your manual for more information about ratings before connecting the instrument.

Use Proper Overvoltage Protection.

Ensure that no overvoltage (such as that caused by a bolt of lightning) can reach the product. Otherwise, the operator might be exposed to the danger of an electric shock.

Do Not Operate Without Covers.

Do not operate the instrument with covers or panels removed.

Do Not Insert Objects Into the Air Outlet.

Do not insert objects into the air outlet, as doing so may cause damage to the instrument.

Use Proper Fuse.

Please use the specified fuses.

Avoid Circuit or Wire Exposure.

Do not touch exposed junctions and components when the unit is powered on.

Do Not Operate With Suspected Failures.

If you suspect that any damage may occur to the instrument, have it inspected by **RIGOL** authorized personnel before further operations. Any maintenance, adjustment or replacement especially to circuits or accessories must be performed by **RIGOL** authorized personnel.

Provide Adequate Ventilation.

Inadequate ventilation may cause an increase of temperature in the instrument, which would cause damage to the instrument. So please keep the instrument well ventilated and inspect the air outlet and the fan regularly.

Do Not Operate in Wet Conditions.

To avoid short circuit inside the instrument or electric shock, never operate the instrument in a humid environment.

Do Not Operate in an Explosive Atmosphere.

To avoid personal injuries or damage to the instrument, never operate the instrument in an explosive atmosphere.

Keep Product Surfaces Clean and Dry.

To avoid dust or moisture from affecting the performance of the instrument, keep the surfaces of the instrument clean and dry.

Prevent Electrostatic Impact.

Operate the instrument in an electrostatic discharge protective environment to avoid damage induced by static discharges. Always ground both the internal and external conductors of cables to release static before making connections.

Use the Battery Properly.

Do not expose the battery (if available) to high temperature or fire. Keep it out of the reach of children. Improper change of a battery (lithium battery) may cause an explosion. Use the **RIGOL** specified battery only.

Handle with Caution.

Please handle with care during transportation to avoid damage to keys, knobs, interfaces, and other parts on the panels.

Safety Notices and Symbols

Safety Notices in this Manual:



WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation or practice which, if not avoided, will result in serious injury or death.



CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation or practice which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the product or loss of important data.

Safety Terms on the Product:

- **DANGER** It calls attention to an operation, if not correctly performed, could result in injury or hazard immediately.
- **WARNING** It calls attention to an operation, if not correctly performed, could result in potential injury or hazard.
- **CAUTION** It calls attention to an operation, if not correctly performed, could result in damage to the product or other devices connected to the product.

Safety Symbols on the Product:









Hazardous Voltage

Safety Warning

Protective Earth Terminal

Chassis Ground

Test Ground

Care and Cleaning

Care

Do not store or leave the instrument where it may be exposed to direct sunlight for long periods of time.

Cleaning

Clean the instrument regularly according to its operating conditions.

- 1. Disconnect the instrument from all power sources.
- Clean the external surfaces of the instrument with a soft cloth dampened with mild detergent or water. Avoid having any water or other objects into the chassis via the heat dissipation hole. When cleaning the LCD, take care to avoid scarifying it.



CAUTION

To avoid damage to the instrument, do not expose it to caustic liquids.

\land

WARNING

To avoid short-circuit resulting from moisture or personal injuries, ensure that the instrument is completely dry before connecting it to the power supply.

Environmental Considerations

The following symbol indicates that this product complies with the WEEE Directive 2002/96/EC.



Product End-of-Life Handling

The equipment may contain substances that could be harmful to the environment or human health. To avoid the release of such substances into the environment and avoid harm to human health, we recommend you to recycle this product appropriately to ensure that most materials are reused or recycled properly. Please contact your local authorities for disposal or recycling information.

You can click on the following link

<u>http://www.rigol.com/Files/RIGOL_RoHS2.0&WEEE.pdf</u> to download the latest version of the RoHS&WEEE certification file.

RSA3000E Series Overview

RSA3000E series is a new generation of cost-efficient real-time spectrum analyzer with high performance. With superb performance specifications and the clear user interface, the RSA3000E series allows you to operate it through various ways, such as pressing keys on the front panel, using the touch screen, connecting the mouse and the keyboard. Remote communication interfaces are also available. The instrument can be widely used in education science, corporate R&D, industrial production, and other fields.

Main Features:

- Ultra-Real technology
- Frequency: up to 3 GHz
- Displayed average noise level (DANL): <-161 dBm (typical)
- Phase noise: <-102 dBc/Hz (typical)
- Level measurement uncertainty: <1.0 dB
- 3 GHz tracking generator
- Min. RBW 1 Hz
- EMI measurement application software (option)
- Various advanced measurement functions
- Multiple measurement modes
- Up to 10 MHz real-time analysis bandwidth
- Multiple trigger modes and trigger masks
- Density, Spectrogram, and other display modes
- PC software options
- 10.1" capacitive multi-touch screen; supporting touch gestures
- USB, LAN, HDMI and other communication and display interfaces

Document Overview

Topics in this manual:

Chapter 1 Quick Start

This chapter introduces the front/rear panel and user interface as well as announcements during first use of the analyzer.

Chapter 2 Functions of the Front Panel of GPSA

This chapter gives detailed function descriptions of the GPSA's front panel keys and the associated menu keys.

Chapter 3 Functions of the Front Panel of RTSA

This chapter gives detailed function descriptions of the RTSA's front panel keys.

Chapter 4 Functions of the Front Panel of EMI

This chapter gives detailed function descriptions of the EMI's front panel keys.

Chapter 5 Functions of the Front Panel of VSA

This chapter gives detailed function descriptions of the VSA's front panel keys.

Chapter 6 Remote Control

This chapter shows how to control the analyzer in remote mode.

Chapter 7 Troubleshooting

This chapter lists the troubleshooting information and messages that may appear during the use of the analyzer.

Chapter 8 Appendix

This chapter lists the options and accessories that can be ordered along with your analyzer as well as the service and support information.

Format Conventions in this Manual:

1. Keys:

The keys on the front panel are usually denoted by the format of "Key Name (Bold) + Text Box". For example, **FREQ** denotes the **FREQ** key.

2. Menu Keys:

The menu softkeys are usually denoted by the format of "Menu Word (Bold) + Character Shading". For example, **Center Freq** denotes the center frequency menu item under the **FREQ** function key.

3. Connectors:

The connectors on the front or rear panel are usually denoted by the format of "Connector Name (Bold) + Square Brackets (Bold)". For example, [Gen Output 50Ω].

4. Operation Procedures:

" \rightarrow " represents the next step of operation. For example, **FREQ** \rightarrow **Center Freq** indicates pressing **FREQ** on the front panel and then pressing the menu softkey **Center Freq**.

Content Conventions in this Manual:

The RSA3000E series spectrum analyzer includes the following models. This manual takes RSA3030E-TG as an example.

| Model | Frequency Range | Tracking Generator |
|-------------|------------------|--------------------|
| RSA3030E | 9 kHz to 3 GHz | None |
| RSA3015E | 9 kHz to 1.5 GHz | None |
| RSA3030E-TG | 9 kHz to 3 GHz | 3 GHz |
| RSA3015E-TG | 9 kHz to 1.5 GHz | 1.5 GHz |

User Manuals of this Product:

Quick Guide, User Guide, Programming Guide, Data Sheet, etc. For the desired manual, please download it from www.rigol.com.

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Chapter 1 Quick Start

This chapter gives you a quick review about the appearance and dimensions of the RSA3000E series, its front and rear panel, user interface, as well as announcements during first use of the analyzer.

Contents in this chapter:

- General Inspection
- Appearance and Dimensions
- To Prepare for Use
- Front Panel
- Rear Panel
- User Interface
- Mouse/Keyboard/Touch Screen Operation Rule
- Menu Operation
- Parameter Setting
- To Use the Built-in Help System
- Fuse Replacement
- Mode Setting

General Inspection

1. Inspect the packaging

If the packaging has been damaged, do not dispose the damaged packaging or cushioning materials until the shipment has been checked for completeness and has passed both electrical and mechanical tests.

The consigner or carrier shall be liable for the damage to the instrument resulting from shipment. **RIGOL** would not be responsible for free maintenance/rework or replacement of the instrument.

2. Inspect the instrument

In case of any mechanical damage, missing parts, or failure in passing the electrical and mechanical tests, contact your **RIGOL** sales representative.

3. Check the accessories

Please check the accessories according to the packing lists. If the accessories are damaged or incomplete, please contact your **RIGOL** sales representative.

Appearance and Dimensions



Figure 1-2 Vertical View

Unit: mm

To Prepare for Use

To Adjust the Supporting Legs

You can unfold the supporting legs to use them as stands to tilt the instrument upwards for easier operation and observation. You can also fold the supporting legs for easier storage or shipment when the instrument is not in use.



Figure 1-3 To Adjust the Supporting Legs

To Connect to AC Power

Please use the power cord provided in the accessories to connect the spectrum analyzer to the AC power source. The AC power supply specification of this spectrum analyzer is 100-240 V, 45-440 Hz. The power consumption of the instrument cannot exceed 95 W. When the spectrum analyzer is connected to the AC power source via the power cord, the instrument automatically adapts to the voltage range, and you do not need to select the voltage range manually.





CAUTION

To avoid electric shock, ensure that the instrument is correctly grounded.

Turn-on Checkout

After connecting the instrument to the power source properly, press the Power key on the front panel to start the spectrum analyzer. Then, you will see an initial splash screen. Following the start-up screen which shows the start-up initialization process information, the sweep curve is displayed.

Self-calibration

After the instrument starts, execute self-calibration.

Press **System** \rightarrow **Alignment** \rightarrow **Align Now**, and then the instrument will perform self-calibration with the internal calibration source.

To Set the System Language

RSA3000E series spectrum analyzer supports multiple system languages. You can press **System** \rightarrow **Language** to switch the system language.

Front Panel

The front panel of RSA3000E is shown in the following figure.



| No. | Description | No. | Description |
|-----|----------------------------|-----|--|
| 1 | LCD | 9 | Numeric keypad |
| 2 | Menu softkeys | 10 | Tracking generator output ^[1] |
| 3 | Back to previous menu item | 11 | Utility function key area |
| 4 | Function key area | 12 | Page up/down key |
| 5 | Help key | 13 | Speaker |
| 6 | Knob | 14 | Earphone jack |
| 7 | Arrow keys | 15 | USB HOST |
| 8 | RF input | 16 | Power key |

Note^[1]: This function is only available for RSA3030E-TG/RSA3015E-TG.

Function Keys on the Front Panel



Figure 1-5 Function Keys

| Table 1-2 Descriptions of Function Keys on the Front Panel |
|--|
|--|

| Function Key | Description |
|-----------------|--|
| FREQ | Sets the parameters such as center frequency, start frequency, and stop frequency; enables the signal tracking function. |
| SPAN | Sets the frequency span of the sweep. |
| AMPT | Sets the parameters such as reference level, RF attenuator, scale, and Y-axis unit. Enables preamp. |
| ВW | Sets the parameters such as resolution bandwidth (RBW) and video bandwidth (VBW). |
| Input Output | Sets the parameters such as input impedance, external gain, and External Trigger 2. Selects the RF calibration signal. |
| Marker | Reads the amplitude and frequency of a certain point on the trace via marker. |
| Peak | Opens the peak search menu and searches for peaks immediately. |
| Trace | Sets the parameters related to trace. |
| TG | Sets the parameters related to the tracking generator ^[1] . |
| Marker | Sets other system parameters based on the current marker value. |
| Marker Func | Indicates the special functions of the marker, such as noise marker, N dB bandwidth measurement, and frequency counter. |

| Sweep | Sets the sweep parameters. |
|---------------|---|
| Cont | Sets the sweep/measurement mode to be continuous. |
| Single | Sets the sweep/measurement mode to be single. |
| Trigger | Sets the trigger source and its related parameters. |
| Mode | Selects the working mode of the spectrum analyzer. |
| Mode Setup | Sets the parameters for the selected working mode. |
| Meas | Selects and controls the measurement function ^[2] . |
| Meas Setup | Sets the parameters ^[2] for the selected measurement function. |
| Auto Tune | Searches for signals automatically within full frequency range. |
| Preset | Restores the system to factory settings or user-defined state. |
| System | Sets the system parameters. |
| Recall | Recalls the files. |
| File | Manages the files. |
| Save | Saves the files. |
| User | User-defined shortcut key. |
| Quick Save | Provides quick save function. |

Note^[1]: This function is only available for RSA3030E-TG/RSA3015E-TG. **Note**^[2]: This function is only available for the instrument installed with RSA3000E-AMK.

Tip:

Click the function keypad icon at the right corner of the LCD or finger-touch it, and then the function keypad that corresponds to the specified keys on the front panel appears. At this time, you can operate the instrument with the function keypad.

Utility Function Keys on the Front Panel

Table 1-3 Descriptions of Utility Function Keys on the Front Panel

| Key Lock | Locks all the keys (except the Power key) on the front panel. |
|---------------|---|
| Touch Lock | Locks the touch screen of the instrument. |
| | In the multi-window display mode, press this key to select the specified window to zoom it in or out. |
| | In the multi-window display mode, press this key to switch the window. |

Front Panel Key Backlight

The on/off state and the color of the backlights of some keys on the front panel indicate the working state of the spectrum analyzer. The states are listed below.

1. Power Key 📟

- Flash on and off alternatively, in breathing state: indicates that the unit is in stand-by state.
- Constant on: indicates that the instrument is in normal operating state.

2. Auto Tune

When you press the **Auto Tune** key, it is illuminated. The instrument starts sweeping within the full frequency range, searches for the signal with the maximum amplitude and moves it to the center of the screen. After the sweep is completed, the backlight turns off.

3. Tracking Generator

When the tracking generator function is enabled, the TG key is illuminated; when disabled, the backlight of the TG key is off.

4. Single

When the **Single** key is illuminated, it indicates that the sweep/measurement mode is single.

5. Keypad Locking Key

When the backlight is on, it indicates that all the keys (except the Power key) on the front panel is locked. Press the key again to unlock the front panel keys, and then the backlight of the key is off.

6. Touch Screen Locking Key

When the backlight is on, it indicates that the touch screen of the instrument is locked. Press the key again to unlock the touch screen, and then the backlight is off.

Front Panel Connector



Figure 1-6 Front Panel Connector

1. USB HOST

The analyzer can serve as a "master" device to connect to the external USB device. The USB storage device, mouse, and keyboard can be connected to the instrument via the interface.

USB Storage Device

Reads the state file, trace+state file, measurement data file, limit line file, and FMT file (in RTSA mode) from the USB storage device; or stores the current instrument state, trace, measurement data, limit line, or FMT to the USB storage device; or stores the contents currently displayed on the screen to the USB storage device in ".jpg", ".bmp", or ".png" format.

Mouse

After the mouse is properly connected to the instrument, you can use it to click on the screen to perform parameter setting and function configuration. For details, refer to descriptions in "Mouse/Keyboard/Touch Screen Operation Rule".

• Keyboard

After the keyboard is properly connected to the instrument, you can use the shortcut keys on the keypad to perform the same function as what you do with the front panel keys. For details, refer to descriptions in "Mouse/Keyboard/Touch Screen Operation Rule".

2. Earphone Jack

Insert the earphone to the jack to acquire the audio output of the demodulated signal.



CAUTION

To avoid damaging your hearing, please turn the volume down to zero first and then gradually turn the volume up after putting on the earphone.

3. Gen Output 50Ω

The output of the tracking generator can be connected to a receiver through a cable with an N male connector. This function is only available for RSA3030E-TG/RSA3015E-TG.



CAUTION

To avoid damage to the tracking generator, the reverse power cannot exceed +10 dBm when the frequency is lower than 10 MHz; the reverse power cannot exceed +20 dBm when the frequency is greater than 10 MHz. The reverse DC voltage should not exceed 50 V.

4. **RF Input 50**Ω

The input terminal of the signal under test. **[RF Input 50\Omega]** can be connected to the device under test (DUT) via a cable with an N male connector.



CAUTION

For the signal input to the RF input terminal, ensure that the DC voltage component and the maximum continuous power of the AC (RF) signal component do not exceed 50 V and +30 dBm to avoid damaging the instrument.

To Use the Numeric Keypad

The numeric keypad is available on the front panel of RSA3000E, as shown in the figure below. The numeric keypad supports the Chinese characters, English uppercase/lowercase letters, numbers, and common symbols (including decimal point, space, and +/- signs), which are mainly used to edit the file/folder name and set parameters (refer to "**Parameter Setting**").



Figure 1-7 Numeric Keypad

The numeric keypad consists of the following parts:

1. Number/Letter

0

- Multiplexing keys for numbers and letters. They are used to directly input the desired number or letter.
- LAa : press this key to input 1 in number input; to switch between uppercase and lowercase letter in English input. This key is invalid in <u>Chinese</u> input.
- is the multiplexing key for 0 and space. Press this key to input 0 in number input and space in Chinese or English input.

2. L

- Press this key to input a decimal point at the current cursor position in number input.
- This key is invalid in Chinese or English input.

+/-

- The number input mode is, by default, selected for parameter setting. Press this key to input the symbol ("+" or "-"). When you press the key for the first time, the parameter symbol "-" is displayed, and when you press it again, "+" is displayed.
 - When you input a file or folder name, press this key repeatedly to switch among the Chinese input, English input, and number input.

Local

4 Esc

- When editing the parameter, press this key to exit parameter input.
- When you edit the filename with the on-screen keyboard, press this key to hide the on-screen keyboard.
- In multi-touch test, single-touch test, and keyboard test state, press this key to exit the current test state.
- When the instrument is in remote mode, press this key to return to the local mode.

Back

5.

- When editing the parameter, press this key to delete the character to the left of the cursor.
- When editing the file name, press this key to delete the character to the left of the cursor.

6. Enter

During parameter editing, pressing this key will complete the input and insert a default unit for the parameter.

RIGOL

Rear Panel



The rear panel of RSA3000E is shown in the following figure.

1. AC Power Cord Connector

The AC power supply specification of RSA3000E is: 100-240 V; 45-440 Hz.

2. Fuse Holder

You can replace the fuse. The fuse rating supported by the instrument is AC 250 V, T3.15 A.

3. OCXO (Option)

OCXO (Oven Controlled Crystal Oscillator) can provide a highly stable frequency reference over temperature variations. For order information of the option, refer to the datasheet manual. **Note:** A 40-minute warm-up is required for OCXO to reach its nominal frequency.

4. Handle

You can rotate the handle upright and make the portable instrument easy to carry.

5. 10MHz IN

RSA3000E can use the internal or external reference source.

• When a 10 MHz external clock signal is received at the **[10 MHz IN]** connector, this signal is used as the external reference source. At this time, the status bar of the user interface displays "Ext". When the external

reference is lost, transfinite, or not connected, the instrument switches to the internal reference automatically. At this time, the icon "Ext" in the status bar of the user interface disappears.

• The **[10MHz IN]** and **[10MHz OUT]** connectors are usually used to realize synchronization among multiple instruments.

Note: When you input or disconnect an external clock signal for the first time, the network will be reconfigured.

6. 10MHz OUT

RSA3000E can use the internal or external reference source.

- When the internal reference source is used, the **[10MHz OUT]** connector can output a 10 MHz clock signal generated by the analyzer. This signal can be used to synchronize other instruments.
- The **[10MHz OUT]** and **[10MHz IN]** connectors are usually used to realize synchronization among multiple instruments.

7. TRIGGER IN/OUT

Indicates the input and output terminal of Ext Trigger2. You can press **Input Output** \rightarrow **Ext Trigger2** to set it to be the external trigger input interface; or use it to synchronize the trigger output interfaces of other test devices.

8. TRIGGER IN

Indicates the input terminal of Ext Trigger1. The Ext Trigger1 signal is sent to the spectrum analyzer through a BNC cable.

9. LAN

Through this interface, the analyzer can be connected to your local network for remote control. An integrated testing system can be built quickly, as the analyzer conforms to LXI Core 2011 Device instrument standards.

10. USB DEVICE

The analyzer can serve as a "slave" device to connect to the external USB device. The analyzer can be connected to the PC through this interface. Then, the RSA3000E series spectrum analyzer can be controlled remotely through programming or the PC software.

11. USB HOST

The analyzer can serve as a "master" device to connect to the external USB device. The USB storage device, the keyboard, and the mouse can be connected to the instrument via the interface.

12. HDMI

The interface is used to connect to the display, enabling you to clearly observe the signal under test and its characteristics.

13. IF OUT

Indicates the intermediate frequency signal in the output RF component. Its center frequency is 430 MHz.

User Interface

GPSA Mode User Interface

The user interface of GPSA mode is shown in the following figure.



Figure 1-9 User Interface (GPSA Mode)

| Table I | | | | | |
|---------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| No. | Name | Description | | | |
| 1 | Reference level | Displays the reference level value. | | | |
| 2 | Measurement result | Displays the current measurement results for the | | | |
| | | marker (when no marker exists, the measurement | | | |
| | | results display frequency/span value). | | | |
| 3 | RIGOL | Indicates the company logo. | | | |
| 4 | System status | Rmt: indicates remote operation. | | | |
| | - | Ext: indicates the external reference. | | | |
| | | Uncal: indicates that the measurement has not be | | | |

| Table | 1-4 | User | Interface | Icons |
|-------|-----|------|-----------|--------|
| Table | 1 7 | 0301 | michaec | TCOIL. |

| r | | | | |
|----------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | calibrated. | | |
| | | PA on: indicates that the preamp has been | | |
| | | enabled. | | |
| | | TG on: indicates that the tracking generator has | | |
| | [1] | been enabled. | | |
| 5 | Trace indicator ^[1] | Displays information about the trace and the | | |
| | | detector. | | |
| 6 | Information setting | : indicates messages, such as the prompt | | |
| | | messages, alarm messages, and error messages. | | |
| | | Solution: Indicates the speaker. You can tune it up and | | |
| | | down to increase and decrease the speaker | | |
| | | volume, or set it to mute 🚾. | | |
| | | Indicates the network settings. You can | | |
| | | configure network parameters. | | |
| | | 📰: unlocks the front panel keys; 🖭: locks the | | |
| | | front panel keys. | | |
| | | Since the second | | |
| | | screen. | | |
| | | Indicates that no USB storage device is | | |
| | | inserted; 🔲: indicates that a USB storage device | | |
| | | has been inserted. | | |
| 7 | Measurement bar | Displays measurement settings. | | |
| 8 | Measurement | Displays the currently selected measurement | | |
| | function | function. | | |
| 9 | Working mode | Displays the currently selected working mode. | | |
| 10 | Function keypad | Clicks the keypad to display the function keypad | | |
| | гипстоп кеурай | interface. | | |
| 11 | Active function area | Displays the current parameter and its value. | | |
| 12 | Time | Displays the system time. | | |
| 13 | Menu title | Displays the currently selected menu name. | | |
| 14 | Menu item | Displays the menu item of the current function. | | |
| 15 | Menu nago | Shows the current page and the total number of | | |
| | Menu page | pages for the menu. | | |
| 16 | Sweep time and | Indicates the sweep time and the number of | | |
| | points | sweep points in swept mode. | | |
| 17 | | The frequency range of the current sweep channel | | |
| | Span or stop | can be expressed by the combination of center | | |
| | frequency | frequency and span or the combination of start | | |
| | | frequency and stop frequency. | | |
| 18 | Trigger level | Indicates video trigger level. | | |
| 19 | Display line | Indicates the readout reference and the threshold | | |
| | | anitania fan tha naal | | |
| | | criteria for the peak | | |
| 20 | VBW | Indicates video bandwidth. | | |
| 20 21 | | | | |

| 22 | RBW | Indicates the resolution bandwidth. | | |
|--|-----------------|--|--|--|
| 23 | | The frequency range of the current sweep channel | | |
| | Center or start | can be expressed by the combination of center | | |
| | frequency | frequency and span or the combination of start | | |
| | | frequency and stop frequency. | | |
| 24 | Y scale | Indicates the scale indication in the Y axis. | | |
| Note ^[1] : The display of the trace indicator is shown in the following figure: | | | | |

| Trace : | | | 3 | | Б | 6 - | \leftarrow | Trace Number |
|---------|---|---|---|---|---|-----|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| Type : | W | ₩ | ₩ | ₩ | ₩ | ₩ | - | Trace Type |
| Det : | Ρ | Ρ | Ρ | Ρ | Ρ | P | < | Detector Type |

- The first line displays the trace number. The color of the number is the same as that of the trace.
- The second line displays the trace type, including W (Clear/Write), A (Average), M (Maximum Hold), and m (Minimum Hold). The letters with different colors and in different forms show different meanings.
 - The letter in blue indicates that the trace is updating.
 - The letter in gray indicates that the trace is not updated.
 - The letter with strikethrough and in gray color indicates that the trace will neither be updated nor displayed.
 - The letter with strikethrough and in blue color indicates that the trace is updating but not displayed. It is useful in trace math operation.
- The third line displays the detector type of each trace, including N (Normal), V (Voltage Average), P (Positive Peak), p (Negative Peak), S (Sample), R (RMS Average), Q (Quasi Peak, option), and A (Average). If it shows "f", it indicates that it is math operation trace. The letter in blue in the third line (detector type) indicates that the detector is in auto state; the letter in white indicates that it is in manual state.

RTSA Mode User Interface

The user interface of RTSA mode is shown in the following figure.


Figure 1-10 User Interface (RTSA Mode)

| No. | Name | Description |
|-----|--------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Reference level | Displays the reference level value. |
| 2 | Measurement result | Displays the current measurement results for the marker (when no marker exists, the measurement results display frequency/span value). |
| 3 | RIGOL | Indicates the company logo. |
| 4 | System status | Rmt: indicates remote operation. Ext: indicates the external reference. Uncal: indicates that the measurement has not be calibrated. PA on: indicates that the preamp has been enabled. |
| 5 | Trace indicator ^[1] | Displays information about the trace and the detector. |
| 6 | Information setting | indicates messages, such as the prompt messages, alarm messages, and error messages. indicates the speaker. You can tune it up and down to increase and decrease the speaker volume, or set it to mute . indicates the network settings. You can configure network parameters. |

| | | unlocks the front panel keys; locks the front panel keys; unlocks the touch screen; unlocks the touch screen; indicates that no USB storage device is |
|----|-----------------------|---|
| | | inserted; 🔲: indicates that a USB storage device has been inserted. |
| 7 | Measurement bar | Displays measurement settings. |
| 8 | Measurement | Displays the currently selected measurement |
| | function | function. |
| 9 | Working mode | Displays the currently selected working mode. |
| 10 | Function keypad | Clicks the keypad to display the function keypad interface. |
| 11 | Active function area | Displays the current parameter and its value. |
| 12 | Time | Displays the system time. |
| 13 | Menu title | Displays the currently selected menu name. |
| 14 | Menu item | Displays the menu item of the current function. |
| 15 | Menu page | Shows the current page and the total number of pages for the menu. |
| 16 | Spectrum display area | Indicates the display area for the spectrum. |

Note^[1]: The display of the trace indicator is shown in the following figure:

 Trace :
 1
 2
 3
 4
 5
 6
 —
 Trace Number

 Type :
 W
 W
 W
 W
 —
 —
 Trace Type

 Det :
 P
 P
 P
 P
 P
 Detector Type

- The first line displays the trace number. The color of the number is the same as that of
 - The first line displays the trace number. The color of the number is the same as that o the trace.
 The general line displays the trace time including M (Clean (Mrite)). A (Augusta) M
 - The second line displays the trace type, including W (Clear/Write), A (Average), M (Maximum Hold), and m (Minimum Hold). The letters with different colors and in different forms show different meanings.
 - The letter in blue indicates that the trace is updating.
 - The letter in gray indicates that the trace is not updated.
 - The letter with strikethrough and in gray color indicates that the trace will neither be updated nor displayed.
 - The letter with strikethrough and in blue color indicates that the trace is updating but not displayed. It is useful in trace math operation.
 - The third line displays the detector type of each trace, including P (Positive Peak), p (Negative Peak), S (Sample), and A (Average). If it shows "f", it indicates that it is math operation trace. The letter in blue in the third line (detector type) indicates that the detector is in auto state; the letter in white indicates that it is in manual state.

EMI Mode User Interface



The user interface of EMI mode is shown in the following figure.

Figure 1-11 User Interface (EMI Mode)

| Table 1-6 User Interface Icons | Table | 1-6 User | Interface | Icons |
|--------------------------------|-------|----------|-----------|-------|
|--------------------------------|-------|----------|-----------|-------|

| No. | Name | Description |
|-----|--------------------------------|---|
| 1 | Marker | Displays the current measurement results for the |
| | measurement | marker (when no marker exists, the measurement |
| | result | results display Frequency(Meter), Midspan Freq, and |
| | | Span). |
| 2 | RIGOL | Company logo. |
| 3 | System status | Rmt: indicates remote operation. |
| | | Ext: indicates the external reference. |
| | | Uncal: indicates that the measurement has not be |
| | | calibrated. |
| | | PA on: indicates that the preamp has been enabled. |
| | | CISPR: indicates that the EMC standard. |
| 4 | Trace indicator ^[1] | Displays information about the trace and the |
| | | detector. |
| 5 | Information setting | : indicates messages, such as the prompt |
| | | messages, alarm messages, and error messages. |
| | | Indicates the speaker. You can tune it up and |

| or set it to muteaaababb< | | | down to increase and decrease the speaker volume, |
|--|----|----------------------|---|
| Image: second | | | |
| Image: series of the series | | | |
| Image: second | | | |
| front panel keys.Image: Section of the secting | | | |
| Image: series of the series | | | |
| screen.i: indicates that no USB storage device is inserted;i: indicates that a USB storage device has beeninserted.6Measurement bar7MeasurementfunctionDisplays measurement settings.8Working mode9Function keypadiconKeypad interface.10Time11Menu title12Menu title13Menu page14Metermeasurement15Meter display area16Trace display area16Trace display area10Trace display area11Displays the histogram of the meter and its parameter information. | | | |
| indicates that no USB storage device is inserted; indicates that a USB storage device has been inserted. Measurement bar Displays measurement settings. Measurement function Working mode Displays the currently selected measurement function. Working mode Displays the currently selected working mode. Function keypad interface. Time Displays the system time. Menu title Displays the currently selected menu name. Menu item Displays the current page and the total number of pages. Meter measurement mode Meter display area Displays the histogram of the meter and its parameter information. Trace display area Displays the scanned spectral trace and the setting information after the pre-scan is performed. | | | |
| Image: Section of the section of th | | | |
| 6Measurement barDisplays measurement settings.7Measurement functionDisplays the currently selected measurement function.8Working modeDisplays the currently selected working mode.9Function keypad iconClicks/Touches the icon to display the function keypad interface.10TimeDisplays the system time.11Menu titleDisplays the currently selected menu name.12Menu itemDisplays the menu item of the current function.13Menu page numberDisplays the current page and the total number of pages.14Meter measurement modeIsilays the histogram of the meter and its parameter information.16Trace display areaDisplays the scanned spectral trace and the setting information after the pre-scan is performed. | | | |
| 6Measurement barDisplays measurement settings.7Measurement functionDisplays the currently selected measurement function.8Working modeDisplays the currently selected working mode.9Function keypad iconClicks/Touches the icon to display the function keypad interface.10TimeDisplays the system time.11Menu titleDisplays the currently selected menu name.12Menu itemDisplays the current page and the total number of pages.14Meter measurement mode➡: indicates continue; ➡: indicates single.15Meter display areaDisplays the histogram of the meter and its parameter information.16Trace display areaDisplays the scanned spectral trace and the setting information after the pre-scan is performed. | | | |
| functionfunction.8Working modeDisplays the currently selected working mode.9Function keypad iconClicks/Touches the icon to display the function keypad interface.10TimeDisplays the system time.11Menu titleDisplays the currently selected menu name.12Menu itemDisplays the menu item of the current function.13Menu page numberDisplays the current page and the total number of pages.14Meter measurement modeIndicates continue; Image: indicates single.15Meter display area parameter information.Displays the scanned spectral trace and the setting information after the pre-scan is performed. | 6 | Measurement bar | Displays measurement settings. |
| 8Working modeDisplays the currently selected working mode.9Function keypad iconClicks/Touches the icon to display the function keypad interface.10TimeDisplays the system time.11Menu titleDisplays the currently selected menu name.12Menu itemDisplays the menu item of the current function.13Menu page numberDisplays the current page and the total number of pages.14Meter measurement modeIndicates continue;15Meter display areaDisplays the histogram of the meter and its parameter information.16Trace display areaDisplays the scanned spectral trace and the setting information after the pre-scan is performed. | 7 | Measurement | Displays the currently selected measurement |
| 9Function keypad iconClicks/Touches the icon to display the function keypad interface.10TimeDisplays the system time.11Menu titleDisplays the currently selected menu name.12Menu itemDisplays the menu item of the current function.13Menu page numberDisplays the current page and the total number of pages.14Meter measurement modeImage: indicates continue;15Meter display areaDisplays the histogram of the meter and its parameter information.16Trace display areaDisplays the scanned spectral trace and the setting information after the pre-scan is performed. | | function | function. |
| iconkeypad interface.10TimeDisplays the system time.11Menu titleDisplays the currently selected menu name.12Menu itemDisplays the menu item of the current function.13Menu page numberDisplays the current page and the total number of pages.14Meter measurement modeImage: indicates continue; Image: indicates single.15Meter display areaDisplays the histogram of the meter and its parameter information.16Trace display areaDisplays the scanned spectral trace and the setting information after the pre-scan is performed. | 8 | Working mode | Displays the currently selected working mode. |
| 10TimeDisplays the system time.11Menu titleDisplays the currently selected menu name.12Menu itemDisplays the menu item of the current function.13Menu page numberDisplays the current page and the total number of pages.14Meter measurement modeImage: indicates continue; Image: indicates single.15Meter display areaDisplays the histogram of the meter and its parameter information.16Trace display areaDisplays the scanned spectral trace and the setting information after the pre-scan is performed. | 9 | Function keypad | Clicks/Touches the icon to display the function |
| 11Menu titleDisplays the currently selected menu name.12Menu itemDisplays the menu item of the current function.13Menu page numberDisplays the current page and the total number of pages.14Meter measurement modeImage: indicates continue;15Meter display areaDisplays the histogram of the meter and its parameter information.16Trace display areaDisplays the scanned spectral trace and the setting information after the pre-scan is performed. | | | |
| 12Menu itemDisplays the menu item of the current function.13Menu page numberDisplays the current page and the total number of pages.14Meter measurement modeImage: indicates continue;15Meter display areaDisplays the histogram of the meter and its parameter information.16Trace display areaDisplays the scanned spectral trace and the setting information after the pre-scan is performed. | | | Displays the system time. |
| 13 Menu page number Displays the current page and the total number of pages. 14 Meter measurement mode Image: indicates continue; 15 Meter display area Displays the histogram of the meter and its parameter information. 16 Trace display area Displays the scanned spectral trace and the setting information after the pre-scan is performed. | | | |
| numberpages.14Meter measurement modeImage: indicates continue; Image: indicates single.15Meter display areaDisplays the histogram of the meter and its parameter information.16Trace display areaDisplays the scanned spectral trace and the setting information after the pre-scan is performed. | | | |
| 14Meter measurement modeImage: indicates continue;Image: indicates single.15Meter display areaDisplays the histogram of the meter and its parameter information.16Trace display areaDisplays the scanned spectral trace and the setting information after the pre-scan is performed. | 13 | | Displays the current page and the total number of |
| measurement modeDisplays the histogram of the meter and its parameter information.15Meter display areaDisplays the histogram of the meter and its parameter information.16Trace display areaDisplays the scanned spectral trace and the setting information after the pre-scan is performed. | | number | |
| mode15Meter display area16Trace display area16Displays the scanned spectral trace and the setting information after the pre-scan is performed. | 14 | Meter | 🔁: indicates continue; 🍽: indicates single. |
| 15Meter display areaDisplays the histogram of the meter and its parameter information.16Trace display areaDisplays the scanned spectral trace and the setting information after the pre-scan is performed. | | | |
| parameter information. 16 Trace display area Displays the scanned spectral trace and the setting information after the pre-scan is performed. | | | |
| 16Trace display areaDisplays the scanned spectral trace and the setting information after the pre-scan is performed. | 15 | Meter display area | |
| information after the pre-scan is performed. | | | |
| | 16 | Irace display area | |
| | 47 | | |
| | 17 | Signal table display | Displays the searched signal, which correspond to |
| area the marks in the trace. Jote ^[1] : The display of the trace indicator is shown in the following figure: | | | |

 Trace:
 1
 2
 3
 4
 5
 ← Trace Number

 Type:
 W
 W
 W
 W
 ← Trace Type

 Det:
 P
 Q
 C
 N
 M ← Detector Type

- The first line displays the trace number. The color of the number is the same as that of the trace. EMI mode only supports 3 traces.
- The second line displays the trace type, including W (Clear/Write), A (Trace Average), M (Maximum Hold), and m (Minimum Hold). The letters with different colors and in different forms show different meanings:
 - The letter in blue indicates that the trace is updating.
 - The letter in gray indicates that the trace is not updated.
 - The letter with strikethrough and in gray color indicates that the trace will neither be updated nor displayed.
 - The letter with strikethrough and in blue color indicates that the trace is updating

but not displayed. It is useful in trace math operation.

• The third line displays the detector type of each trace, including P (Positive Peak), p (Negative Peak), C (CISPR Average), R (RMS Average), Q (Quasi Peak), and V (Voltage Average). The letter in blue in the third line (detector type) indicates that the detector is in auto state; the letter in white indicates that it is in manual state.

VSA Mode User Interface

The user interface of VSA mode is shown in the following figure.



Figure 1-12 User Interface (VSA Mode)

| No. | Name | Description |
|-----|--------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Measurement | Displays center frequency and analysis bandwidth. |
| | result | (when the marker is present, the current |
| | | measurement results for the marker is displayed.) |
| 2 | RIGOL | Company logo. |
| 3 | System status | Rmt: indicates remote operation. |
| | | Ext: indicates the external reference. |
| | | Uncal: indicates that the measurement has not be |
| | | calibrated. |
| | | PA on: indicates that the preamp has been enabled. |
| 4 | Trace indicator ^[1] | Displays information about the trace and the RT |
| | | trace detector. |
| 5 | Information setting | : indicates messages, such as the prompt |
| | | messages, alarm messages, and error messages. |
| | | I indicates the speaker. You can tune it up and |
| | | down to increase and decrease the speaker volume, |

| | | or set it to mute. : indicates the network settings. You can configure network parameters. : unlocks the front panel keys; : locks the front panel keys. : unlocks the touch screen; : locks the touch |
|--------------|---------------------------------|---|
| | | screen. indicates that no USB storage device is inserted; indicates that a USB storage device has been inserted. |
| 6 | Measurement bar | Displays measurement settings. |
| 7 | Measurement | Displays the currently selected measurement |
| | function | function. |
| 8 | Working mode | Displays the currently selected working mode. |
| 9 | Function keypad | Clicks/Touches the icon to display the function |
| | icon | keypad interface. |
| 10 | Time | Displays the system time. |
| 11 | Menu title | Displays the currently selected menu name. |
| 12 | Menu item | Displays the menu item of the current function. |
| 13 | Menu page | Displays the current page and the total number of |
| | number | pages. |
| 14 | Trace4 window | Displays the waveforms or data of Trace4. |
| 15 | Active function | Displays the current parameter and its value |
| | area | Displays the current parameter and its value. |
| 16 | Trace3 window | Displays the waveforms or data of Trace3. |
| 17 | Trace2 window | Displays the waveforms or data of Trace2. |
| 18 | Trace1 window | Displays the waveforms or data of Trace1. |
| AL - L - [1] | The allow laws of the states of | indicator is shown in the following figure: |

Note^[1]: The display of the trace indicator is shown in the following figure:

| Trace : | 1 | | 3 | | | 6 - Trace Number |
|---------|---|---|---|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Type : | | | | | | W – T race Type |
| Det : | Ν | Ν | Ν | Ν | Ν | Detector Type |

- The first line displays the trace number. The color of the number is the same as that of the trace. VSA mode only supports 4 traces.
- The second line displays the corresponding trace type. VSA mode is invalid.
- The third line displays the RT trace detector type of each trace. VSA mode is invalid.

RIGOL

Mouse/Keyboard/Touch Screen Operation Rule

Mouse Operation Rule

Connect the mouse (note that only the left-click operation is supported; the scroll and right-click operations with the mouse are not supported) to the spectrum analyzer via the USB HOST interface to perform the following operations:

- 1. Click to select the menu and window.
- 2. Press and hold the left mouse button to drag the data displayed on the graticule or move the slide bar.
- 3. Double-click the data displayed on the graticule and then the data will be appeared at the right-corner.
- 4. Under the Marker function, you can only use the mouse to move a marker, but unable to add a marker with the mouse.

Keyboard Operation Rule

Connect the keyboard to the spectrum analyzer via the USB HOST interface, and then use the shortcut keys on the keyboard to perform the same function as what you do with the front panel keys.

| Front Donal Koy | Kaukaand Chartaut Kau[1] |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Shortcut Keys | |
| Table 1-8 Matching Relations betw | veen the Front Panel Keys and the Keyboard |

| Front Panel Key | Keyboard Shortcut Key ^[1] |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Mode | Alt + o |
| Mode Setup ^[2] | Shift + o |
| Meas | Alt + e |
| Meas Setup ^[2] | Shift + e |
| Auto Tune | Ctrl + Alt + a |
| Preset | Ctrl + Alt + p |
| FREQ ^[2] | Shift + f |
| SPAN ^[2] | Shift + s |
| AMPT ^[2] | Shift + a |
| BW ^[2] | Shift + b |
| Trace ^[2] | Shift + t |
| Sweep ^[2] | Shift + w |
| Input Output ^[2] | Shift + i |
| TG ^[2] | Shift + g |
| Cont | F11 |
| Marker ^[2] | Shift + m |
| Marker -> ^[2] | Shift + k |
| Single | F12 |
| Peak ^[2] | Shift + p |

| [2] | |
|---|--|
| Marker Func ^[2] | Shift + u |
| Trigger ^[2] | Shift + r |
| System ^[2] | Shift + y |
| File | Ctrl + f |
| User | Ctrl + u |
| Recall | Ctrl + r |
| Save | Ctrl + s |
| Quick save | Ctrl + Alt + q |
| Help | Alt + F1 |
| Key Lock | Alt + F2 |
| Touch | Alt + F3 |
| | Alt + F4 |
| | Alt + F5 |
| Θ | Page Up |
| Ø | Page Down |
| 11 numeric keys | Numeric keys on the keyboard: 10 numeric numbers (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0) and a decimal point(.) |
| + | + |
| - | - |
| Esc | Esc |
| Back | Backspace |
| Enter | Enter |
| Arrow keys (Up/Down/Left/Right arrow key) | $\uparrow, \downarrow, \leftarrow, \rightarrow$ |
| 7 menu softkeys from top to bottom | F1 to F7 |

Note^[1]: Except the keyboard shortcut keys mentioned in the above table, all the other keys on the keyboard do not work for the menu operation.

Note^[2]: When the Caps Lock key is enabled, every letter you type would be in uppercase, even if you're not holding down the "Shift" key. If disabled, you have to press down "Shift" and the specified letter on the keyboard at the same time to input the letter in uppercase. For example, if you want to execute the "Shift+f" shortcut key operation, you only need to press "f" on the premise that the Caps Lock key is enabled.

Touch Screen Operation Rule

RSA3000E has a 10.1-inch capacitive multi-touch screen that supports touch gestures.

- 1. When operating on the menus other than the Marker menu:
 - Tap the trace window, then slide left and right to modify the center frequency; slide up and down to modify the reference level.

- Stretch two fingers horizontally in the trace window to decrease the span, and pinch the fingers horizontally to increase the span. Stretch two fingers in the vertical direction to decrease the Y-axis scale, and pinch the fingers vertically to increase the Y-axis scale.
- 2. When operating on the Marker menu:
 - In the empty space of the screen trace region, press and hold the region to add one new marker.
 - Tap and hold one marker to drag the marker.

Menu Operation

There are 6 types of menus according to their operation modes. Each type of menu and its operation method are introduced below.

1. Parameter Input

Center Freq 2.2500500 GHz

2. State Switching



Select the menu and use the numeric keys to modify the value directly.

For example, to modify center frequency, first select **Center Freq**, and then input the desired value. Then, press **Enter** to complete parameter input.

Press the corresponding menu key to switch between the sub-options.

For example, press **Signal Track**, and then you can switch between "On" and "Off" to enable or disable the signal tracking function.

3. Enter Lower-level Menu (with parameter)



Press the corresponding menu key to enter the lower-level menu and change the currently selected option. The parameter type in the upper-level menu will be changed when you return to the upper-level menu again.

For example, press **Y Axis Unit** to enter the lower-level menu. Select **dBm** and then automatically return to the previous menu automatically. Then, the unit of Y-axis will be changed to dBm.

4. Lower-level Menu (without parameter)



Press the corresponding menu key to enter the lower-level menu.

For example, press **Peak Config** to enter the lower-level menu directly.

5. Direct Execution



Press the key to execute the corresponding function. For example, press **Mkr->CF** to set the center frequency of the analyzer to the frequency of the current marker.

6. State Selection



Press the corresponding menu key and modify the parameters, and then go back to the previous menu. For example, press **Source** \rightarrow **Free Run** to select free trigger. The analyzer is in Free Run state at present.

Tip:

The above menu operations can be executed by touch gestures or clicking with the externally connected mouse. Also, you can connect to the keyboard and use the shortcut keys to perform the above menu operations. For the matching relations between the front panel keys and the keyboard shortcut keys, refer to Table 1-8.

Parameter Setting

You can enter the desired parameter values by using the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys on the front panel. Also, you can set the parameters by using the touch screen, the externally connected keypad or the mouse. This section takes an example (set the center frequency to 800 MHz) to describe six methods of parameter setting.

1. Use the numeric keys

- 1) Press FREQ → Center Freq;
- 2) Input 800 by using the numeric keys;
- 3) Select the desired unit (MHz) from the pop-up menu.

2. Use the knob

When the parameter is editable, turn the knob clockwise to increase or counterclockwise to decrease the parameter value at the specified step.

- Press FREQ → Center Freq;
- 2) Rotate the knob until the parameter is set to the desired value (800 MHz).



Figure 1-13 Knob

3. Use the arrow keys

When the parameter is editable, use the arrow keys to increase or decrease the parameter value at the specific step. Note that the step sizes for the Up/Down arrow key and the Left/Right arrow key are different.

- 1) Press **FREQ** → Center Freq;
- 2) Press the Up/Down arrow key or the Left/Right arrow key until the parameter is set to the desired value (800 MHz).



4. Use the touch screen

- Touch the screen to select the function keypad icon at the upper-right corner. Then, the function keypad is displayed. Touch "FREQ";
- 2) Click Center Freq;

3) Then the numeric keypad is displayed. Input 800, and select the desired unit "MHz".

5. Use the keyboard

- 1) Press "Shift + f" to open the Frequency menu;
- 2) Press "F1" to select Center Freq;
- 3) Input 800 by using the numeric keys;
- 4) Press "F2" to select the desired unit (MHz) from the pop-up menu.

For the matching relations between the front panel keys and the keyboard shortcut keys, refer to Table 1-8.

6. Use the mouse

- Click with the mouse to select the function keypad icon at the upper-right corner of the screen. Then, the function keypad is displayed. Click "FREQ";
- 2) Click Center Freq;
- 3) Then the numeric keypad is displayed. Input 800, and select the desired unit "MHz".

To Use the Built-in Help System

The built-in help system provides information about every function key on the front panel and every menu softkey.

1. Get the built-in help information

Press **Help** and a prompt message about how to obtain help information will be shown on the screen. Then, press the key that you want to know about its usage, and then the relevant help information for the key will be shown on the screen.

2. Page up/down operation

If the help information is displayed in several pages, you can press the arrow keys or use the knob to page up and down the help information.

3. Close the current help information

Press any key on the front panel to close the help information currently displayed on the screen.

When the help information is displayed on the screen, perform any of the following operations to close the currently displayed help information dialog box:

- press **Esc**;
- press the **Help** key again; or
- click **OK** in the displayed help information dialog box.

4. Get the help information of the menu key

Press **Help**, and the help information display window is displayed on the screen. Then, press the menu key and the help information of the corresponding menu item is displayed.

5. Get the help information of any function key

Press **Help**, and the help information display window is displayed on the screen. Then, press any function key and the corresponding function help information is displayed.

Fuse Replacement

If you need to replace the fuse, use only the specified fuse (AC 250V, T3.15A) and perform the following operations:

- 1. Turn off the instrument, cut off the power, and remove the power cord.
- 2. Use a small straight slotted screwdriver to pry out the fuse holder.
- 3. Take out the fuse holder.
- 4. Replace the old fuse with a specified fuse.
- 5. Install the fuse holder.



Figure 1-15 To Replace the Fuse



WARNING

To avoid electric shock, please ensure that the instrument has been turned off, the power source has been cut off, and the fuse to be used conforms to the fuse rating.

Mode Setting

Mode

RSA provides four working modes: GPSA, RTSA, VSA (option RSA3000E-ASK/FSK), and EMI (option RSA3000E-EMI). Press **Mode** to select the working mode.

Note: In different working modes, the functions of the keys on the front panel may be different. Press **Help** to display the help information of the current working mode. If you need help information for other modes, exit the help interface first. Then select the desired working mode and obtain the corresponding help information.

1. GPSA

GPSA adopts two analysis methods: swept and FFT. GPSA can not only carry out frequency domain analysis, but also time domain (zero span) analysis.

Select GPSA. In this working mode, press **Meas** to select multiple measurements. For details, refer to Chapter 2.

2. RTSA

RTSA provides the analysis function for the real-time signal, which can capture the complex signal seamlessly.

Select RTSA. In this working mode, you can also press **Meas** to select multiple measurements. For details, refer to Chapter 3.

3. VSA

VSA mode provides the standard vector signal analysis measurement function. If you need this function, please purchase this option (order No. RSA3000E-ASK/FSK), and install it according to instructions in **"Install the Option"**.

4. EMI

EMI mode provides the EMI pre-compatibility measurement function. If you need this function, please purchase this option (order No. RSA3000E-EMI), and install it according to instructions in **"Install the Option"**.

Note: After purchasing the RSA3000E-EMI option, you do not need to purchase the EMC filter and quasi-peak detector kit RSA3000E-EMC, as the RSA3000E-EMI option contains all the functions of RSA3000E-EMC.

Mode Setup

The Mode Setup menu is used to set parameters that are related to the working modes.

Open the global parameter setting menu for the selected working mode under Mode.

Global CF Mode

Turns on or off the global center frequency. In any working mode, if you enable the global center frequency mode, then the global center frequency will be set to the center frequency of the current mode. When a different working mode is selected, the global center frequency will be set to the center frequency of the previous working mode, that is, the one that is before switching the working mode. If you change the center frequency in any working mode, then the global center frequency will change with it.

Global CF

Sets the global center frequency. It is only available when you turn on the global center frequency.

Mode Preset

Resets the parameters of the current mode to the factory default settings.

EMC Standard (Only Available for EMI Mode)

Sets the EMC standard to "None" or "CISPR".

- When "None" is selected, the filter type is set to Gauss. At this point, the filter bandwidth is -3 dB. The instrument will switch to "CISPR" standard automatically when "Quasi Peak", "CISPR Average" or "RMS Average" detector is selected. The filter type is set to EMI. At this point, the filter bandwidth is -6 dB.
- When "CISPR" is selected, for Meter 1, the detector is, by default, positive peak; for Meter 2, the detector is, by default, quasi peak; for Meter 3, the detector is, by default, CISPR average.

Meters Control (Only Available for EMI Mode)

Sets the parameters of the meter.

1. Meters

- Select Meter Specifies the currently selected meter to "Meter1", "Meter2", or "Meter3".
- 2) Meter

Enables or disables the selected meter.

- When enabled, the histogram of the selected meter is displayed in the meter display area of the user interface, and the corresponding detector type is selected to perform the measurement.
- When disabled, the selected meter is not displayed and the system will not perform the measurement.

3) Detector

Sets the detector of the selected meter, including "Pos Peak", "Quasi Peak", "CISPR Average", "RMS Average", "Average(Vol)", and "Neg Peak". Note: "Quasi Peak", "CISPR Average", "RMS Average", and "Average(Vol)" are mutually exclusive. You can at most select two among the three items ("Quasi Peak", "CISPR Average", and "RMS Average").

4) Limit

Sets the limits of the selected meter.

5) Limit State

Enables or disables the limit line of the selected meter.

2. Dwell Time

Sets the dwell time of the meter detector.

3. Peak Hold Time

- 1) Peak Hold Type
 - Sets the max hold time type of the meter to "Adjust" or "Infinite".
 - When "Infinite" is selected, the peak hold line of the selected meter will not be reset. The **Adjust Time** menu is grayed out and disabled.
 - When "Adjust" is selected, the peak hold line of the selected meter will be reset to the current signal value after the set peak hold time. At this time, you can use the **Adjust Time** menu to set the peak hold time.

2) Adjust Time

Sets the peak hold time of the meter.

4. Reset Peak Hold

Resets the peak hold lines of all the currently enabled meters to the current

signal value.

5. Couple to Signal

Enables or disables the coupling function of the meter and the signal table. When enabled, the frequency of the meter is automatically modified to that of the selected signal once the selected signal is changed.

6. Couple to Marker

Enables or disables the coupling function of the meter and the current marker. When enabled, the instrument will set the meter frequency to the current frequency at the marker.

Install the Option

RSA3000E provides various options (for option information, refer to **"RSA3000E Accessories and Option List"**) to expand the function of the spectrum analyzer. If you need to purchase the option, please contact **RIGOL** sales representative. After you have purchased the option successfully, you will obtain a key. Perform the following operations to install the option.

1. Acquire the license of the option

- Log in to the **RIGOL** official website (www.rigol.com), click **License Activation** to enter the "Registered product license code" interface.
- Input the correct key, serial number (press System → About System → System Info to acquire the serial number of the instrument), and verification code. Click Generate to acquire the option license. In the license generation interface, click Download to download and save the license file to the PC.

2. Install the option

You can install the option via the following 2 methods.

- 1) Install the option by reading the license file from the USB storage device
 - Copy the saved option license file to the root directory of the USB storage device.
 - Power on the instrument and insert the USB storage device. Press **File** to enter the file operation menu interface.
 - Press File Explorer, and then the file manager interface is displayed. In the interface, find the directory of the USB storage device. Then select the desired option license file (suffixed with ".lic"). Press
 Import License to import the activation code and complete the reading of the option installation file.
- 2) Install the option by sending SCPI commands
 - Log in to **RIGOL** official website (www.rigol.com) to download the

software Ultra Sigma. Then install it according to the installation wizard.

- Use the USB cable to connect the rear-panel USB DEVICE interface of RSA to the USB HOST interface of the PC.
- Run Ultra Sigma. Search the resource and right-click the resource name. In the displayed menu, select "SCPI Panel Control". Input the following option installation command in the displayed SCPI control panel: <u>:SYSTem:LKEY <option info>@<license info></u>. Wherein, <<u>option info></u> indicates the option order No., and <u><license info></u> indicates the option license code.

For example, the following command is used to install the option RSA3000E-PA.

:SYSTem:LKEY

RSA3000E-PA@8AD12B8EBC5DF492D1D4289B7CBA5B6150BF6F5D75 2D645C36D74530B05F39B49C461B23A50D6C94A34E06782AC438007 0B0D1A86BA84E02768391FFD70C2103

Chapter 2 Functions of the Front Panel of GPSA

This chapter describes in detail the function keys on the front panel and their associated menu functions in the GPSA mode of RSA3000E.

Contents in this chapter:

- Basic Settings
- Sweep and Function Settings
- Measurement Settings
- Marker Measurement
- Input/Output
- Shortcut Key
- System Function

Basic Settings

FREQ

Sets the frequency parameters of the analyzer. The analyzer sweeps within a specified frequency range and restarts sweeping every time the frequency parameters are modified.

The frequency range of a channel can be expressed by either of two groups of parameters: Start Frequency/Stop Frequency (f_{start} / f_{stop}); or Center

Frequency/Span (f_{center}/f_{span}). If any of the four parameters is changed, the other three parameters will make adjustment automatically to ensure the coupling relationship among them:

$$f_{center} = (f_{stop} + f_{start})/2$$
(2-1)
$$f_{stop} = f_{start} - f_{start}$$
(2-2)

$$f_{span} = f_{stop} - f_{start} \tag{2-2}$$

Center Freq

Sets the center frequency (that corresponds to the horizontal center of the graticule) of the current channel. Press this key or touch the specified menu item on the screen to set the frequency entry mode to Center Frequency/Span. The center frequency and span values are respectively displayed at the lower left and right side of the graticule.

Remarks:

- When you modify the center frequency, the start and stop frequency will be modified automatically if the span remains to be unchanged.
- Modifying the center frequency indicates that the frequency is changed along the current channel horizontally, and the adjustable range should be within the frequency range specified in the technical specifications of the analyzer.
- In zero span mode, the values of start frequency, stop frequency, and center frequency are the same, so once one of the parameter values is modified, the other two values will be modified automatically.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify this parameter; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details, refer to descriptions in "**Parameter Setting**".

| Parameter | Remarks |
|----------------------------|--|
| Default | Fmax ^[1] /2 |
| Range | (Smin/2) ^[2] to (Fmax - Smin/2) |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz |
| Knob Step | span > 0, $step = span/200$ |
| Loft /Dight Arrow Koy Stop | span = 0, step = $RBW/100$ |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | Min = 1 Hz |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | CF step |

Table 2-1 Center Frequency

Note^[1]: Fmax (maximum measurement frequency) is determined by the model of the spectrum analyzer. RSA3000E includes two models: 1.5 GHz and 3 GHz **Note**^[2]: Smin indicates the minimum span in non-zero span.

Start Freq

Sets the start frequency of the current frequency channel. Press this key or touch the specified menu item on the screen to set the frequency entry mode to Start Frequency/Stop Frequency. The start frequency and stop frequency values are respectively displayed at the lower left and right side of the graticule.

Remarks:

- When you modify the start frequency, the span and center frequency will be changed. The changes of span will affect other system parameters. For details, please refer to "Span".
- In zero span mode, the values of start frequency, stop frequency, and center frequency are the same, so once one of the parameter values is modified, the other two values will be modified automatically.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify this parameter; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details, refer to descriptions in "**Parameter Setting**".

| Table Z-Z Start Trequency | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Parameter | Remarks |
| Default | center frequency-span/2 |
| Range ^[1] | 0 Hz to Fmax |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz |
| Knob Step | span > 0, $step = span/200$ |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | span = 0, step = RBW/100 Min = 1 Hz |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | CF step |

Table 2-2 Start Frequency

Note^[1]: The range is from 0 Hz to (Fmax-100 Hz) in non-zero span.

Stop Freq

Sets the stop frequency of the current frequency channel. Press this key or touch the specified menu item on the screen to set the frequency entry mode to Start Frequency/Stop Frequency. The start frequency and stop frequency values are respectively displayed at the lower left and right side of the graticule.

Remarks:

- When you modify the stop frequency, the span and center frequency will be changed. The changes of span will affect other system parameters. For details, please refer to "**Span**".
- In zero span mode, the values of start frequency, stop frequency, and center frequency are the same, so once one of the parameter values is modified, the other two values will be modified automatically.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify this parameter; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details,

refer to descriptions in "Parameter Setting".

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Falametei | REIIIdi KS |
| Default | center frequency+span/2 |
| Range ^[1] | 0 Hz to Fmax |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz |
| Knob Step | span > 0, $step = span/200$ |
| | span = 0, step = RBW/100 |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | |
| | Min = 1 Hz |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | CF step |

Note^[1]: The range is from 100 Hz to Fmax in non-zero span.

Freq Offset

You can set a frequency offset value to account for frequency conversions between the device under test (DUT) and the input terminal of the spectrum analyzer.

Remarks:

- The change of this parameter only changes the display values of the center frequency, start frequency, and stop frequency; but does not affect any hardware settings of the spectrum analyzer.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify this parameter; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details, refer to descriptions in "**Parameter Setting**".
- To eliminate the frequency offset, you can set the frequency offset to 0 Hz.

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Default | 0 Hz |
| Range | -500 GHz to 500 GHz |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz |
| Knob Step | spap > 0 stop - full $spap/200$ |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | span > 0, step = full span/20 |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | CF step |

Table 2-4 Frequency Offset

CF Step

Changes the step size for the center frequency. Changing the center frequency by a constant step-size value switches the channel to be measured continuously.

Remarks:

• Set a proper CF step value, and then select the center frequency. Use the

Up/Down arrow key to switch the measurement channel at a fixed step size. Thus, the instrument can sweep the adjacent channels manually.

• You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify this parameter; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details, refer to descriptions in "**Parameter Setting**".

| Table 2-5 CF Step | |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Parameter | Remarks |
| Default | Fmax/10 |
| Range | -Fmax to Fmax |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz |
| Knob Step | span > 0, $step = span/200$ |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | span = 0, step = RBW Min = 1 Hz |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-2-5 step |

CF Step Mode

The CF step mode consists of "Manual" and "Auto".

Remarks:

- In Auto mode, the CF step is 1/10 of the span in non-zero span mode or equals to RBW while in zero span mode.
- In Manual mode, you can use the numeric keys to set the step size.

Signal Track

Enables or disables the signal tracking function. This function is used to track and measure the signal whose frequency is unstable and whose transient variation in amplitude is less than 3 dB. Place Marker1 (refer to descriptions in "**Marker Measurement**") onto the signal under test to track and measure the variation of the signal. The signal tracking process is shown in the following figure:



Figure 2-1 Signal Tracking Process

Remarks:

- If an active marker currently exists, when Signal Track is enabled, the instrument will search for and mark the point (whose amplitude variation is less than 3 dB) near the marker. Then, set the frequency at this point to be the center frequency to keep the signal at the center of the screen.
- If no marker is currently active, when Signal Track is enabled, the instrument will activate Marker1, execute a peak search automatically, and set the frequency value at the current peak to be the center frequency to keep the signal always displayed at the center of the screen.
- In continuous sweep, the system tracks the signal continuously; in single sweep, the instrument only performs a single signal track.
- The signal tracking function is only applicable to the swept analysis. The signal tracking function is invalid in the following conditions:
 - In zero span mode;
 - When the tracking generator is enabled;
 - When the trace is not updated;
 - When the continuous peak search is enabled;
 - In advanced measurement mode.

SPAN

Sets the span of the analyzer. Changing this parameter will change the frequency parameters, and after the span is changed, the sweep restarts.

Span

Sets the frequency range of the current channel. Press this key or touch the specified menu item on the screen to set the frequency entry mode to Center Frequency/Span. The center frequency and span values are respectively displayed at the lower left and right side of the graticule.

Remarks:

- When you modify the span, the start and stop frequency will be modified automatically, with the center frequency remains to be unchanged.
- In non-zero span, the span can be set to a minimum of 10 Hz. When the span is set to a maximum value, the spectrum analyzer enters the full span mode.
- You can set the span to 0 Hz manually; you can press the Zero Span menu item or run the SCPI commands to enter the zero span mode.
- When you modify the span in non-zero span mode, both CF step and RBW will be changed automatically if they are in Auto mode. Besides, the change of RBW will change the value of VBW (in Auto VBW mode).
- Any variation in span, RBW, or VBW would cause a change in the sweep time.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify this parameter; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details, refer to descriptions in "Parameter Setting".

| Table 2-0 Spall | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Parameter | Remarks |
| Default | Fmax |
| Range ^[1] | 0 Hz, 10 Hz to Fmax |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz |
| Knob Step | span > 0, $step = span/200$ |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | span = 0, $step = 10$ |
| | Min = 2 Hz |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-2-5 step |

Table 2-6 Span

Note^[1]: When the span of the analyzer is set to 0 Hz, the spectrum analyzer enters the zero span mode.

Last Span

Sets the span to the previous span setting.

Full Span

Sets the maximum span.

Zero Span

Sets the span to 0 Hz. The values of start frequency and stop frequency are the same as that of the center frequency. The X-axis is time. The analyzer measures the time-domain characteristics of the amplitude at the center frequency point of the input signal.

Remarks:

The zero span mode displays the time-domain characteristics of the signal's fixed frequency components. Great differences can be found between the zero span and the non-zero span. The following functions are invalid in zero span.

- "Signal Track" under **FREQ**;
- "Mkr -> CF", "Mkr -> CF Step", "Mkr -> Start", "Mkr -> Stop", "Mkr Δ -> CF", and "Mkr Δ -> Span" under Marker To;

AMPT

Sets the amplitude parameters of the analyzer. You can modify these parameters to make the signals under test be displayed with minimal errors in the current window, easy for you to observe.

Ref Level

Sets the maximum power or voltage that can be displayed in the current window.

Remarks:

- As the RF link is limited by the maximum mixer level, when the attenuation is reduced, the reference level will be reduced to meet the limitation of the mixer level; when the attenuation is increased, the reference level will remain unchanged.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify this parameter; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details, refer to descriptions in "**Parameter Setting**".

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Default | 0 dBm | |
| Range | -170 dBm to 30 dBm | |
| Unit | dBm, -dBm, V, mV, uV | |
| Knob Step | In Log scale mode, step = scale/10 | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | In Lin scale mode, step = 0.1 dBm | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | In Log scale mode, step = scale | |
| | In Lin scale mode, step = 1 dBm | |

Table 2-7 Reference Level

Attenuation

Sets the RF front-end attenuator to allow high-level signals to pass through the mixer with low distortion, and low-level signals to pass through the mixer with low noise.

Remarks:

- The attenuator consists of fixed attenuator and variable attenuator. The attenuation of the fixed attenuator is 20 dB, and the attenuation range of the variable attenuator is from 0 dB to 30 dB. Therefore, the input attenuation ranges from 0 dB to 50 dB.
- When the set attenuation amount is greater than 20 dB, fixed attenuator is preferred to be used by default.
- When the maximum mixer level and reference level are confirmed, the minimum of the input attenuation should meet the following equation:

$$ATT_{min} = L_{Ref} + a_{PA} + a_{Ext} - L_{Offset} - L_{mix}$$

$$(2-3)$$

Wherein, ATT_{min} , L_{Ref} , a_{PA} , a_{Ext} , L_{Offset} , and L_{mix} indicate the minimum input attenuation, reference level, PA, external gain, reference level offset, and maximum mixer level, respectively.

• You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify this parameter; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details, refer to descriptions in "**Parameter Setting**".

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Default | 10 dB | |
| Range | 0 dB to 50 dB | |
| Unit | dB | |
| Knob Step | Preamp off stop 1 dB | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | Preamp off, step = 1 dB | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 5 dB | |

Table 2-8 Input Attenuation

Atten Auto

Selects "Manual" or "Auto" to be the current attenuation mode.

Remarks:

- To select "Manual" to be the attenuation mode, press **Attenuation** to set the attenuation value, and the attenuation mode will be automatically switched to "Manual".
- When you select "Auto" to be the attenuation mode, the attenuator will automatically adjust the attenuation value to meet the current amplitude setting.

RF Preamp

Sets the RF front-end preamplifier to be on or off. When the signal under test is a low-level signal, turning on the preamplifier can reduce the displayed average noise level, so that you can distinguish low-level signals from the noise. By default, the preamp gain is 20 dB.

Y Axis Unit

Sets the unit of the Y-axis to dBm, dBmV, dBuV, Volts, or Watts. Wherein, dBm, dBmV, and dBuV are for Log scale; Volts and Watts are for Linear scale. The default unit is dBm.

Remarks:

The conversion relations between units are as follows:

$$dBm = 10lg\left(\frac{Volts^2}{R} \times \frac{1}{0.001W}\right)$$
(2-4)

$$dB\mu V = 20lg\left(\frac{Volts}{l\mu V}\right)$$
(2-5)

$$dBmV = 20lg\left(\frac{Volts}{lmV}\right)$$
(2-6)

$$Watts = \frac{Volts^2}{R}$$
(2-7)

Wherein, R denotes the reference resistance.

Scale Type

Sets the scale type of the Y-axis to Lin or Log. By default, it is Log.

Remarks:

- In Log scale type, the Y-axis denotes the logarithmic coordinate. The top line of the graticule is the reference level, and the scale per division represents the scale value. When the scale type is changed from Lin to Log, the unit of Y-axis will automatically switch to the default unit (dBm) in Log scale type.
- In Lin scale type, the Y-axis denotes the linear coordinate. The top line of the graticule is the reference level, and 0 V is at the bottom of the graticule. Each vertical division of the graticule represents one-tenth of the reference level. The scale setting function is invalid. When the scale type is changed from Log to Lin, the unit of Y-axis will automatically switch to the default unit (Volts) in Lin scale type.
- The scale type does not affect the unit of Y-axis.
- If the "Normalize" function is enabled, "Log" is selected to be the scale type by default, and the scale type is grayed out and disabled.

Scale/Div

Sets the logarithmic units per vertical grid division on the display. This function is only available when the scale type is set to "Log".

Remarks:

- The amplitude range to be displayed can be adjusted by setting the scale.
- The range of the signal amplitude that can be displayed is as follows: Minimum: reference level – (10 × current scale value) Maximum: reference level
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify this parameter; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details, refer to descriptions in "**Parameter Setting**".

| Table 2-9 Scale | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Parameter | Remarks |
| Default | 10 dB |
| Range | 0.1 dB to 20 dB |
| Unit | dB |
| Knob Step | scale \geq 1, step = 1 dB |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | scale < 1 , step = 0.1 dB |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-2-5 step |

Table 2-9 Scale

Max Mixer Lvl

Sets the maximum input level of the mixer according to the amplitude of the signal.

Remarks:

- For the high-level input signal, select a smaller maximum mixer level to increase the input attenuation and reduce the distortion of the signal; for the low-level input signal, select a larger maximum mixer level to reduce the input attenuation and noise.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify this parameter; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details, refer to descriptions in "**Parameter Setting**".

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|--------------------|
| Default | -10 dBm |
| Range | -50 dBm to -10 dBm |
| Unit | dBm, -dBm, mV, uV |
| Knob Step | 1 dBm |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 5 dBm |

| Table | 2-10 | Maximum | Mixina | Level |
|-------|------|---------|--------------|-------|
| TUDIO | 2 10 | maximan | i wii/di i g | 20101 |

Ref Offset

Adds an offset value to the reference level to compensate for gains or losses generated between the DUT and the analyzer input.

Remarks:

- The offset value does not affect the trace position, but will modify the reference level readout and the marker amplitude readout.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify this parameter; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details, refer to descriptions in "**Parameter Setting**".

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Default | 0 dB | |
| Range | -300 dB to 300 dB | |
| Unit | dB | |
| Knob Step | 1 dB | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | IUB | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 5 dB | |

Table 2-11 Reference Level Offset

Sweep and Function Settings

BW

Sets the parameters such as RBW (Resolution Bandwidth) and VBW (Video Bandwidth).

RBW

Sets the resolution bandwidth (RBW) to distinguish two signals whose frequencies are close with each other.

Remarks:

- Reducing RBW can gain a higher frequency resolution, but will also prolong the sweep time (when sweep time is set to Auto, it will be affected by both RBW and VBW).
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify this parameter; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details, refer to descriptions in "**Parameter Setting**".

Note: When "Detector Type" is "Quasi Peak", or the "Filter Type" is "EMI", the available values of RBW can only be 200 Hz, 9 kHz, 120 kHz, or 1 MHz.

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|--|-------------------|--|
| Default | 3 MHz | |
| Range ^[1] | 1 Hz to 3 MHz | |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz | |
| Knob Step | at 1 2 10 atop | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | at 1-3-10 step | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-3-10 step | |
| Note [1]. The minimum PPM is 1 kHz in zero span mode | | |

Table 2-12 RBW

Note^[1]: The minimum RBW is 1 kHz in zero span mode.

RBW Mode

Sets the coupling mode of RBW.

Remarks:

- When you set **RBW Mode** to "Auto", RBW is in auto coupling state. Its value changes with the span (non-zero span), and the value is determined by span/RBW ratio. You can set **RBW Mode** to "Manual" or directly set the RBW value to change the coupling mode.
- When you perform the Preset operation, the coupling state is Auto.
• In zero span mode, RBW Mode is, by default, set to "Manual".

SPAN/RBW Ratio

Sets the ratio of span to RBW. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify this parameter; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details, refer to descriptions in "**Parameter Setting**".

Table 2-13 Span/RBW Ratio

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|---------------|
| Default | 106 |
| Range | 2 to 10,000 |
| Unit | None |
| Knob Step | at 1 2 5 stop |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | at 1-2-5 step |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-2-5 step |

SPAN/RBW Mode

Sets the coupling mode of the Span/RBW ratio.

- When you set SPAN/RBW Mode to "Auto", "SPAN/RBW Ratio" is in auto coupling state, and its value is 106. You can set SPAN/RBW Mode to "Manual" or directly set the SPAN/RBW ratio to change the coupling mode.
- When you perform the Preset operation, the coupling state is Auto.
- In zero span mode, the SPAN/RBW Mode menu item cannot be set.

VBW

Sets the video bandwidth (VBW) to filter out the noises outside the video band.

Remarks:

- Reducing VBW makes the spectral line smoother, so that the low-level signal in the noise can be detected, but this will also prolong the sweep time (when sweep time is set to Auto, it will be affected by both RBW and VBW).
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify this parameter; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details, refer to descriptions in "**Parameter Setting**".

| Table 2-14 VBW | |
|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Parameter | Remarks |
| Default | 3 MHz |
| Range | 1 Hz to 10 MHz |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz |
| Knob Step | at 1 2 10 stop |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | at 1-3-10 step |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-3-10 step |

VBW Mode

Sets the coupling mode of the Span/RBW ratio.

Remarks:

- When you set VBW Mode to "Auto", VBW is in auto coupling state. Its value changes with the RBW, and the value is determined by VBW/RBW ratio. You can set VBW Mode to "Manual" or directly set the VBW value to change the coupling mode.
- When you perform the Preset operation, the coupling state is Auto.

VBW/RBW Ratio

Sets the ratio of VBW to RBW.

- This value is different for different kinds of signals.
 Sine signal: 1 to 3 (for faster sweeps)
 Pulse signal: 10 (to reduce the impact on the amplitude of transient signals)
 Noise signal: 0.1 (to obtain the average of noises)
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify this parameter; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details,

refer to descriptions in "Parameter Setting".

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Default | 1 |
| Range | 0.00001 to 3,000,000 |
| Unit | None |
| Knob Step | at 1 2 10 stop |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | at 1-3-10 step |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-3-10 step |

Table 2-15 VBW/RBW Ratio

VBW/RBW Mode

Sets the coupling mode of the VBW/RBW ratio.

Remarks:

- When you set VBW/RBW Mode to "Auto", "VBW/RBW Ratio" is in auto coupling state, and its value is determined by auto rule value. You can set VBW/RBW Mode to "Manual" or directly set the VBW/RBW ratio to change the coupling mode.
- When you perform the Preset operation, the coupling state is Auto.

Filter Type

Sets the type of the RBW filter.

- RSA3000E supports two kinds of RBW filters: Gaussian (-3 dB) or EMI (-6 dB)
- When EMI filter is selected currently, the available RBW can only be 200 Hz, 9 kHz, 120 kHz, or 1 MHz. By default, the analyzer uses the Gaussian filter. If the detector type is "Quasi-peak", then the analyzer automatically switches to EMI filter.

Sweep

Sets sweep-related parameters, such as sweep time, sweep points, and sweep mode.

Sweep Points

Sets the number of points acquired in each sweep, i.g. the number of the trace points.

Remarks:

- With the increase of the sweep points, the frequency resolution of the marker will increase with it, but the sweep speed will decrease with it.
- Due to the limitation of the minimum interval of sweep points, when the number of sweep points is increased, the sweep time will be prolonged.
- Changing the number of the sweep points will affect multiple parameters of the system. Therefore, the system will make a new sweep and measurement again.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify this parameter; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details, refer to descriptions in "**Parameter Setting**".

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|---------------|
| Default | 801 |
| Range | 101 to 10,001 |
| Unit | None |
| Knob Step | 1 |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | I |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 5 |

Table 2-16 Number of Sweep Points

Sweep Time

Sets the time required for the spectrum analyzer to complete one sweep operation within the span range.

- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify this parameter; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details, refer to descriptions in "**Parameter Setting**".
- When RBW is smaller than 1 kHz, the spectrum analyzer starts to perform FFT sweeps. At this time, the **Sweep Time** menu is disabled and grayed out.

| Remarks | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| 1 ms | |
| 1 μ s to 6,000 s | |
| s, ms, μ s , ns, ps | |
| sween time/100 Min 1 up | |
| sweep time/100, Min = 1 μ s | |
| at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step | |
| | |

Table 2-17 Sweep Time

Note^[1]: The range is from 1 ms to 4,000 s in non-zero span.

Sweep Time Mode

Sets the "Sweep Time" to be "Auto" or "Manual". By default, it is "Auto".

Remarks:

- In non-zero span mode, the analyzer selects the shortest sweep time based on the current RBW and VBW settings if "Auto" is selected.
- Decreasing the sweep time can speed up the measurement. However, an error may be caused if the set sweep time is less than the minimum sweep time in Auto coupling. At this point, "UNCAL" is shown in the status bar on the screen.
- In zero span mode, the Sweep Time Mode menu is disabled and grayed out. When the system exits the zero span mode, the auto sweep coupling mode will restore to its previous state.
- When RBW is smaller than 1 kHz, the spectrum analyzer starts to perform FFT sweeps. At this time, the **Sweep Time** menu is disabled and grayed out.

Sweep Time Rule

Sets the sweep type to "Norm" or "Accy". The sweep will be faster if "Norm" is selected; while in "Accy" type, a higher measurement precision can be obtained. When RBW is smaller than 1 kHz, the spectrum analyzer starts to perform FFT sweeps. At this time, the **Sweep Time** menu is disabled and grayed out.

Continue

Sets the sweep mode to be continuous.

- If the instrument is in single sweep mode and no measurement function is enabled, press this key to enter continuous sweep mode. In this case, if the trigger conditions are met, the instrument will sweep continuously.
- If the instrument is in single sweep mode and the measurement function is

enabled, press this key to enter continuous sweep mode. In this case, if the trigger conditions are met, the instrument will sweep continuously.

• In continuous sweep mode, the system will send a trigger initialization signal automatically and enter the trigger condition judgment directly after each sweep is completed.



Figure 2-2 Process of Continuous Sweep

Single

Sets the sweep mode to be single. Selects "Single", and then the **Single** key on the front panel is illuminated.

In single sweep mode, press **Single** under Sweep menu or press **Single** directly on the front panel to perform one measurement.

- If the instrument is in continuous sweep mode and no measurement function is enabled, press this key to enter single sweep mode. In this case, if the trigger conditions are met, the instrument will execute the specified number of sweeps. (Note: In Average, Max Hold, and Min Hold modes, when performing the single measurement, the instrument will not stop sweeping until the sweep count has reached N. Wherein, N is determined by the average count of the current measurement.)
- If the instrument is in continuous sweep mode and the measurement function is enabled, press this key to set the measurement mode to "Single". In this case, if the trigger conditions are met, the instrument will execute the specified number of measurements.
- If the system is already in single sweep mode, press this key and then the system will execute the specified number of sweeps (or measurements) once the trigger conditions are met.
- In single sweep mode, trigger initialization (press Sweep → Single or send the

":INIT" command through the remote interface) should be executed before judging the trigger conditions.



RSA3000E User Guide

Trigger

Selects the trigger source and sets trigger-related parameters.

Trigger Source

Sets "Free Run", "External 1", "External 2", or "Video" to be the trigger source.

Free Run

The trigger conditions are met at any time, that is, the analyzer generates trigger signals continuously.

External 1

In this mode, an external signal is input via the **[TRIGGER IN]** connector on the rear panel. When the signal meets the set trigger conditions, trigger signals are generated.

1. Slope

Sets the trigger polarity for External Trigger 1 to "POS" or "NEG".

2. Delay State

Enables or disables the trigger delay function. After the trigger delay function is enabled, you can set the trigger delay time.

3. Delay Time

Sets the time interval during which the instrument waits to start the sweep operation after the trigger signal that meets the trigger conditions is generated. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Table 2-16 mgger Delay mile | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Parameter | Remarks |
| Default | 1 µs |
| Range | 0 µs to 500 ms |
| Unit | s, ms, µs, ns, ps |
| Knob Step | trigger delay/100 Min -1 us |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | trigger delay/100, Min = 1 µs |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step |

Table 2-18 Trigger Delay Time

External 2

Press **Input/Output** \rightarrow **Ext Trigger2** to select "In". Then, an external signal is input via the **[TRIGGER IN/OUT]** connector on the rear panel. When the signal meets the set trigger conditions, trigger signals are generated.

Note: The input signal frequency on the external trigger interface should not be greater than 1 MHz.

1. Slope

Sets the trigger polarity for External Trigger 2 to "POS" or "NEG".

2. Delay State

Enables or disables the trigger delay function. After the trigger delay function is enabled, you can set the trigger delay time.

3. Delay Time

Sets the time interval during which the instrument waits to start the sweep operation after the trigger signal that meets the trigger conditions is generated. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Default | 1 µs |
| Range | 0 µs to 500 ms |
| Unit | s, ms, µs, ns, ps |
| Knob Step | trigger delay/100 Min 1 us |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | trigger delay/100, Min = 1 μs |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step |

Table 2-19 Trigger Delay Time

Video

A trigger signal will be generated when the system detects a video signal whose voltage exceeds the specified video trigger level.

Note: This trigger type is unavailable in either of the following conditions: in non-zero span mode; when "Average(RMS)" or "Average(Vol)" is selected for the detector type in zero span mode.

1. Slope

Sets the trigger polarity for External Trigger 2 to "POS" or "NEG".

2. **Delay State**

Enables or disables the trigger delay function. After the trigger delay function is enabled, you can set the trigger delay time.

3. Delay Time

Sets the time interval during which the instrument waits to start the sweep operation after the trigger signal that meets the trigger conditions is generated. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Table 2-20 Trigger Delay Time | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Parameter | Remarks |
| Default | 1 µs |
| Range | 0 µs to 500 ms |
| Unit | s, ms, µs, ns, ps |
| Knob Step | trigger delay/100 Min 1 us |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | trigger delay/100, Min = 1 μs |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step |

Table 2.20 Trigger Delay Time

4. Trigger Level

Sets the trigger level in video trigger. At this time, the trigger level line and the trigger level value are displayed on the screen.

Remarks:

- When the video trigger signal is not within the display range, the trigger level line is displayed at the top or bottom of the waveform display area.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front • panel to modify this parameter; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details, refer to descriptions in "Parameter Setting".

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|---------------------|
| Default | -25 dBm |
| Range | -140 dBm to +30 dBm |
| Unit ^[1] | dBm |
| Knob Step | 1 dBm |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | T UBITI |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 10 dBm |
| | |

Table 2 21 Trigger Level

Note^[1]: It is related to the currently selected Y-axis unit.

Hold-off State

Turns on or off the trigger hold-off function.

Hold-off Time

Sets the hold-off time between trigger signals. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify this parameter; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details, refer to descriptions in "**Parameter Setting**".

When the trigger conditions are met, the trigger occurs. Then, the delay begins, and the hold-off time begins. During the hold-off time, new trigger signals will be ignored. For a free-running trigger, the hold-off value is the minimum time between two trigger signals.

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|---|
| Default | 100 ms |
| Range | 100 μ s to 500 ms |
| Unit | s, ms, μ s , ns, ps |
| Knob Step | sums hold off time $/100$ Min -1 us |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | sync hold-off time/100, Min = 1 μ s |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step |

Table 2-22 Trigger Hold-off Time

Auto Trig State

Enables or disables the auto trigger function.

Auto Trig

Sets the time that the instrument will wait for the trigger conditions to be met. When the set waiting time times out, the instrument will not wait and start to initiate the sweep measurement.

Table 2-23 Auto Trigger Time

| Table 2-23 Auto mgger mme | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Parameter | Remarks |
| Default | 100 ms |
| Range | 1 ms to 100 s |
| Unit | s, ms, μ s , ns, ps |
| Knob Step | auto trigger time/100 Min -1 us |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | auto trigger time/100, Min = 1 μ s |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step |

The relationship among the relevant parameters concerning trigger is shown in the following figure.



Figure 2-4 Trigger Parameter Relationship

Trace

Displays the sweep signal on the screen. Press **Trace** to set parameters for trace.

Trace Selection

RSA3000E can display at most 6 traces synchronously. Each trace is indicated in different colors (Trace1-yellow, Trace2-dark blue, Trace3-green, Trace4-purple, Trace5-light blue, Trace6-orange). For details, refer to the notes about "**trace indicator**" in "User Interface".

Select the corresponding trace to set the relevant parameters for the specified trace. By default, Trace1 is selected, and the trace type is "Clear Write".

Note: The trace currently displayed on the screen can be saved to the internal or external memory. If needed, you can recall it at any time. Press **Save** to save it according to descriptions in "错误!未找到引用源。".

Trace Type

Sets the type of the currently selected trace. The system calculates the sampled data by a specific operation method according to the selected trace type. The results will not be displayed unless you set "Trace Update" and "Trace Display" to "On". Trace types include Clear Write, Average, Max Hold, and Min Hold.

1. Clear Write

Sets the trace data to a minimum value, and displays the real-time sweep data of each point on the trace.

2. Average

Displays an average trace, which is represented by averaging the data of each point on the trace. The type of the trace is displayed to be smooth.

3. Max Hold

Maintains and displays a max hold trace, which represents the maximum data value on a point-by-point basis. When a new maximum value is generated, data will be updated, and the newly updated maximum value prevails.

4. Min Hold

Maintains and displays a min hold trace, which represents the minimum data value on a point-by-point basis. When a new minimum value is generated, data will be updated, and the newly updated minimum value prevails.

Detector Type

Sets the detector for the current measurement. The selected detector can be applied to the selected trace. The available trace detectors include Pos Peak, Neg Peak, Normal, Sample, Average (RMS), and Average (Vol).

1. Pos Peak

For each trace point, Positive Peak detector displays the maximum value of data sampled within the corresponding time interval.

2. Neg Peak

For each trace point, Negative Peak detector displays the minimum value of data sampled within the corresponding time interval.

3. Normal

Normal detector (also called Rosenfell detector) displays the maximum value and the minimum value of the sample data segment in alternating sequence. That is, for an odd-numbered data point, the minimum value of the sample data is displayed; for an even-numbered data point, the maximum value of the sample data is displayed. In this way, the amplitude variation range of the signal is clearly shown.

4. Sample

For each trace point, sample detector displays the transient level corresponding to the central time point of the corresponding time interval. This detector type is applicable to noise or noise-like signal.

5. Average (RMS)

For each data point, perform mean square root operation (see equation (2-8) of the sampled data within the corresponding time interval and display the result. In this type, noise can be rejected and weak signals can be clearly observed.

$$V_{RMS} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N} \times \sum_{i=1}^{N} v_i^2}$$
(2-8)

Wherein, V_{RMS} is the root mean square value of voltage, expressed in V; N is the number of sampled values for each point displayed; v_i is the envelope of the sampled value, expressed in V. Reference impedance R can be used to calculate power based on the formula: $P = \frac{v_{RMS}^2}{v_{RMS}}$.

rmula:
$$P = \frac{V_{RMS}}{R}$$

6. Average (Vol)

For each data point, perform arithmetic averages (see equation below) on all the sampled data within the corresponding time interval and display the result.

$$V_{AV} = \frac{1}{N} \times \sum_{i=1}^{N} v_i$$
 (2-9)

Wherein, V_{AV} is the average of voltage in V; N is the number of sampled values for each point displayed; and v_i is the envelope of the sampled value in V.

7. Quasi Peak (Option)

Quasi-peak detection is a weighted form of peak detection. For each data point, the detector detects the peak in the corresponding time interval, and uses quasi-peak detector circuit (containing specific charge and discharge structure) and the time constants specified in CISPR Publication 16 to make weighted calculation to display the weighted results. The quasi-peak detection is used for EMC test.

Note: The charge time for the quasi-detector is much shorter than the discharge time, which can not only reflects the amplitude of the signal, but also the time distribution of the signal.

Detector Auto

Enables or disables the Detector Auto function. By default, Detector Auto is enabled. If you set the detector type manually, please disable the Detector Auto function.

Trace Update

Enables or disables trace update.

Trace Display

Enables or disables the trace display.

- The trace state and the parameter settings for the corresponding state are as follows:
 - > Active: Trace Update and Trace Display are "On".
 - View: Trace Update is "Off", and Trace Display is "On".
 - Clear: Trace Update and Trace Display are "Off".
 - Back-end: Trace Update is "On", and Trace Display is "Off".
- In most cases, the inactive trace data keep unchanged. However, the data may be changed in the following conditions:
 - Remotely write data into trace;

- Load the stored data to trace.
- > Trace data are cleared by the trace clear function.
- When inactive trace is displayed, the trace will not be zoomed in or out based on the setting of X-axis, but will move up and down based on the changes of Y-axis values.
- When the trace is shifted from inactive to active state, the trace is cleared, the average timer is reset, and a new sweep is restarted.

Math Function

Trace math functions perform mathematical operations between traces and, in some cases, user-defined offsets.

1. Op1-Op2

Calculates the power difference between Operand 1 (Op1) and Operand 2 (Op2), and saves it to the destination trace. During the sweep, the following formula is executed for each point:

 $Trace_{result} = 10log(10^{(Op1/10)} - 10^{(Op2/10)})$ (2-10) In the above formula, the parameter unit is dB. If a point in Op1 is a maximum trace value, the difference (the result of the subtraction) is also a maximum

In the above formula, the parameter unit is dB. If a point in Op1 is a maximum trace value, the difference (the result of the subtraction) is also a maximum trace value; if the difference is less than or equal to 0, the resultant point is the minimum trace value.

2. Op1+Op2

Calculates the power sum between Operand 1 (Op1) and Operand 2 (Op2), and saves it to the destination trace. During the sweep, the following formula is executed for each point:

 $Trace_{result} = 10log(10^{(Op1/10)} + 10^{(Op2/10)})$ (2-11)

In the above formula, the parameter unit is dB. If a point in Op1 or Op2 is a maximum trace value, the sum (the result of addition) is also a maximum trace value.

3. Op1+Offset

Calculates the sum between Operand 1 (Op1) and the offset, and saves it to the destination trace. During the sweep, the following formula is executed for each point:

 $Trace_{result} = Op1 + Offset$ (2-12)

In the above formula, the parameter unit is dB.

4. Op1-Offset

Calculates the difference between Operand 1 (Op1) and the offset (Offset), and saves it to the destination trace. During the sweep, the following formula is executed for each point:

| $Trace_{result} = Op1 - Offset$ | (2-13) |
|---|--------|
| In the above formula, the parameter unit is dB. | |

5. Op1–Op2+Ref

Operand 1 (Op1) minus Operand 2 (Op2), and then plus the reference (Reference). Then, saves the result to the destination trace. During the sweep, the following formula is executed for each point: $Trace_{result} = Op1 - Op2 + Reference$ (2-14) In the formula, the unit for Op1, Op2, and Reference is dBm.

6. Off

Disables the math function.

Note: The trace math functions are mutually exclusive. If you apply one math operation to a certain trace, the last selected math operation function should be disabled.

Op1

Selects Operand 1 to be used for the trace math functions. Operand 2 can be configured with Trace1, Trace2, Trace3, Trace4, Trace5, or Trace6.

Op2

Selects Operand 2 to be used for the trace math functions. Operand 2 can be configured with Trace1, Trace2, Trace3, Trace4, Trace5, or Trace6.

Note: The currently display trace does not involve in math operation.

Offset

Sets the log offset in the math operation function. The unit is dB. **Note:** This menu is only valid when you select "Op1+Offset" or "Op1-Offset" to be the math type.

Table 2-24 Offset

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Default | 0 dB |
| Range | -100 dB to 100 dB |
| Unit | dB |
| Knob Step | 1 dB |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 10 dB |

Reference

Sets the log reference difference in the math operation function. The unit is dBm.

Note: This menu is only valid when you select the "**Op1-Op2+Ref**" operation function.

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|------------------|
| Default | 0 dB |
| Range | -170 dB to 30 dB |
| Unit | dB |
| Knob Step | 1 dB |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | TUB |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 5 dB |
| | |

Preset All

Turns on Trace 1, and blanks all other traces. This operation does not affect the trace type, trace detector, and other states.

Clear All

Clears all traces. All the trace data will be set to the minimum trace value (except the case that the trace is in Min Hold state). When the trace is in Min Hold state, the trace data will be set to the maximum trace value. That is, even if you turn off the trace update, the trace data will be updated after you perform the "Clear All" operation.

Tracking Generator

Sets the parameter related to the tracking generator (TG). This function is only available for RSA3030E-TG/RSA3015E-TG.

Tracking Generator

Enables or disables the tracking generator.

When the tracking generator is enabled, a signal with the same frequency as that of the current sweep signal will be output from the **[GEN OUTPUT 50Ω]** connector on the front panel. The power of the signal can be set through the menu.

Amplitude

Sets the output power of the tracking generator signal.

You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify this parameter; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details, refer to descriptions in "**Parameter Setting**".

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Default | -40 dBm |
| Range | -40 dBm to 0 dBm |
| Unit | dBm, -dBm, mV, uV |
| Knob Step | 1 dBm |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | ТОВШ |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 10 dBm |

Table 2-26 Tracking Generator Output Signal Amplitude

Amplitude Offset

Sets the offset of the output power of the tracking generator when gains or losses occur between the TG output and external device, so as to display the actual power value.

- This parameter only changes the readout of the tracking generator output power, rather than the actual output power.
- The offset could be either a positive (gain in the external output) or a negative (loss in the external output) value.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify this parameter; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details, refer to descriptions in "**Parameter Setting**".

| Table 2-27 Tracking Generator Output Amplitude Onset | |
|--|-------------------|
| Parameter | Remarks |
| Default | 0 dB |
| Range | -200 dB to 200 dB |
| Unit | dB |
| Knob Step | 1 dB |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | IUD |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 10 dB |

Table 2-27 Tracking Generator Output Amplitude Offset

Normalize

Before enabling the normalize function, connect the tracking generator output terminal **[Gen Output 50Ω]** to the RF input terminal **[RF Input 50Ω]**. Normalization can eliminate the error of tracking generator output amplitude.

Note: Only when Output under the **TG** menu is "On" and the current Y-axis scale is log, can the Normalize menu be enabled.

1. Normalize

Enables or disables the normalize function. If no saving operation is performed on the reference trace before enabling the normalize function, the next time you enable the function, the analyzer will save the reference trace automatically after it completes the current sweep. During saving the reference trace, a prompt message will be displayed. When the normalize function is enabled, the corresponding value of the reference trace will be subtracted from the trace data after every sweep.

2. Reference Level

After the normalize function is enabled, you can adjust the vertical position of the trace on the screen by adjusting the reference level.

- Different from the **Ref Level** sub-menu under **AMPT**, the parameter "Reference Level" under "Normalize" will not affect the reference level of the analyzer once it is modified.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify this parameter; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details, refer to descriptions in "**Parameter Setting**".

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Default | 10 dB |
| Range | -200 dB to 200 dB |
| Unit | dB |
| Knob Step | 1 dB |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | TUB |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 10 dB |

Table 2-28 Normalization Reference Level

3. Reference Position

After the normalize function is enabled, you can adjust the vertical position of **Reference Level** on the screen by adjusting the reference position.

- The function of this menu is similar to that of Reference Level. When it is set to 0%, Reference Level is displayed at the bottom of the graticule and at the top line of the graticule when it is set to 100%.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify this parameter; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details, refer to descriptions in "**Parameter Setting**".

| Table 2-29 Tracking Generator Reference Position | |
|--|------------|
| Parameter | Remarks |
| Default | 100% |
| Range | 0% to 100% |
| Unit | % |
| Knob Step | 1% |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | 1% |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 10% |

Table 2-29 Tracking Generator Reference Position

4. Reference Trace

Sets whether to display the reference trace. If you set "Reference Trace" to be "On", the reference trace saved (Trace 6) will be shown.

5. Save Ref Trace

Saves the data of Trace1 to Trace6 as the reference value for normalization. This operation should be done before you enable the normalize function.

Measurement Settings

Meas

Provides swept SA and VSWR, as well as multiple advanced measurement functions, including time-domain power, adjacent channel power, multi-channel power, occupied bandwidth, emission bandwidth, C/N ratio, harmonics, and TOI.

Swept SA

Measures with swept analysis (frequency-domain), FFT analysis (frequency-domain), or zero span analysis (time-domain).

After you select **Swept SA**, the advanced measurement function (AMK) is off by default. Press **Meas Setup** to set the corresponding parameters for swept SA.

Advanced Measurement Function (AMK)

This function is an option for RSA3000E, and the function is only available when the advanced measurement kit (AMK) is installed. When you enable the measurement function, the screen is divided into two windows, with the upper window (the basic measurement window) displaying the sweep trace and the lower window displaying the measurement results.

1. Meas Off

Disables the advance measurement function and returns to the swept SA interface in GPSA mode.

2. T-Power

The system enters the zero span mode and calculates the power within the time domain. The available power types include Peak, Average, and RMS. Select **T-Power** and then press **Meas Setup** to set the corresponding parameters.

3. ACP

Measures the power of the main channel, the power of adjacent channels, and the power difference between the main channel and each of the adjacent channels. When this function is enabled, the span and resolution bandwidth of the analyzer will be adjusted to smaller values automatically. Select **ACP** and then press **Meas Setup** to set the corresponding parameters.

4. Multichan Pwr

Measures the power and power density of multiple channels or that of the specified channel bandwidth. When this function is enabled, the span and

resolution bandwidth of the analyzer will be adjusted to smaller values automatically.

Select **Multichan Pwr** and then press **Meas Setup** to set the corresponding parameters.

5. Occupied BW

Integrates the power within the whole span and then calculates the bandwidth occupied by this power according to the specified power ratio. The OBW function also indicates the difference (namely "Transmit Freq Error") between the center frequency of the channel and the center frequency of the analyzer. Select **Occupied BW** and then press **Meas Setup** to set the corresponding parameters.

6. Emission BW

Measures the bandwidth between two points on the signal which are X dB below the highest point within the span.

Selects **Emission BW** and then press **Meas Setup** to set the corresponding parameters.

7. C/N Ratio

Measures the power of the carrier and that of the noise with the specified bandwidth, as well as their power <u>ratio</u>.

Select **C/N Ratio** and then press **Meas Setup** to set the corresponding parameters.

8. Harmo Dist

Measures the power of each order of harmonic and THD (total harmonic distortion) of the carrier. The highest order of harmonics for measurement is 10. The fundamental harmonic amplitude of the carrier signal must be greater than -50 dBm; otherwise the measurement will be invalid.

Select **Harmo Dist** and then press **Meas Setup** to set the corresponding parameters.

9. TOI

Measures the third-order intercept (TOI) of a two-tone signal (with the same amplitude and similar frequency), including the frequencies and amplitudes of Lower Tone, Upper Tone, Lower 3rd TOI, and Upper 3rd TOI, as well as the intercept points of both the Lower 3rd TOI and Upper 3rd TOI.

Select **TOI** and then press **Meas Setup** to set the corresponding parameters. Restart

VSWR

Enables or disables the VSWR measurement function. When the VSWR measurement function is enabled, the user interface is divided into two sections automatically (the lower section provides the measurement wizard). At this time, you can perform the VSWR measurement according to the wizard. Press **Meas Setup** to set the corresponding parameters.

Tip:

The VSWR bridge and tracking generator are required in VSWR measurement. Therefore, this function is only available for RSA3030E-TG/RSA3015E-TG installed with VSWR bridge. When the VSWR measurement is enabled, the tracking generator is enabled automatically, and the backlight of **TG** on the front panel turns on.

Meas Setup

Open the parameter setting menu of the function selected in the **Meas** menu.

Swept SA

1. Avg Number

Specifies the number of counts (N) for Average, Max Hold, and Min Hold. For Average, the greater the value of N, the smoother the trace is displayed. In Average, Max Hold, and Min Hold modes, when performing the single measurement, the instrument stops sweeping after the sweep count has reached N.

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|-------------|
| Default | 100 |
| Range | 1 to 10,000 |
| Unit | None |
| Knob Step | 1 |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | 1 |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 1 |

Table 2-30 Swept SA Average Count

2. Avg Mode

The average modes include "Log", "RMS", and "Scalar".

• Log: In this mode, all filtering and averaging processes select the log unit (dB). This average type is the most effective one for finding the low-level signal that is close to the noise amplitude. The formula is shown as follow:

$$NewAvg = \frac{(k-1) \times OldAvg + Newdata}{k}$$
(2-15)

In the above formula, the parameter unit is dB.

• **RMS**: In this mode, all filtering and averaging processes work on the power (the square of the amplitude) of the signal. This average type is best for measuring the true time average power of complex signals. The formula is shown as follows:

$$NewAvg = 10log\left(\frac{(k-1) \times 10^{\frac{OldAvg}{10}} + 10^{\frac{Newdata}{10}}}{k}\right)$$
(2-16)

In the above formula, the parameter unit is dB.

• Scalar: In this mode, all filtering and averaging processes work on the voltage envelope of the signal. This average type is the most appropriate one for observing the great envelope fluctuations of AM or pulse-modulated signals such as radar and TDMA transmitters. The formula is shown as follows:

NewAvg =
$$20log \left(\frac{(k-1) \times 10^{\frac{OldAvg}{20}} + 10^{\frac{Newdata}{20}}}{k}\right)$$
 (2-17)

In the above formula, the parameter unit is dB.

3. Avg State

Enables or disables the auto average function. When the auto average function is enabled, the instrument will select the best average type based on the current settings. When you select one of the average types manually, the instrument will apply the selected type, and the auto average function is disabled automatically.

4. Limit

Sets the parameters of limit lines. After you press **Preset**, the limit line measurement function is disabled, but the data of the limit lines will be reserved. The limit line data will only be deleted when the loading mode is Default. When you exit the measurement mode, the limit line data will not be deleted.

1) Test Limits

Selects whether the displayed traces are tested against the corresponding limit lines. For each displayed trace, the corresponding limit line is turned on, and a message will be displayed at the upper-left corner of the trace to indicate whether the test passes or fails.

2) Select Limit

Selects the current limit line. By default, it is Limit1.

3) Limit State

Enables or disables the display of the limit line. When the limit line is on, the measurement interface displays the limit line, and the corresponding traces are tested based on the current limit lines. Each limit line is displayed in a different color.

4) Edit Limit

When "Display State" of the limit line is set to "On", this menu is valid. When you press this key to enter the editing menu, open the limit editing window. Then, the current limit line will be turned on. Close the peak table, and open the trace that corresponds to the limit line.

- **Type**: Selects the type of the current limit line to be "Upper" or "Lower". If the trace amplitude is greater than the amplitude of the upper limit line and smaller than that of the lower limit line, then the test fails.
- X To CF: When "Fixed" is selected, the frequency of the current editing point will not be affected by the center frequency. When "Relative" is selected, the frequency of the current editing point is the difference between the frequency of the point and the current center frequency. At this time, if the center frequency changes, then the position of the

current editing point changes along with the center frequency.

- Y To Ref: When "Fixed" is selected, the amplitude of the current editing point will not be affected by the reference level. When "Relative" is selected, the amplitude of the current editing point is the difference between the amplitude of the point and that of the current reference level. At this time, if the reference level changes, then the position of the current editing point changes along with the reference level.
- **Margin State:** Enables or disables the display of the margin. When you enable the display of the margin, the measurement interface displays the margin lines; when you disable the display of the margin, the margin is invalid.
- Margin: Sets the margin for the current limit line.
- **Navigation:** Selects the first line of the limit line table.
- **Frequency:** Edits the frequency of the current point. When Rel Freq is selected, edit the frequency difference between the frequency of the current point and the center frequency.
- **Amplitude:** Edits the amplitude of the current point. If the Rel Ampt is enabled, edit the amplitude difference between the amplitude of the current point and the reference level.
- Append Point: Inserts an edit point.
- Delete Point: Deletes the point that you are editing.
- **Build From:** Sets a trace for building the limit line. The range is from Trace1 to Trace6.
- **Build:** Builds the limit line according to the selected trace.
- **Copy From:** Copies the selected limit line into the current limit line. The range is from Limit1 to Limit6.
- **Copy:** Performs the limit line copy operation.
- X Offset: Sets the frequency offset of the current limit line.
- Y Offset: Sets the amplitude offset of the current limit line.
- **Apply Offset:** Adds the X and Y offsets to each point of the current limit line, then resets the X and Y offset values to 0.

Tip: You can touch any point in the trace display window on the screen to edit the current point to be the limit line data point. You can also drag the point to adjust the position of the current edit point, that is, to change the frequency/amplitude of the current point.

5) Test Trace

Sets the trace for the current limit line test.

6) Delete Limit

Deletes the currently selected limit line. The data of the current limit line will be cleared and they will be restored to factory defaults.

7) Deletes All Limits

Deletes all limit lines. After you press the menu, the data of all the limit lines will be cleared and they will be restored to factory defaults.

5. Auto Couple

When you enable "Auto Couple" function, all the manual/auto settings in the current measurement mode will be set to "Auto". This operation does not affect other measurement modes.

In auto state, the auto coupled parameters are changed with their coupled parameters. The auto coupling operation will ensure the optimal performance of the instrument. After the operation, all the auto coupled parameters will immediately be automatically reset based on the coupled parameters.

6. Meas Preset

Restores all parameters of the current measurement mode to their factory default values.

Time-domain Power (T-Power)

Measurement Interface:



Figure 2-5 T-Power Measurement Interface

Measurement Result: T-power, i.g. the power of the signal from the start line to stop line.

Measurement Parameters: average count, average mode, average auto, power type, start line, and stop line.

1. Avg Number

Specifies the number of times for averaging the measurement results. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|------------|
| Default | 10 |
| Range | 1 to 1,000 |
| Unit | None |
| Knob Step | 1 |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | 1 |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 1 |

 Table 2-31 Average Count of T-Power Measurement

2. Avg Mode

Sets the average mode to "Exponential" or "Repeat". The default average mode is "Exponential".

- When "Exponential" is selected, the result is the exponential average of the measurement results obtained in the past N times (N is specified in "Avg Number").
- When "Repeat" is selected, the result is the arithmetic average of the measurement results obtained in the past N times (N is specified in "Avg Number").

3. Avg State

Selects whether to auto averaging the measurement results. By default, it is set to "On".

4. TP Type

• Peak

Displays the power of the signal (with the maximum amplitude) between the start line and stop line. The detector type is set to "Pos Peak" automatically.

• Average

Displays the average power of signals between the start line and stop line. The detector type is set to "Voltage Avg" automatically.

• RMS

Displays the root mean square value (expressed in W) of the voltages of signals between the start line and stop line. The detector type is set to "RMS Avg" automatically.

5. Start Line

Sets the left margin (in time unit) of T-Power measurement. The calculation range for the data of T-Power measurement is from the start line to the stop line. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Table 2 32 Start Line for 11 Ower Medsarement | |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| Parameter | Remarks |
| Default | 0 μs |
| Range | 0 μs to (current value of stop line) |
| Unit | s, ms, μ s , ns, ps |
| Knob Step | sween time/600 Min 1 us |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | sweep time/600, Min = 1 μ s |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step |

Table 2-32 Start Line for T-Power Measurement

6. Stop Line

Sets the right margin (in time unit) of T-Power measurement. The calculation range for the data of T-Power measurement is from the start line to the stop line.

You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|---|
| Default | 1 ms |
| Range | current value of start line to current value of sweep time |
| Unit | s, ms, μ s, ns, ps |
| Knob Step | sweep time/600, Min = 1 µs |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | sweep time/600, with = 1 μ s |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step |

Table 2-33 Stop Line for T-Power Measurement

7. Auto Couple

When you enable "Auto Couple" function, all the manual/auto settings in the current measurement mode will be set to "Auto".

In auto state, the auto coupled parameters are changed with their coupled parameters. The auto coupling operation will ensure the optimal performance of the instrument. After the operation, all the auto coupled parameters will immediately be automatically reset based on the coupled parameters.

8. Meas Preset

Restores all parameters of the current measurement mode to their factory default values.

ACP

Measurement Interface:



Figure 2-6 Adjacent Channel Power Measurement Interface

Measurement Results: main channel power, upper-adjacent channel power, and lower-adjacent channel power.

- Main channel power: displays the power within the bandwidth of the main channel.
- Upper: displays the power of the upper channel and the power difference between the upper channel and the main channel (in dBc).
- Lower: displays the power of the lower channel and the power difference between the lower channel and the main channel (in dBc).

Measurement Parameters: average count, average mode, auto average, main channel bandwidth, adjacent channel bandwidth, and channel spacing.

1. Avg Number

Specifies the number of times for averaging the measurement results. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Table 2 34 Average count of Acr measurement | |
|---|------------|
| Parameter | Remarks |
| Default | 10 |
| Range | 1 to 1,000 |
| Unit | None |
| Knob Step | 1 |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | 1 |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 1 |

 Table 2-34 Average Count of ACP Measurement

2. Avg Mode

Sets the average mode to "Exponential" or "Repeat". The default average type is "Exponential".

- When "Exponential" is selected, the result is the exponential average of the measurement results obtained in the past N times (N is specified in "Avg Number").
- When "Repeat" is selected, the result is the arithmetic average of the measurement results obtained in the past N times (N is specified in "Avg Number").

3. Avg State

Selects whether to averaging the measurement results. By default, it is set to "On".

4. Main Chan BW

Sets the bandwidth of the main channel, and the power of the main channel is the power integral within this bandwidth. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|--|
| Default | 2 MHz |
| Range | 3 Hz to 1 GHz |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz |
| Knob Step | main channel bandwidth/100, $Min = 1 Hz$ |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step |

Table 2-35 Main Channel Bandwidth for ACP Measurement

5. Adj Chan BW

Sets the frequency width of the adjacent channels.

- The adjacent channel bandwidth is related to the main channel bandwidth, and the settable range is from (main channel bandwidth/20) to (main channel bandwidth x 20).
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Table 2 30 Adjacent endniner Banawiath for Aler Medsarement | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Parameter | Remarks |
| Default | 2 MHz |
| Range | 3 Hz to 1 GHz |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz |
| Knob Step | adjacent channel bandwidth/100, |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | Min = 1 Hz |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step |

Table 2-36 Adjacent Channel Bandwidth for ACP Measurement

6. Chan Spacing

Sets the spacing between the center frequency of the main channel and that of the adjacent channels.

- Adjusting this parameter will also adjust the distance between the upper/lower channel and the main channel.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Default | 2 MHz |
| Range | 3 Hz to 1 GHz |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz |
| Knob Step | channel spacing/100, Min = 1 Hz |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step |

For details about the **Auto Couple** and **Meas Preset** menus, refer to their descriptions on Page 2-45.

Multichan Pwr

Measurement Interface:



Figure 2-7 Multi-channel Power Measurement Interface

Measurement Results: channel power and power spectral density

- Channel Power: power within the channel span.
- Power Spectral Density: power (in dBm/Hz) normalized to 1 Hz within the channel span.

Measurement Parameters: average count, average mode, auto average, channel frequency, and channel span.

1. Avg Number

Specifies the number of times for averaging the measurement results. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Table 2-38 Average Count for Multi-channel Power Measurement |
|--|
|--|

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|------------|
| Default | 10 |
| Range | 1 to 1,000 |
| Unit | None |
| Knob Step | 1 |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | 1 |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 1 |

2. Avg Mode

Sets the average mode to "Exponential" or "Repeat". The default average mode is "Exponential".

- When "Exponential" is selected, the result is the exponential average of the measurement results obtained in the past N times (N is specified in "Avg Number").
- When "Repeat" is selected, the result is the arithmetic average of the measurement results obtained in the past N times (N is specified in "Avg Number").

3. Avg State

Selects whether to averaging the measurement results. By default, it is set to "On".

4. Edit Channel

1) Channel Sheet

Opens or closes the channel editing table. When you select "On", the screen is split into two sections. The left section displays a channel editing table, and the right section displays the traces.

2) Navigations

Selects the first line of the channel editing table. Note that when you select "Off" under **Channel Sheet**, this menu is invalid.

3) Channel Frequency

- In the channel editing table, when a channel is selected, this menu displays the center frequency of the selected channel. If you modify the frequency at this time, the center frequency of the corresponding selected channel will be updated at the same time.
- When no channel is selected in the channel editing table, this menu displays the center frequency of the last selected channel. At this time, you can set the center frequency of the channel according to your needs, and then press **Add Channel** to add a channel.

4) Channel Span

Sets the frequency width of the channel to be tested, and the power of the channel is the power integral within this bandwidth. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

- In the channel editing table, when a channel is selected, this menu displays the channel span of the selected channel. If you modify the span at this time, the span of the corresponding selected channel will be updated at the same time.
- When no channel is selected in the channel editing table, this menu displays the span of the last selected channel. At this time, you can set
the span of the channel according to your needs, and then press **Add Channel** to add a channel.

| Parameter | Remarks | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Default | 3 GHz | | | | |
| Range | 10 Hz to 2*Min[(channel | | | | |
| | frequency - start frequency), | | | | |
| | (stop frequency - channel | | | | |
| | frequency)] | | | | |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz | | | | |
| Knob Step | shappel span/100 Min 1 Hz | | | | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | channel span/100, Min = 1 Hz | | | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step | | | | |

Table 2-39 Channel Span

5) Add Channel

- If a channel is selected in the table editing table, pressing this key can add a channel that is the same as the selected channel to the table.
- When no channel is selected in the channel editing table, pressing this key can add a channel whose center frequency is the same as the value under Channel Freq and whose span is the same as the value under Channel Span.

Note that when you select "Off" under **Channel Sheet**, this **Add Channel** menu is also valid.

6) Delete Channel

Press this key to delete the currently selected channel. Note that when you select "Off" under **Channel Sheet** or no channel is selected, this **Delete Channel** menu is invalid.

7) Deletes All Channels

Press **Del All Channel** to clear data in the channel editing table, i.g. deleting all the channels.

Note that when you select "Off" under **Channel Sheet**, this **Del All Channel** menu is also valid.

For details about the **Auto Couple** and **Meas Preset** menus, refer to their descriptions on Page 2-45.

Occupied BW

Measurement Interface:



Figure 2-8 OBW Measurement Interface

Measurement Results: occupied bandwidth and transmit frequency error.

- OBW: Use the integral calculation method to calculate the power within the whole span, and then calculate the bandwidth occupied by the power based on the specified power ratio.
- Transmit Frequency Error: indicates the difference between the center frequency of the channel and that of the spectrum analyzer.

Measurement Parameters: average count, average mode, auto average, max hold, span, and power ratio.

1. Avg Number

Specifies the number of times for averaging the measurement results. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Parameter | Remarks | | | |
|---------------------------|------------|--|--|--|
| Default | 10 | | | |
| Range | 1 to 1,000 | | | |
| Unit | None | | | |
| Knob Step | 1 | | | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | 1 | | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 1 | | | |

 Table 2-40 Average Count for OBW Measurement

2. Avg Mode

Sets the average mode to "Exponential" or "Repeat". The default average mode is "Exponential".

- When "Exponential" is selected, the result is the exponential average of the measurement results obtained in the past N times (N is specified in "Avg Number").
- When "Repeat" is selected, the result is the arithmetic average of the measurement results obtained in the past N times (N is specified in "Avg Number").

3. Avg State

Selects whether to averaging the measurement results. By default, it is set to "On".

4. Max Hold

Enables or disables max hold. By default, it is "Off".

- When Max Hold is enabled, each measurement result is compared with the previous result, and then display whichever is the maximum.
- When Max Hold is disabled, the current measurement result is displayed.
- Max Hold and average measurement mode are mutually exclusive. When Max Hold is enabled, the average measurement mode will be automatically disabled.

5. OBW Span

Sets the frequency range of integral calculation. The span is consistent with that of the spectrum analyzer. It is the frequency range of sweep. After it is set, the span of the spectrum analyzer will also be changed. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Parameter | Remarks | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Default | 2 MHz | | | | |
| Range | 10 Hz to 3 GHz | | | | |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz | | | | |
| Knob Step | OBW span/100, Min = 1 Hz | | | | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | OBW span 100, $WIII = 1 Hz$ | | | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step | | | | |

Table 2-41 Span for OBW Measurement

6. Power Ratio

Sets the percentage the signal power takes up in the whole span power. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

Table 2-42 Power Ratio for OBW Measurement

| Parameter | Remarks | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| Default | 99% | | | | |
| Range | 1% to 99.99% | | | | |
| Unit | % | | | | |
| Knob Step | 0.019/ | | | | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | 0.01% | | | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 1% | | | | |

For details about the **Auto Couple** and **Meas Preset** menus, refer to their descriptions on Page 2-45.

Emission Bandwidth (EBW)

Measurement Interface:



Figure 2-9 EBW Measurement Interface

Measurement Results: EBW, i.g. the bandwidth between two points on the signal which are X dB below the highest point within the span. During the measurement, the analyzer first determines the frequency (f_0) of the maximum amplitude point within the span, and then finds the two frequency points (f_1 and f_2) at the left and right side of f_0 at which the signal amplitude is X dB below the maximum amplitude. The EBW equals to f2-f1.

Measurement Parameters: average count, average mode, auto average, max hold, span, and X dB.

1. Avg Number

Specifies the number of times for averaging the measurement results. You can use the numeric keys, the knob or arrow keys to modify this parameter.

| Table 2 45 Average count for Ebw measurement | | | | | |
|--|------------|--|--|--|--|
| Parameter | Remarks | | | | |
| Default | 10 | | | | |
| Range | 1 to 1,000 | | | | |
| Unit | None | | | | |
| Knob Step | 1 | | | | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | 1 | | | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 1 | | | | |

Table 2-43 Average Count for EBW Measurement

RIGOL

2. Avg Mode

Sets the average mode to "Exponential" or "Repeat". The default average mode is "Exponential".

- When "Exponential" is selected, the result is the exponential average of the measurement results obtained in the past N times (N is specified in "Avg Number").
- When "Repeat" is selected, the result is the arithmetic average of the measurement results obtained in the past N times (N is specified in "Avg Number").

3. Avg State

Selects whether to averaging the measurement results. By default, it is set to "On".

4. Max Hold

Enables or disables max hold. By default, it is "Off".

- When Max Hold is enabled, each measurement result is compared with the previous result, and then display whichever is the maximum.
- When Max Hold is disabled, the current measurement result is displayed.
- Max Hold and average measurement mode are mutually exclusive. When Max Hold is enabled, the average measurement mode will be automatically disabled.

5. EBW Span

This span is consistent with the span of the spectrum analyzer. It refers to the frequency range of the sweep. After it is set, the span of the spectrum analyzer will be modified accordingly. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Parameter | Remarks | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Default | 2 MHz | | | | |
| Range | 10 Hz to 3 GHz | | | | |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz | | | | |
| Knob Step | EDW/ open/100 Min 1 Hz | | | | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | EBW span/100, Min = 1 Hz | | | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step | | | | |

Table 2-44 Span for EBW Measurement

6. EBW X dB

Sets the value of X dB, which is used for EBW calculation. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Remarks | | | | |
|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| -10 dB | | | | |
| -100 dB to -0.1 dB | | | | |
| dB | | | | |
| 0.1 dB | | | | |
| 0.1 UD | | | | |
| 1 dB | | | | |
| | | | | |

Table 2-45 X dB for EBW Measurement

For details about the **Auto Couple** and **Meas Preset** menus, refer to their descriptions on Page 2-45.

C/N Ratio (CNR)

Measurement Interface:



Figure 2-10 C/N Ratio Measurement Interface

Measurement Results: carrier power, noise power, and C/N ratio.

- Carrier Power: power within the carrier bandwidth.
- Noise Power: power within the noise bandwidth.
- C/N Ratio: the ratio of the carrier power to the noise power.

Measurement Parameters: average count, average mode, auto average, offset frequency, noise BW, and carrier bandwidth.

1. Avg Number

Specifies the number of times for averaging the measurement results. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Parameter | Remarks | | | |
|---------------------------|------------|--|--|--|
| Default | 10 | | | |
| Range | 1 to 1,000 | | | |
| Unit | None | | | |
| Knob Step | 1 | | | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | I | | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 1 | | | |

Table 2-46 Average Count for C/N Ratio Measurement

2. Avg Mode

Sets the average mode to "Exponential" or "Repeat". The default average mode is "Exponential".

- When "Exponential" is selected, the result is the exponential average of the measurement results obtained in the past N times (N is specified in "Avg Number").
- When "Repeat" is selected, the result is the arithmetic average of the measurement results obtained in the past N times (N is specified in "Avg Number").

3. Avg State

Selects whether to averaging the measurement results. By default, it is set to "On".

4. Offset Freq

Sets the difference between the center frequency of the carrier and that of the noise. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Table 2 47 Trequency offset for off Ratio Medsarement | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Parameter Remarks | | | | | | |
| Default | 2 MHz | | | | | |
| Range | 3 Hz to 1 GHz GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz | | | | | |
| Unit | | | | | | |
| Knob Step | offect frequency/100 Min 11 | | | | | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | offset frequency/100, Min = 1 Hz | | | | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step | | | | | |

Table 2-47 Frequency Offset for C/N Ratio Measurement

5. Noise BW

Sets the bandwidth of the noise to be measured. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

Table 2-48 Noise Bandwidth for C/N Ratio Measurement

| Parameter Remarks | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Default | 2 MHz | | | | |
| Range | 3 Hz to 1 GHz | | | | |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz | | | | |
| Knob Step | noise BW/100, Min = 1 Hz | | | | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | | | | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step | | | | |

6. Carrier BW

Sets the bandwidth of the carrier to be measured.

• The carrier bandwidth is related to the noise bandwidth, and the settable

range is from (noise bandwidth/20) to (noise bandwidth x 20).

• You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

Table 2-49 Carrier Bandwidth for C/N Ratio Measurement

| Parameter Remarks | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Default | 2 MHz | | | | |
| Range | 3 Hz to 1 GHz | | | | |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz | | | | |
| Knob Step | appriar pains (100 Min 1 Hz | | | | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | carrier noise/100, Min = 1 Hz | | | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | ep at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step | | | | |

For details about the **Auto Couple** and **Meas Preset** menus, refer to their descriptions on Page 2-45.

Harmo Dist (THD)

Measurement Interface:

| | Ext | | | ्राव | Harmo Dis | GPSA | | 18:11:16 |
|---|--------------------|-------------------------------------|--|---------------------------|------------|--------------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Center Freq : 2.400000 Span : | 000 GHz 0 Hz | Trace: 1 2 Type: W ₩ Det: P P | 3 4 5 6 + \+ \+ \+ \+ \+ P P P P | Atten: 10.0 Ref Level: | | Trig: Free Sig Track: | | pe: Log |
| -5 | | | | | | | | 0 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| -14 | | | | | | | | |
| -23 | | | | | | | | |
| -32 | | | | | | | | |
| -41 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| -50 | | | | | | | | |
| -59 | | | | | | | | |
| -68 mart low of a approximate to the affect | and a label of the | . to estimate a | Austaller | Muchau | u fata dit | 1 Blooketh o | and the second | Maller really |
| -77 | haddo an 1998 ad | Mahalanta | Muland | Area well | M MAN WI. | WWW/hp | i dha ti rak Mi | awlad A. I |
| | | | | · · · | 1 | · · · | | |
| -86 | | | | | | | | |
| -95 | | | | | | | | Span:0H: |
| #RBW : 1.0000 MHz | | | VBW : 1.00 | | | #C\ | NT : 1.00000 m | |
| #RBW : 1.0000 MHz | | | VDVV : 1.00 | | | #31 | vr : 1.00000 m | is (pts : 601 |
| Harmonic Distortion | | | Avg Mo | de Expor | nential | Avg Num | 10/10 | |
| | | F | req | Amp | | Freq | Am | p |
| THD | 0.50 % | | | | | | | |
| | | 1 3 | 00.00000 MHz | -10.13 dBn | n 6 | 1.8000000 | GHz -73.7 | 9 dBm |
| Real Harmonics | 10 | 2 6 | 00.00000 MHz | -54.34 dBn | n 7 | 2.1000000 | GHz -72.8 | 9 dBm |
| indu Haimonies | | 39 | 00.00000 MHz | -71.72 dBn | n 8 | 2.4000000 | 5Hz -70.8 | 1 dBm |
| Courses Times | 1 00000 | 4 1 | .2000000 GHz | -73.64 dBn | n 9 | 2.7000000 | GHz -70.6 | 2 dBm |
| Sweep Time | 1.00000 m | S 5 1 | .5000000 GHz | -74.12 dBn | n 1 | 0 3.0000000 | GHz -69.4 | 5 dBm |
| | | | | | | | | |

Figure 2-11 Harmonic Distortion Measurement Interface

Measurement Results: The amplitude of each order of harmonic and THD (total harmonic distortion) of the carrier. At most, 10th-order harmonic can be measured. **Measurement Parameters**: average count, average mode, auto average, number of harmonics, and sweep time.

1. Avg Number

Specifies the number of times for averaging the measurement results. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|------------|--|
| Default | 10 | |
| Range | 1 to 1,000 | |
| Unit | None | |
| Knob Step | 1 | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 1 | |

Table 2-50 Average Count for Harmo Dist Measurement

2. Avg Mode

Sets the average mode to "Exponential" or "Repeat". The default average mode

is "Exponential".

- When "Exponential" is selected, the result is the exponential average of the measurement results obtained in the past N times (N is specified in "Avg Number").
- When "Repeat" is selected, the result is the arithmetic average of the measurement results obtained in the past N times (N is specified in "Avg Number").

3. Avg State

Selects whether to averaging the measurement results. By default, it is set to "On".

4. No. of Harmo

Sets the number of the harmonics to be measured. It is used to calculate the total harmonic distortion. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

Table 2-51 Number of Harmonics for Harmo Dist Measurement

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|---------|
| Default | 10 |
| Range | 2 to 10 |
| Unit | None |
| Knob Step | 1 |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | 1 |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 1 |

5. Harmonic ST

Sets the sweep time of the harmonic measurement, namely the sweep time of the spectrum analyzer. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

 Table 2-52 Sweep Time for Harmo Dist Measurement

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Default | 1 ms | |
| Range | 1 µs to 6 ks | |
| Unit | s, ms, μ s , ns, ps | |
| Knob Step | 1 | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | 1 µs | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 100 µs | |

For details about the **Auto Couple** and **Meas Preset** menus, refer to their descriptions on Page 2-45.

Third-order Intercept (TOI)

Measurement Interface:



Figure 2-12 TOI Measurement Interface

Measurement Results:

Base Lower, Base Upper, 3rd Order Lower, 3rd Order Upper, frequency and amplitude of the above four signals, the amplitude difference between each signal and the base lower signal, as well as the 3rd order intercept point (Intercept) of the base lower signal and base upper signal.

3rd order lower intercept point = (power of base lower signal - power of 3rd order lower signal) + power of base lower signal; 3rd order upper intercept point = (power of base upper signal - power of 3rd order upper signal)/2 + power of base upper signal.

Measurement Parameters: average count, average mode, auto average, and span.

1. Avg Number

Specifies the number of times for averaging the measurement results. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Table 2-35 Average Count for TOT weasurement | | |
|--|------------|--|
| Parameter | Remarks | |
| Default | 10 | |
| Range | 1 to 1,000 | |
| Unit | None | |
| Knob Step | 1 | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | 1 | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 1 | |

Table 2-53 Average Count for TOI Measurement

2. Avg Mode

Sets the average mode to "Exponential" or "Repeat". The default average mode is "Exponential".

- When "Exponential" is selected, the result is the exponential average of the measurement results obtained in the past N times (N is specified in "Avg Number").
- When "Repeat" is selected, the result is the arithmetic average of the measurement results obtained in the past N times (N is specified in "Avg Number").

3. Avg State

Selects whether to averaging the measurement results. By default, it is set to "On".

4. TOI Span

This span is consistent with the span of the spectrum analyzer. It refers to the frequency range of the sweep. After it is set, the span of the spectrum analyzer will be modified accordingly. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Default | 2 MHz | |
| Range | 10 Hz to 3 GHz | |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz | |
| Knob Step | TOI distortion span/100, | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | Min = 1 Hz | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step | |

Table 2-54 Span for TOI Measurement

For details about the **Auto Couple** and **Meas Preset** menus, refer to their descriptions on Page 2-45.

VSWR

Measurement Interface:

| RIG Mkr1 Fr | | Rmt Ex | | TG on | | ≡GPSA | 15:01:35 2017/12/11 |
|----------------|--------------|--------|----------------|---------------|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Am | | 27.31 | dDm Type: W | ₩₩₩₩ PfPPP | Atten: 10.00 dB Ref Level: 0.00 dBm | Trig: Free Run Sig Track: Off | Avg Type: Log |
| 70-1 | | | Dec. r | | Ker Eevel. 0.00 ubiii | Sig Hack. On | wg type. cog |
| 55 | | | | | | | |
| 40 | | | | | | | |
| 25 | | 2 | | | | _3 | |
| 10 | | | | | | Ť | |
| -5 | | | | | | | |
| -20 | | | | | | | |
| -35 | | | | | | | |
| -50 | | | | | | | |
| -65 | | | | | | | |
| -80 | | | | | | | |
| | req : 20.000 | | | | | | op Freq : 300.00 MHz |
| #RBW | : 100.00 kH | z | | VBW : 100.0 | 0 kHz | SWT : 28 | 3.0000 ms (pts : 801) |
| | VSWR | | | | | | |
| Marke | r Trace | Туре | X Axis | Return Lo | ss Reflect Coeffi | cent VSWR | |
| | 3 | Freq | 149.850000 MHz | -27.31 d | B 23.2028 | -1.09008 | |
| 2 | 3 | Freq | 69.700000 MHz | -3.48 dE | 1.49351 | -5.05261 | |
| 3 | 3 | Freq | 216.000000 MHz | -4.18 dE | 1.61752 | -4.23877 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Figure 2-13 VSWR Measurement Interface

Measurement Results: return loss, reflection coefficient, and VSWR.

- Return loss: also called reflection loss. It is calculated according to the formula: $RL(dB) = 10 \lg (P_r/P_i)$. Wherein, RL(dB) is return loss, P_i is incident power, and P_r is reflected power.
- Reflection coefficient: indicates the ratio of reflected voltage to the incident voltage.
- VSWR: indicates the ratio of maximum voltage to minimum voltage in standing wave pattern.

VSWR bridge and the tracking generator (RSA3030E-TG/RSA3015E-TG) are required during measurement. Two measurements have to be performed according to the measurement wizard at the lower section of the interface: measurement with the DUT disconnected (represented by Trace6) and measurement with the DUT connected (represented by Trace1). The return loss is determined by the difference (represented by the math trace) of the results of the two measurements. The reflection coefficient and VSWR are calculated according to the return loss.

1. Reset

Resets the VSWR measurement parameters to their default values.

2. Cal Open

After you disconnect the instrument, press this key, and then the instrument executes the first measurement. The measurement result is represented by Trace6.

3. VSWR

After you connect the instrument, press this key, and then the instrument executes the second measurement. The measurement result is represented by Trace1. At the same time, the analyzer calculates the difference (represented by the math trace) between the two measurement results. Then the return loss, reflection coefficient, and VSWR are calculated based on the difference.

4. Selected Marker

Select one of the eight markers. By default, Marker1 is selected. When a marker is selected, you can set its state. The selected marker is marked on the math trace. The measurement result at the current marker is displayed in the measurement wizard.

5. Marker Mode

Sets the type of the currently selected marker.

6. Marker Freq

Sets the frequency of the selected marker.

7. Ref Value

Sets the reference level to adjust the ver<u>tical position of the trace on the screen.</u>

- Different from **Ref Level** under the **AMPT** menu, modifying this parameter does not affect the reference level of the analyzer.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Default 0 dB | | |
| Range | -200 dB to 200 dB | |
| Unit | dB | |
| Knob Step | 1 dB | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 10 dB | |

Table 2-55 VSWR Ref Value

Marker Measurement

Marker

Marker is a triangle sign (as shown in the following figure), which is used for marking the point on the trace. Through the marker, you can read the amplitude and frequency of the point on the trace, or the sweep time point.



Figure 2-14 Marker

Remarks:

- RSA3000E offers 8 markers. Each time, one marker or one pair of markers can be turned on.
- In the Marker menu, you can use the numeric keys, the knob, or the arrow keys to modify frequency or time; to view the readout of different points on the trace. You can also use the touch screen to do the above things.

Selected Marker

RSA3000E provides 8 markers. By default, Marker1 is selected under "Selected Marker". After you select a marker, you can set parameters such as the marker mode, the marker trace, and marker readout. The currently enabled marker will be marked on the trace selected under **Marker Trace**. The readout of the currently activated marker at the marker point will be displayed in the measurement result bar at the upper-left corner of the screen.

Marker Mode

Sets the type of the marker. The available marker modes include Position, Delta, Fixed, and Off.

1. Position

It is used to measure the X (Frequency or Time) and Y (Amplitude) values of a certain point on the trace. When "Position" is selected, a marker indicated by a number ("1") appears on the trace.

Remarks:

- If no active marker exists currently, a marker will be enabled at the center frequency of the current trace.
- The readout resolution of the X-axis (frequency or time) is related to the span. To obtain a higher readout resolution, reduce the span.

2. Delta

It is used to measure the difference between "reference point" and "certain point on the trace": X (frequency or time) and Y (amplitude) value. When "Delta" is selected, a pair of markers appears on the trace: Reference Marker (marked by "X") and the Delta Marker (marked by " Δ ").

Remarks:

- If an active marker exists currently, then activate a reference marker at the current marker; otherwise activate both the reference marker and Delta marker at the same time at the center frequency.
- When you change the position of the Delta marker, the position of the reference marker remains unchanged, but the frequency (or time) difference between the two markers will change along with it.
- The frequency (or time) difference between the two markers and the amplitude difference between them are displayed in the measurement result bar at the upper-left corner of the screen.

Application of the "Delta" Marker

It is used to measure the S/N ratio of the single spectrum signal. Move the reference marker to the location where the signal resides, and move the Delta marker to the location where the noise resides. The amplitude displayed in the measurement results is S/N ratio.

3. Fixed

When you select "Fixed" marker, you can directly or indirectly set the X-axis and Y-axis values for the marker. Once specified, its position remains unchanged, and its Y-axis value does not change along with the trace. The fixed marker is generally used as the reference marker for the Delta marker. It is indicated by the sign "X".

4. Off

Turns off the marker currently selected. Then, the marker information displayed in the screen and the functions concerning the marker will also be disabled.

Reference Marker

Sets the reference marker for the current marker. By default, the reference marker is the marker next to it.

Remarks:

- Each marker can have another marker to be its reference marker.
- If the current marker is a Delta marker, the measurement result of the marker will be determined by the reference marker.
- Any marker cannot take itself to be the reference marker.

Marker Trace

Selects the trace that the current marker marks. It can be Trace1, Trace2, Trace3, Trace4, Trace5, or Trace6. One marker can only mark one trace. The selected trace determines the position of the marker, the readout unit of the marker, and the final readout results.

Marker Trace Auto

Enables or disables the auto marking trace function.

Remarks:

• When you enable the marker's auto marking trace function, the marker shifts from its off state to on state, and the marker's marking trace is automatically

determined by the instrument.

- When you disable the marker's auto marking trace function, whatever states of the marker and the trace, the marker will be associated to the current marker trace.
- If you specify the marker's marking trace manually, the marker's auto marking trace function is automatically disabled.

Marker Freq | Time

Sets the frequency (non-zero span) or time (zero span) of the marker to change the position of the marker on the trace. Press this key to modify the value to change the position of the marker.

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|---|
| Default | 1.5 GHz |
| Range | 0 to 3 GHz |
| Unit | Readout = Frequency (or $1/\Delta$ time), the |
| | available unit is GHz, MHz, kHz, or Hz. |
| | Readout = Time (or Period), the |
| | available unit is s, ms, µs, ns, or ps. |
| Knob Step | Readout = Frequency (or $1/\Delta$ time), |
| | step = span/(sweep points - 1) |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | Readout = Time (or Period), step = |
| | sweep time/(sweep points - 1) |
| | Readout = Frequency (or $1/\Delta$ time), |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | step = span/10 |
| Op/Down Anow Rey Step | Readout = Time (or Period), step = |
| | sweep time/10 |

Table 2-56 Marker Frequency

Marker Amplitude

When the marker type is set to "fixed", you can press this key to set the Y value of the current marker.

Marker Readout

Selects a desired readout type of the X-axis for the marker and each marker can be configured with different readout types. This setting will change the readout type and will not change the actual value. The setting will affect the marker readouts in the measurement result bar at the upper-left corner of the screen.

1. Frequency

If you select "Frequency" to be the readout type, the "Position" and the "Fixed" marker modes display the absolute frequency; whereas the "Delta" marker mode displays the frequency difference between the Delta marker and the reference marker. In non-zero span mode, the default readout is "Frequency".

2. Time

If you select "Time" to be the readout type, the "Position" and the "Fixed" marker modes display the time difference between the marker and the start of the sweep; whereas the "Delta" marker mode displays the sweep time difference between the Delta marker and the reference marker. In zero span mode, the default readout is "Time".

3. I/Time

If you select "I/Time" to be the readout type, it displays the reciprocal of sweep time difference between the Delta marker and the reference marker. When the time difference is zero, the reciprocal is infinite, and "---" is displayed.

4. Period

If you select "Period" to be the readout type, the "Position" and the "Fixed" marker modes display the reciprocal of the marker frequency; whereas the "Delta" marker displays the reciprocal of the frequency difference. When the frequency difference is zero, the reciprocal is infinite, and "---" is displayed.

Readout Auto

Enables or disables the readout auto function.

Remarks:

- When you enable the function, if the trace is the frequency-domain trace, then the readout mode is frequency.
- If the marker is in auto reading state, and the marker trace changes, then the readout mode should be re-determined based on the destination trace.
- If the readout mode of X-axis is manually set, then the X-axis value will not change with the trace.

Line State

Enables or disables the marker line.

Remarks:

• When you enable the marker line, a cross line is displayed at the amplitude point where the marker resides. The width of the horizontal line and the height of the vertical line are consistent with the length and height of the graticule in the

waveform display area.

• If the marker is not visible in the selected area, extend the marker line to the display area for better observation. This function is useful for the marker outside the display area. The marker extension line can better display the amplitude of the marker, making it easy for you to observe and compare.

Couple Markers

Enables or disables the couple marker function.

Remarks:

- When this function is enabled, moving any marker will enable other markers (except the Fixed or Off marker) to move with it.
- The fixed marker does not move along with other marker, but if the fixed marker moves, other non-fixed markers will move with it.

Marker Table

Enables or disables the marker table.

When it is set to "On", the lower section of the split screen displays all the enabled markers in the form of lists. They include marker number, trace number, marker readout type, X-axis readout, and amplitude. Through this table, you can view the measurement values of multiple points.

Note: The marker table currently opened can be saved to the internal or external memory, and you can recall it at any time if you need. Press **Save** to save it according to descriptions in "**Save**".



Figure 2-15 Marker Table

Marker All Off

Turns off all the enabled markers and their related functions.

Marker To

Sets the other system parameters (such as center frequency and reference level) by using the current marker values. Press any key under **Marker To** to activate a marker automatically if no marker is currently enabled.

Mkr->CF

Sets the center frequency of the analyzer to the frequency of the current marker.

- If Position marker is selected, the center frequency will be set to the frequency of the current marker.
- If Delta marker is selected, the center frequency will be set to the frequency of the Delta marker.
- This function is invalid in zero span.

Mkr->CF Step

Sets the center frequency step of the analyzer to the frequency of the current marker.

- If Position marker is selected, the center frequency step will be set to the frequency of the current marker.
- If Delta marker is selected, the center frequency step will be set to the frequency difference between the Delta marker and the reference marker.
- This function is invalid in zero span.

Mkr->Start

Sets the start frequency of the analyzer to the frequency of the current marker.

- If Position marker is selected, the start frequency will be set to the frequency of the current marker.
- If Delta marker is selected, the start frequency will be set to the frequency of the Delta marker.
- This function is invalid in zero span.

Mkr->Stop

Sets the stop frequency of the analyzer to the frequency of the current marker.

- If Position marker is selected, the stop frequency will be set to the frequency of the current marker.
- If Delta marker is selected, the stop frequency will be set to the frequency of the Delta marker.
- This function is invalid in zero span.

Mkr->Ref

Sets the reference level of the analyzer to the amplitude of the current marker.

- If Position marker is selected, the reference level will be set to the amplitude of the current marker.
- Given a Delta marker, if the current marker is the reference marker, then the reference level is set to the amplitude of the reference marker; if the current marker is the Delta marker, then the reference level is set to the amplitude of the Delta marker.

Mkr**∆**->CF

Sets the center frequency of the analyzer to the frequency difference between the two Delta markers.

- Only when "Delta" marker is selected, can this function be valid.
- This function is invalid in zero span.

Mkr∆->Span

Sets the span of the analyzer to the frequency difference between the two Delta markers.

- Only when "Delta" marker is selected, can this function be valid.
- This function is invalid in zero span.

Marker Function

N dB State

Enables or disables the N dB bandwidth measurement function.

Note: In the N dB measurement state, if the current marker is disabled, then the N dB BW measurement function is also disabled.

N dB Bandwidth

Sets the N dB value.

The N dB Bandwidth denotes the frequency difference between two points that are located on both sides of the current marker and with N dB fall (N<0) or rise (N>0) in amplitude, as shown in the figure below.



Figure 2-16 N dB Bandwidth Measurement

Remarks:

- When the measurement starts, the analyzer will search for the two points which are located at both sides of the current point with N dB fall or rise in amplitude. Once the two points are found, the analyzer will display the frequency difference between the two points in the active function area. Once not found, "----" would be displayed.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify the value of N.

For details, refer to descriptions in "Parameter Setting".

| Table 2-37 N ub bw Falameter Settings | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| Parameter | Remarks | |
| Default | -3.01 dB | |
| Range | -140 dB to -0.01 dB | |
| Unit | dB | |
| Knob Step | 1 dB | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | IUD | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 1 dB | |

Table 2-57 N dB BW Parameter Settings

Band Function

The band function defines the corresponding parameters for a frequency band to measure the signal at the marker point. When the band function is enabled and "Detector Auto" is enabled, then the Detector Type is automatically modified to "Average (RMS)".

1. Noise

When the noise measurement function is enabled, the measurement result of the Y-axis is the average noise level normalized to 1 Hz within the frequency band.

2. Band Power

In non-zero span mode, it calculates the total power within a span. In zero span mode, it calculates the average power within a certain time range.

3. Band Density

In non-zero span mode, the band density is the total power within the bandwidth to be measured divided by the measurement bandwidth. In zero span mode, the band density is the measured band power divided by Bn (Bn refers to the noise bandwidth of the RBW filter.)

4. Off

Disables the band function. Disabling the band function will neither affect the frequency band parameters nor disable the marker.

Band Adjust

Adjusts the bandwidth parameters for the band function.

1. Band Span

Sets the bandwidth of the signal involved in the calculation for the band function.

2. Band Left

Sets the left edge frequency of the signal involved in the calculation for the band function.

3. Band Right

Sets the right edge frequency of the signal involved in the calculation for the band function.

4. Band Span Auto

Sets the manual/auto setting of the band span. When it is set to "Auto", the band span is 5% of the span or 5% of the sweep time. When you select "Manual", you can press **Band Span** to set it.

Marker Counter

Enables or disables the frequency counter function of the current marker.

Remarks:

- If no active marker currently exists, turning on the frequency counter will open a Position marker automatically.
- The frequency readout will be more accurate when the frequency counter is enabled.
- In zero span mode, enabling the frequency counter can measure the frequency near the center frequency.
- In the Delta marker mode, if the current reference marker is not a fixed type, then the reference marker can also be used for frequency counting.

Gate Time

Sets the length of time for the marker counter to make gate measurement.

| Parameter Remarks | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Default | 100 ms | |
| Range | 1 µs to 500 ms | |
| Unit | s, ms, μ s , ns, ps | |
| Knob Step | gate time/100, Min = 1 µs | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | gate time/100, MIII = 1 μ S | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step | |

Table 2-58 Gate Time

Gate Time Auto

Turns on or off the auto gate time for marker counter.

Remarks:

- Enables the auto gate time, and the gate time of the marker count is determined by the instrument automatically.
- When the auto gate time is disabled, press **Gate Time** to set it.

RIGOL

Peak

The peak search function enables the marker to move to the specific signal peak point, and then in combination with the function of Delta marker, it can provide a powerful analysis capability.

Peak Search

Performs the peak search function.

Remarks:

- If "Max" is selected under **Search Mode**, the system will search for the maximum value on the trace and mark it with a marker.
- If "Para" is selected under **Search Mode**, the system will search for the peak of the specified parameter on the trace and mark the peak with a marker.
- The peak search for the Next Peak, Next Peak Right, Next Peak Left, or peaks in the peak table must meet the specified peak search condition.
- When no peak meets the specified peak search condition, "No peak found" is displayed.

Next Peak

Searches for and marks the peak whose amplitude on the trace is next to that of the current peak and which meets the peak search condition.

Next Peak Right

Searches for and marks the nearest peak which is located at the right side of the current peak and meets the peak search condition.

Next Peak Left

Searches for and mark the nearest peak which is located at the left side of the current peak and meets the peak search condition.

Minimum Search

Searches for and marks the peak with the minimum amplitude on the trace.

Pk-Pk Search

Executes Peak Search and Minimum Peak functions at the same time, and marks the results with the Delta marker. Wherein, the result of Peak Search is marked with the reference marker and the result of Minimum Peak is marked with the Delta marker.

Cont Peak

Enables or disables continuous peak search. By default, it is Off. When it is enabled, after finishing each sweep, the analyzer will automatically execute one peak search operation to track the measurement signal.

When the marker is a fixed type, the Cont Peak menu is grayed out and disabled. The signal track and continuous peak functions are mutually exclusive. Once either of them is enabled, the menu of the other one will be grayed out. When the Cont Peak function is on, if the current marker is off, set the marker to Position mode, and then execute the peak search operation.

Difference between Cont Peak and Signal Track

In Cont Peak, the system always searches for the maximum in the current frequency channel; while in Signal Track, the system will search for and mark the point (with no more than 3 dB variation in amplitude) near the marker before Signal Track is enabled, and then set the frequency of this point to be the center frequency.

Peak Config

1. Peak Threshold

Specifies the minimum value of the peak amplitude. Only when the peak is greater than the peak threshold, can it be judged as a peak.

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Default | -90 dBm | |
| Range | -200 dBm to 0 dBm | |
| Unit | dBm, -dBm, V, mV, uV | |
| Knob Step | 1 dBm | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | ГОБП | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 5 dBm | |

Table 2-59 Peak Threshold

2. Threshold State

Enables or disables the peak threshold function.

3. Peak Excursion

Sets the amplitude of the peak. It defines the minimum amplitude variation required for a signal to be identified as peak.

Table 2-60 Peak Excursion

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| Default | 6 dB |
| Range | 0 dB to 100 dB |
| Unit | dB |
| Knob Step | 1 dB |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 5 dB |

4. Excursion State

Enables or disables the peak excursion function.

Remarks:

- When the peak excursion function is enabled, press Peak Excursion to set it.
- When the peak excursion function is disabled, the **Peak Excursion** menu is disabled and grayed out.

5. Threshold Line

Sets whether to display the peak threshold line or not. By default, it is off.

Remarks:

- When the threshold state is on, the threshold line is, by default, on; when the threshold state is off, the threshold line is off. The threshold line displays the amplitude it represents.
- If the excursion state is on, then the peak amplitude line will be displayed at the top of the peak threshold, and the peak area will be displayed at the left section.



6. Search Mode

Sets the peak search condition: maximum value on the trace or the parameter that meets the search criteria.

- The available options are Max and Para. If "Max" is selected, the system searches for the maximum value on the trace. This setting applies only to the peak search executed by pressing Peak. Other searches such as Next Peak, Next Peak Right, and Next Peak Left are all searched based on "Para".
- If "Para" is selected, the system searches for the peak that meets the search criteria on the trace.

Peak Table

Turns on or off the peak table. By default, it is Off.

When the peak table is turned on, the display is split into a measurement window and a peak table display window. The peak table will be displayed at the lower section of the screen, displaying the searched parameters (frequency and amplitude) that meet the criteria. You can use the externally connected mouse to click and drag the slide bar, use the scroll wheel in the middle of the mouse, use the touch screen gestures, press the Up/Down arrow keys and the corresponding keyboard shortcut keys to page up and down the peak table.

The marker table currently opened can be saved to the internal or external memory of the analyzer, and you can recall it at any time if you need. Press **Save** to save it according to descriptions in "**Save**".

| lkr1 Fre Amp | | Rm Type: W ₩ ₩ | ₩₩₩ A1 | tten: 23.00 dB ef Level: 12.02 dBm | GPSA Trig: Free Run Sig Track: Off Avg 1 | 2017/12 |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| 3 | | | 1 | | Marker Freq | |
| 3 | | | | | 1.0000000 | 00 GHz |
| 3 | 4 | 3 | $-/ \rangle$ | 2 | 5 | |
| 10 |) 15/14 13 | | 818 | | 9_{20} 7 | 1117 ^^^^ |
| 3 | | | | νγ | | |
| Center F RBW : 1. | req : 1.0000 GHz 000 kHz | V | 'BW : 1.000 kHz | · · · · · · | Spa SWT : 100.000 | an : 100.00 ms (pts : 8 |
| F | eak Table | | | | | |
| Num | X Axis | Amp | Num | X Axis | Amp | |
| | 1.000000000 GHz | -14.63 dBm | 2 | 1.000011000 GHz | -41.68 dBm | |
| 3 | 999.989000 MHz | -41.72 dBm | 4 | 999.967000 MHz | -52.33 dBm | |
| 5 | 1.000033000 GHz | -52.39 dBm | 6 | 999.977875 MHz | -76.00 dBm | |
| 7 | 1.000038000 GHz | -78.16 dBm | 8 | 999.994000 MHz | -78.55 dBm | |

Figure 2-17 Peak Table

Peak Table Sort

Selects the peak table sorting rule. Two options are available: Freq and Ampl. That is, list the peak in the order of ascending frequency or descending amplitude.

Pk Table Readout

Sets the peak display condition to All, >Display Line, or <Display Line.

• All

Lists all the peaks defined by the peak criteria, reading out based on the current sort setting in the peak table.

- >Display Line
 Displays the peaks meeting the peak criteria and whose amplitudes are greater than the specified display line in the table.
- <Display Line
 Displays the peaks meeting the peak criteria and whose amplitudes are smaller than the specified display line in the table.

Note: If the display line is off, the peak table displays all the peaks that meet the criteria. If you select ">Display Line" or "<Display Line" under "Table Readout", you should turn on the display line first.

Display Line

Sets the display line level to change its display location. This line can be used as either the reference for you to read the measurement result or the threshold condition for the peaks displayed in the peak table. For details, refer to descriptions in "**Display Line**" under **System** \rightarrow **Display**.

Input/Output

Sets the input/output interface of the instrument.

Input Impedance

Sets the input impedance for voltage-to-power conversions (refer to equation (2-4). The default input impedance is 50 Ω . If the output impedance of the system under measurement is 75 Ω , you should use a 75 Ω to 50 Ω adapter (option) supplied by **RIGOL** to connect the analyzer with the system under test, and then set the input impedance to 75 Ω .

Ext Gain

Compensates for gain or loss in the measurement system outside the instrument.

Remarks:

- The value does not affect the trace position, but will modify the parameters such as reference level readout and the marker amplitude readout.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter. For details, refer to descriptions in "**Parameter Setting**".

| Parameter | Remarks | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Default | 0 dB | | |
| Range | -120 dB to 120 dB | | |
| Unit | dB | | |
| Knob Step | 1 dB | | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 5 dB | | |

Table 2-61 External Gain

Ext Trigger2

Sets the external trigger 2 **[TRIGGER IN/OUT]** to be the "input" or "output" interface.
Corrections

Sets the parameters related to the amplitude correction to compensate for the gain or loss from external devices such as Antenna and Cable. When using this function, you can view the correction data table and save or load the current correction data.

Select

Selects a correction factor from Antenna, Cable, Other, or User. By default, all the correction factors are disabled. After selecting a correction factor, press **Correction** to enable the correction factor. RSA allows users to enable multiple correction factors at the same time.

Correction

Sets the on/off status of the amplitude correction. By default, it is off. If enabled, the currently selected correction factor data will be used for amplitude correction. If multiple correction factors are enabled, all the corresponding data will be used for amplitude correction.

Freq Interp

Sets the interpolation type of the points between two points in the correction table during amplitude correction.

- In Lin mode, linear interpolation is adopted for the frequency, and log interpolation is adopted for the amplitude.
- In Log mode, for both of frequency and amplitude, we interpolate on a log scale.

Edit

Press this key to enter the correction data editing interface. You can edit the frequency of the correction factor and the correction data of the corresponding amplitude.

- **1. Navigation:** Selects the first line of the correction data table.
- 2. Frequency: Edits the frequency of the currently selected point.
- 3. Amplitude: Edits the amplitude correction value of the currently selected point.
- 4. Append Point: Inserts an edit point and adds a line to the correction table.
- 5. Delete Point: Deletes the currently selected point and deletes a line from the correction table.

Note: The edited correction data can be saved to the internal or external memory of

the analyzer. If needed, you can recall it at any time. After completing the correction data editing, press **Save** to save it according to descriptions in **"Save"**.

Delete Correction

Deletes the correction data that you are editing.

Delete All Corr

Deletes all the edited correction data.

Demod

Sets the demodulation type to AM or FM; or disable the demodulation function. The default is Off.

Remarks:

- After AM (or FM) demodulation is enabled, the system will enable a marker automatically. Place it at the center frequency and perform AM (or FM) demodulation at this frequency point.
- RSA3000E provides an earphone jack, and the demodulated signal can be output in audio frequency (AF) mode through the earphone. The frequency and intensity of AF denotes the frequency and amplitude of the signal respectively.

Demod Setup

1. Earphone

Sets the status of the earphone. When it is on, the demodulated signal can be heard through the earphone during the demodulation. By default, it is Off.

2. Volume

Sets the volume of the earphone.

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|----------------|----------|--|
| Default | 100 | |
| Range | 0 to 255 | |
| Unit | N/A | |
| Knob Step | 10 | |
| Arrow Key Step | 10 | |

Table 2-62 Volume

3. Demod Time

Sets the time for the analyzer to complete a signal demodulation after each sweep. If **Earphone** is set to "On", you will hear the sound of the demodulated signal through the earphone during the demodulation. You can use the numeric keys, the knob or the arrow keys to modify this parameter. For details, please refer to descriptions in "**Parameter Setting**".

Table 2-63 Demod Time

| Parameter | Remarks | | |
|----------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Default | 100 ms | | |
| Range | 5 ms to 1 ks | | |
| Unit | ks, s, ms, μ s , ns, ps | | |
| Knob Step | 1 ms | | |
| Arrow Key Step | 1 ms | | |

4. Signal Gain State

Sets the signal gain state to "Manual" or "Auto".

5. Signal Gain

Sets the signal gain to adjust the signal energy. When the signal amplitude is small, the better demodulation effect can be obtained by adjusting the gain value. You can use the numeric keys, the knob or the arrow keys to modify this parameter. You can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter. For details, please refer to "**Parameter Setting**".

| Parameter | Remarks |
|----------------|---------|
| Default | 7 |
| Range | 1 to 7 |
| Unit | N/A |
| Knob Step | 1 |
| Arrow Key Step | 1 |

Shortcut Key

Auto Tune

Automatically searches for the signal within the full frequency range, and adjusts the frequency and amplitude for optimal display effect of the signal to realize one-key signal search and auto setting of parameters.

| Cente | GOL er Freq : Span : | 2.250000 | Ext 0000 GHz 0000 GHz | Trace: <mark>1</mark> 2 Type: W ₩ Det: P F | ⊬₩₩₩₩₩ | Atten: 10. Ref Level: | Swept SA 00 dB 0.00 dBm | GPSA Trig: Free Sig Track: | | 20:18:35 2018/01/16 rpe: Log |
|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| -10 -20 | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| -20 | | | | | | | | | | |
| -50 | | | | | | | II. ca su trota a trat | M | | |
| -70 | od yllithaud dary | <mark>(P</mark> PAd <mark>on))</mark> | p Waqalward | NYANANYA A | Yddddrethu | nlidyl <mark>y</mark> f yndwra | A partaintan ann | Muadi Mukuli | varanyaylir | ^{Arn} hawi pun |
| -90 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cer | nter Freq : 2.2 V : 3.0000 M | | | | VBW : 3.00 | 000 MHz | | SM | Span /T : 1.00000 n | : 4.5000 GHz ns (pts : 801) |

Figure 2-18 Before Auto Search



Figure 2-19 After Auto Search

Remarks:

- In the process of auto search, the backlight of the **Auto Tune** key on the front panel turns on. After the search is finished, the backlight of the key turns off.
- Some parameters such as the reference level, scale, input attenuation, and maximum mixer level may be changed during the auto search.

• When you enable the AMK function or the calibration signal in GPSA mode, the Auto Tune function is disabled.

Preset

Recalls the preset setting and restores the system settings of the analyzer to a specified status.

Remarks:

- To set the preset type, press System → Preset → Preset Type to select "Default" or any one of the items from "User1" to "User6".
- Press **Preset** to recall the specified factory settings (as shown in the following table, except the items specified in Note[3]) or user settings.

| Parameter Name | GPSA Parameter Value |
|------------------|----------------------|
| FREQ | |
| Center Freq | 1.5 GHz |
| Start Freq | 0 Hz |
| Stop Freq | 3 GHz |
| CF Step | Auto, 300 MHz |
| Freq Offset | 0 Hz |
| Signal Track | Off |
| SPAN | |
| Span | 3 GHz |
| AMPT | |
| Ref Level | 0 dBm |
| Attenuation | Auto, 10 dB |
| RF Preamp | Off |
| Y Axis Unit | dBm |
| Scale Type | Log |
| Scale/Div | 10 dB |
| Max Mixer Lvl | -10 dBm |
| Ref Offset | 0 dB |
| BW | |
| RBW | Auto, 3 MHz |
| SPAN/RBW Ratio | Auto, 106 |
| VBW | Auto, 3 MHz |
| VBW/RBW Ratio | Auto, 1 |
| Filter Type | Gaussian |
| Sweep | |
| Sweep Points | 801 |
| Sweep Time | Auto, 1 ms |
| Sweep Time Mode | Continuous |
| Sweep Time Rule | Normal |
| Trigger | |
| Trigger Source | Free Run |
| Trigger Hold-off | Off, 100 ms |

| Auto Trig | Off, 100 ms |
|------------------------------|----------------------|
| Slope | Positive |
| Trig Delay | Off, 1 us |
| Trigger Level | -25 dBm |
| Trace | -25 0811 |
| Selected Trace | Trace1 |
| | |
| Trace Type | Clear Write |
| Trace Det | Pos Peak |
| Detector Auto | On |
| Trace Update | On |
| Trace Display | On |
| Math Function | Off |
| Op1 | Trace5 |
| Op2 | Trace6 |
| Offset | 0 dB |
| Reference | 0 dBm |
| TG ^[1] | |
| Output | Off |
| Amplitude | -40 dBm |
| Amplitude Offset | 0 dB |
| Normalize | Off |
| Reference Level | 10 dB |
| Reference Position | 100% |
| Reference Trace | Off |
| Mode Setup | |
| Global CF | On, 1.5 GHz |
| Meas ^[2] | |
| Measurement Function | Swept SA Measurement |
| VSWR | Off |
| Measure Setup ^[2] | |
| Swept SA Measureme | ent |
| Avg Number | 100 |
| Avg Mode | Log |
| Avg State | On |
| Test Limits | Off |
| Select Limit | Limit1 |
| Limit State | Off |
| Test Trace | Trace1 |
| Limit Type | Upper |
| X to CF | Fixed |
| Y to Ref | Fixed |
| Margin | Off, 0 dB |
| Frequency | 0 Hz |
| Amplitude | 0 dBm |
| Amplitude | |

| Build From Trace | Trace1 |
|------------------|-------------|
| X Offset | 0 Hz |
| Y Offset | 0 dB |
| T-Power | |
| Avg Number | 10 |
| Avg Mode | Exponential |
| Avg State | On |
| ТР Туре | Peak |
| Start Line | 0 us |
| Stop Line | 1 ms |
| ACP | |
| Avg Number | 10 |
| Avg Mode | Exponential |
| Avg State | On |
| Main Chan BW | 2 MHz |
| Adj Chan BW | 2 MHz |
| Chan Spacing | 2 MHz |
| Multichan Pwr | |
| Avg Number | 10 |
| Avg Mode | Exponential |
| Avg State | On |
| Channel Sheet | Off |
| Channel Freq | 1.5 GHz |
| Channel Span | 3 GHz |
| Occupied BW | |
| Avg Number | 10 |
| Avg Mode | Exponential |
| Avg State | On |
| Max Hold | Off |
| OBW Span | 2 MHz |
| Power Ratio | 99% |
| Emission BW | |
| Avg Number | 10 |
| Avg Mode | Exponential |
| Avg State | On |
| Max Hold | Off |
| EBW Span | 2 MHz |
| EBW X dB | -10 dB |
| C/N Ratio | |
| Avg Number | 10 |
| Avg Mode | Exponential |
| Avg State | On |
| Offset Freq | 2 MHz |
| Noise BW | 2 MHz |

| Carrier BW | 2 MHz |
|-----------------------|---------------|
| Harmo Dist | |
| Avg Number | 10 |
| Avg Mode | Exponential |
| Avg State | On |
| No. of Harmo | 10 |
| Harmonic ST | 1 ms |
| TOI | |
| Avg Number | 10 |
| Avg Mode | Exponential |
| Avg State | On |
| TOI Span | 2 MHz |
| Marker | |
| Selected Marker | Marker1 |
| Marker Mode | Position |
| Reference Marker | Marker2 |
| Marker Trace | Auto, Trace1 |
| Marker Freq | 1.5 GHz |
| Marker Readout | Frequency |
| Readout Auto | On |
| Line State | Off |
| Couple Markers | Off |
| Marker Table | Off |
| Peak | |
| Cont Peak | Off |
| Pk-Pk Search | Maximum Value |
| Peak Threshold | On, -90 dBm |
| Peak Excursion | On, 6 dB |
| Threshold Line | Off |
| Peak Table | Off |
| Peak Table Sort | Amplitude |
| Table Readout | All |
| Display Line | -25 dBm |
| Marker Func | |
| N dB Bandwidth | Off, -3.01 dB |
| Band Function | Off |
| Marker Counter | Off |
| Gate Time | On, 100 ms |
| System ^[3] | |
| Power On | Preset |
| Preset Type | Default |
| Align Auto | Off |
| LAN Setting Mode | DHCP |
| Display Line | Off, -25 dBm |

| Graticule | On |
|-----------------|---------------|
| HDMI | On |
| HDMI Resolution | 1280*720 60Hz |
| LCD | On |
| LCD Backlight | 100% |
| Power Switch | Default |
| Beep Switch | Off |
| Volume | 50 |
| SCPI Display | On |
| User key | Off |
| Language | English |

Note^[1]: This function is only available for RSA3030E-TG/RSA3015E-TG working in GPSA mode. **Note**^[2]: This function is only available for RSA3000E installed with the corresponding option. **Note**^[3]: Not affected by Preset settings.

User

User-defined shortcut key. For some hard-to-find but commonly used function menu, you can define it as shortcut key (for the defining method, refer to the introduction in "**User Key**"). After that, press the shortcut key under any operation interface to quickly open and set the desired menu or function.

Note: You can use the User key to define all the keys on the front panel and the sub-menus of these keys (except **Save**).

Quick Save

Repeats the most recent save that was performed from the **Save** menu. Its saving path is the currently defined in "Quicksave Path". The register storage does not support Quick Save.

Cont

Press this key to perform the continuous sweep operation.

Single

Press this key to perform the single sweep operation. Select Single sweep, and the backlight of the **Single** key turns on. In the single sweep mode, press **Single** to perform one measurement.

System Function

System

Sets the system parameters.

Preset

Functions include: select the instrument settings to be recalled after the analyzer is powered on ("Last" or "Preset"); set the preset type ("Factory" or one of the items from "User1" to "User6"); save preset.

1. Power On

Sets the power on setting to "Last" or "Preset".

- When "Last" is selected, the last system settings before power-off would be recalled automatically at power-on.
- When "Preset" is selected, settings defined in **Preset Type** would be recalled automatically at power-on.

2. Preset Type

Sets the preset type to "Default" (by default) or any one of the items from "User1" to "User6".

- When Power On is set to "Preset", the specified preset type will be recalled at power-on.
- After the instrument starts, press **Preset** on the front panel in any operation interface will recall the specified preset type.

3. Save User Preset

Saves the current system setting as user-defined settings to the internal non-volatile memory. You can store up to 6 system states (correspond to "User1" to "User6" in the preset type) and name each state file.

When one of the items from "User1" to "User6" is selected under **Preset Type**, press **Save User Preset**, and the then automatically enter the filename input interface. Then, perform the saving operation.

Alignment

1. Align Now

Press this key and the analyzer will use the internal calibration source to perform a self-calibration immediately.

2. Align Auto

Enables or disables self-calibration. If self-calibration is enabled, the analyzer

performs one self-calibration automatically after start-up.

Interface

The analyzer supports the LAN or USB communication interface.

1. LAN

Sets the LAN parameters. Tap the setting information icon at the top of the user interface or use the externally connected mouse to click the icon, and then click the network setting icon. Then, the LAN parameter setting interface, as shown below, is displayed.

| Network Setup | × |
|--|--|
| Net State : Config : MAC : VISA : | link DHCP 00:0A:35:00:02:35 TCPIP0:172.16.3.130:INSTR |
| DHCP | 🗆 Auto IP 🛛 🗋 Manual IP |
| IP address : Mask : Gateway : | 172 、16 、 3 、130 255 、255 、255 、 0 172 、16 、 3 、 1 |
| Auto DNS Preffered DNS Backup DNS : | |
| | OK Cancel |

Figure 2-20 LAN Parameter Setting

The following items can be set by the front panel keys, the keyboard shortcut keys, the externally connected mouse, the touchscreen, or remote operation.

1) Mode

Sets the mode of obtaining the IP address.

- DHCP: When DHCP is selected, the DHCP server assigns network parameters (such as the IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway) to the analyzer based on the current network configuration.
- Auto: When "Auto" is selected, the instrument will acquire the IP address ranging from "169.254.0.1" to "169.254.255.254" and the subnet mask (255.255.0.0) automatically based on the current network configuration.
- Manual: When "Manual" is selected, you can self-define a desired IP address for the analyzer.

Note: The analyzer attempts to acquire the IP address configuration according to the sequence of DHCP, Auto IP, and Manual IP. These three methods cannot be disabled at the same time.

2) IP

Press **IP** and use the numeric keys to input the desired IP address. The format of the IP address is "nnn.nnn.nnn". The range for the first segment (nnn) of the address is from 1 to 223 (except 127); and the range for the other three segments is from 0 to 255. You are recommended to ask your network administrator for an IP address available.

3) Subnet mask

Press **Mask** and use the numeric keys to input the desired subnet mask. The format of the subnet mask is nnn.nnn.nnn; wherein, the range of "nnn" is from 0 to 255. You are recommended to ask your network administrator for a subnet mask available.

4) Gateway

Press **Gateway** and use the numeric keys to input the desired gateway address.

The format of the default gateway is "nnn.nnn.nnn". The range for the first segment (nnn) of the address is from 1 to 223 (except 127); and the range for the other three segments is from 0 to 255. You are recommended to ask your network administrator for a gateway address available.

5) DNS

- mDNS: enables or disables the sending of the network information (including IP address, host name, etc.).
- DNS Mode: Sets the mode of obtaining the DNS address to be "Manual" or "Auto".
- Preferred DNS: Sets the preferred address for the DNS.
- Backup DNS: Sets the backup address for the DNS.

The format of the DNS address is "nnn.nnn.nnn". The range for the first segment (nnn) of the address is from 1 to 223 (except 127); and the range for the other three segments is from 0 to 255. You are recommended to ask your network administrator for an address available.

6) Apply

After the LAN interface configuration is finished, press this key to apply the current configuration to the instrument and make it effective.

7) Reset

Turns on DHCP and Auto-IP; turns Manual-IP off. Clears the set network password and restores it to the factory defaults.

RIGOL

2. USB

RSA3000E provides a USB DEVICE interface on the rear panel. The analyzer may serve as a "slave" device to be connected to the PC via this interface.

Display

Controls the screen display. You can set the current mode, the current measurement interface or window, and other display-related parameters.

1. Display Line State

Turns on or off the display line.

2. Display Line

Sets the display line level to change its display location. This line can be used as either the reference for you to read the measurement result or the threshold condition for the peaks displayed in the peak table.

Remarks:

- This line is a horizontal reference of which the amplitude is equal to the set value, and the corresponding amplitude unit is the same as the Y-axis unit.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify the display line level; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details, refer to descriptions in "**Parameter Setting**".
- If the display line is out of the visible range, it will be displayed at the top or bottom of the graticule, and indicated by arrows.

| Parameter | Remarks | | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Default | -25 dBm | | |
| Range Current amplitude range | | | |
| Unit | dBm, -dBm, V, mV, uV | | |
| Knob Step | In Log scale mode, step = scale/10 | | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | In Lin scale mode, step = 0.1 dB | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | In Log scale mode, step = scale In Lin scale mode, step = 1 dB | | |

Table 2-65 Display Line Level

3. Graticule

Enables or disables the display of the graticule.

4. HDMI

Enables or disables HDMI.

5. HDMI Resolution

Selects the resolution supported by HDMI interface to "1280*720 60Hz",

"640*480 60Hz", or "720*480 60Hz ".

6. LCD

Enables or disables LCD.

Remarks:

- If you are not updating data, turning off LCD can improve the measurement speed.
- To reduce the electromagnetic radiation of some circuit component, turn off the LCD.

7. LCD Backlight

Sets the brightness of the LCD backlight.

The brightness is expressed in percentage. When it is 100, it indicates that the backlight is the brightest; when it is 1, the backlight is the darkest.

About System

Displays the system information or the option information.

1. System Info

- Model
- Serial Number
- Hardware Version Number
- Firmware Version Number
- Software Version

2. Option Info

Displays the option information.

RSA3000E provides many kinds of options to meet various measurement requirements. To purchase the corresponding option, please contact **RIGOL**.

3. Self Test

Screen

Tests whether the screen has a dot defect by using six colors: blue, red, green, gray, white, and black. Press any key to switch the screen color and exit the test.

Multi-point Touch

Enters the multi-point touch test interface. Use two fingers to make pinch or stretch gestures on the screen, and observe the size of the characters. If they do not change along with your gestures, it indicates that problems occurred to the multi-point touch function. To exit the test, press **Esc** for three consecutive times.

• Single-point Touch

Enters the single-point touch test interface. Touch or use the mouse to

make stretch or strike gestures on the screen, if the corresponding traces are displayed, then it indicates that the point on the touchscreen is valid. To exit the test, press **Esc** for three consecutive times.

• Keyboard

Enter the keyboard test interface. Press the function keys on the front panel one by one and observe whether the corresponding key is illuminated. If not, an error may have occurred to that key. To exit the test, press **Esc** for three consecutive times.

Note: For the transparent keys on the front panel, they will be also illuminated during the test.

4. License Info

Displays the license registration information about the components such as Linux and QT.

5. Online Update

Connects the analyzer to the external network by using the network cable. If you do not have the right to access the Internet, please ask the administrators to grant your right to access the external internet first. Then, press this key to update the software.

Date/Time

Sets the system date and time.

1. Set Time

Sets the displayed system time of the analyzer. Press the **Hour**, **Minute**, and **Second** softkeys respectively to set the time.

2. Set Date

Sets the displayed system date of the analyzer. Press the **Year**, **Month**, and **Day** softkeys respectively to set the date. You can also press **Date Format** to select whether the date is displayed in "YMD" or "MDY" form.

Security Clear

Press this key to perform the security clear function. This function includes the following operations:

- Deletes all the files that users have saved, including the state files, trace state files, screen files, measdata files, and limit files saved by users in all modes.
- Executes the factory resetting operation.

Language

RSA3000E supports multi-language menu, Chinese and English built-in help and pop-up messages.

Press this key to select the desired display language.

Settings

1. Power Switch

Sets whether the power switch on the front panel is effective or not.

- Default: When the analyzer is connected to power source, press the power switch on the front panel to start up the analyzer.
- Always: When the analyzer is connected to power source, it starts automatically.

2. Beep Switch

Turns on or off the beeper.

3. Volume

After you turn on the beeper, you can press this key to adjust the volume of the beeper.

4. User Key

Defines an associated function for the **User** key on the front panel. The definition method is as described below. After that, pressing **User** in any operation interface can quickly enable the defined function.

- Press User Key to select "On";
- Open the function menu that needs to be defined. For example, press
 System → Display → Display Line;
- Press User and the definition is finished. At this time, User Key turns off automatically.

5. SCPI Display

When you use the SCPI commands to control the instrument remotely, turning on the SCPI Display will go to the specified menu of the corresponding command; turning off the SCPI Display will not go to the specified menu.

Messages

Press this key, and then a prompt message dialog box will be displayed. You can press the corresponding softkey to select to view all the messages, the messages that have been read or not read. You can also use the touch screen or the externally connected mouse to tap or click the specified icon in the prompt message dialog box.

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1. Select All

Selects all the displayed messages.

2. Select Read

Only selects the messages that have been read.

3. Select Unread

Only selects the messages that have not been read.

4. Delete

Deletes the selected messages.

5. Query All

Views all the displayed messages.

6. Query Read

Only views the messages that have been read.

7. Query Unread

Only views the messages that have not been read.

File

RSA3000E allows you to save various types of files to the internal or external memory, and recall them when necessary.

Press **File** on the front panel to enter the file operation menu interface.

File Explorer

Press the key to enter the file manager interface. You can use the touch gestures to tap the screen or use the mouse to click on the screen to select the corresponding file or folder. Displays all the files with the specified file types. When you select a file, you can press the **Copy**, **Paste**, or **Delete** softkeys to copy, paste, or delete the specified file.

| Local | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------|------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Current Path : / > gpsa | | | | |
| Name | 🛆 Size | Туре | Date Modified | |
| license | | Folder | 8 Dec 2017 14:34:42 | |
| 🚞 limit | | Folder | 8 Dec 2017 14:34:42 | |
| measdata | | Folder | 8 Dec 2017 14:34:42 | |
| 🚞 screen | | Folder | 8 Dec 2017 14:34:42 | |
| state | | Folder | 8 Dec 2017 14:34:42 | |
| 🚞 tracestate | | Folder | 8 Dec 2017 14:34:42 | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| File Na | | File Type All Fi | iles(*.*) 🗾 Browse Exit | |

Figure 2-21 File Manager

The available file types include: State, Trace+State, Measurement Data, Limit, Screen Image, Amplitude Correction, and All (all the above file types). The descriptions for various file types are shown in the following table.

| File Type | Format | Suffix Name |
|----------------------|---------|--------------|
| State | BIN | .sta |
| Trace+State | BIN | .trs |
| Measurement Data | CSV | .CSV |
| Limit | CSV | .CSV |
| Screen Image | IMAGE | .jpg/bmp/png |
| Amplitude Correction | CSV | .CSV |
| License | LICENSE | .lic |

Table 2-66 Descriptions of File Type

Note: RSA3000E can only recognize files whose filenames consist of Chinese characters, English letters, or numbers. If the filename or folder name contains other characters, the file or the folder might not be displayed normally in the file manager interface.

Сору

Copies the currently selected file or folder.

Paste

Pastes the file or folder.

When the current path has contained a file or folder whose name is the same as the one that you want to paste, after you perform the paste operation, the original file or folder will be overwritten.

Rename

Renames a file that has been stored. After you select a file, press this key to input a new filename.

Delete

Deletes the selected file.

New Folder

Creates a folder. Press this key to create a new empty folder under the current directory, and the file is named with a default filename. To modify this filename,

press **Rename** to rename the file.

Quick Print

If the printer has been successfully installed, press this key to quickly print the currently displayed screen image.

Print

Prints the current screen according to print parameter settings when the printer has been successfully installed and is in idle state.

Printer Setup

1. Printer Parameters

1) Page Size

Sets the page size for printing. When "Default" is selected, the page size depends on the printer currently connected.

2) Quality

Sets the printed screen quality.

3) Color

Sets the print color to Color, Mono, Inverse, or Inverse-Mono.

4) Orientation

Sets the print orientation to "Landscape" or "Portrait".

5) Adjust

Sets the print border to be Adaptive, Non-Adpt, and Hold-Min.

6) Counts

Sets the print copies and the default is 1. The range available is from 1 to 99.

7) Border

Turns on or off the border.

In addition, you can preview the print page, and set to print the image or the text in All page, 1/2, 1/4, or 1/9 page.

2. Add Device

Queries and adds a printer. Inputs the IP address of the printer, the

manufacturer of the printer, the printer model, and printer drive. Then, the printer is added.

3. Select Device

Selects the desired printer.

Import License

In the file manager interface, select a file to be imported and then press **Import License** to import the file.

System Update

Press this key to update the analyzer software after selecting the update file in the USB storage device.

Recall

RSA3000E allows you to recall various types of files saved to the internal or external storage memory.

Press **Recall** on the front panel to enter the file recalling menu. The available file types include: State, Trace+State, Measurement Data, Limit, and Amplitude Correction.

State

Press **State** to enter the state recalling menu. The state can be recalled from the register or the file.

1. Recall

Press **File Explorer** to enter the file manager interface. Select a file and then press **Recall** to recall the file from a register or a file.

2. Register1 through Register16

When any one of the items from Register1 to Register16 is selected, the state of the specified register will be recalled.

Trace+State

Press **Trace+State** to enter the trace+state recalling menu. The state of the instrument and the selected trace can be recalled from a register or a file.

1. Recall

Press **File Explorer** to enter the file manager interface. Select a file and then press **Recall** to recall the file.

2. To Trace

Selects the trace+state file or the trace data of the register to recall them to the selected trace.

3. Register1 through Register16

When any one of the items from Register1 to Register16 is selected, the state of the specified register will be recalled.

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Measurement Data

Press Meas Data to enter the measurement data recalling menu.

1. Recall

Press **File Explorer** to enter the file manager interface. Select a file and then press **Recall** to recall the file.

2. To Trace

Selects the measurement data file and recalls it to the selected trace.

Limit

Press Limit to enter the limit recalling menu.

1. Recall

Press **File Explorer** to enter the file manager interface. Select a file and then press **Recall** to recall the file.

2. To Limit

Selects the limit line file and recalls it to the selected limit line.

Amplitude Correction

Press **Correction** to enter the amplitude correction data recalling menu.

1. Recall

Press **File Explorer** to enter the file manager interface. Select a file and then press **Recall** to recall the file.

2. To Correction

Selects the amplitude correction file and recalls it to the selected type of the amplitude correction.

Save

RSA3000E allows you to save various types of files to the internal or external memory.

Press **Save** on the front panel to enter the file saving menu. The available file types include: State, Trace+State, Measurement Data, Limit, Screen Image, and Amplitude Correction.

State

Press **State** to enter the state saving menu. The state can be saved to the register or the file.

1. Save

Press this key to save the current state in the default filename or user-defined filename.

The default state filename is determined by the following methods:

- If you haven't input a filename by pressing the **Save As** key, its default filename is state<n>.sta. Wherein, n refers to the file number of the filenames that are named based on the naming mode in the current file directory. The value of <n> is the existing maximum file number plus 1. For example, if 3 files (state1.sta、state2.sta、state5.sta) exist in the current directory, then the new filename for the file that you want to save should be state6.sta by default.
- If you have pressed the **Save As** key to input the filename abc, then the file is saved to be "abc.sta". After that, press the **Save** key again, another file is saved automatically with the filename "abc1.sta".

2. Save As

Press this key and then use the numeric keypad on the front panel to input the filename. Then, press **Save** to save the corresponding state file.

You can also touch the screen or use the mouse to tap or click the **Save As** menu, and then input the filename with the keypad.

3. Register1 through Register16

When any one of the items from Register1 to Register16 is selected, the current state of the instrument will be saved to the corresponding register. The register supports quick save and recalling instrument state. The register menu displays the time for saving the instrument state.

Trace+State

Press **Trace+State** to enter the trace+state saving menu. The state of the instrument and the selected trace can be saved to the register or the file.

1. Save

Press this key to save the current trace+state file in the default filename or user-defined filename.

The default filename is determined by the following methods:

- If you haven't input a filename by pressing the **Save As** key, its default filename is tracestate<n>.trs. Wherein, n refers to the file number of the filenames that are named based on the naming mode in the current file directory. The value of <n> is the existing maximum file number plus 1.
- If you have pressed the **Save As** key to input the filename abc, then the file is saved to be "abc.trs". After that, press the **Save** key again, another file is saved automatically with the filename "abc1.trs".

2. Save As

Press this key and then use the numeric keypad on the front panel to input the filename. Then, press **Save** to save the corresponding trace+state file.

You can also touch the screen or use the mouse to tap or click the **Save As** menu, and then input the filename with the keypad.

3. Save From Trace

Selects the trace to be saved. You can select any single trace from Trace1 to Trace6.

4. Register1 through Register16

When any one of the items from Register1 to Register16 is selected, the current state of the instrument will be saved to the corresponding register. The register supports quick save and loading instrument state. The register menu displays the time for saving the instrument state.

Measurement Data

Press **Meas Data** to enter the measurement data saving menu. The selected measurement data type (e.g. trace, measurement results, peak table, or marker table) can be saved to the specified file. The data will be saved in .csv format. They are separated with a comma, and this is convenient for you to use the Excel to analyze the data.

1. Save

Press this key to save the currently selected type of measurement data in the default filename or user-defined filename.

The default filename is determined by the following methods:

- If you haven't input a filename by pressing the **Save As** key, its default filename is measdata<n>.csv. Wherein, n refers to the file number of the filenames that are named based on the naming mode in the current file directory. The value of <n> is the existing maximum file number plus 1.
- If you have pressed the **Save As** key to input the filename abc, then the file is saved to be "abc.csv". After that, press the key again, another file is saved automatically with the filename "abc1.csv".

2. Save As

Press this key and then use the numeric keypad on the front panel to input the filename. Then, press **Save** to save the corresponding Measurement Data file.

You can also touch the screen or use the mouse to tap or click the **Save As** menu, and then input the filename with the keypad.

3. Save From Trace

If the data to be saved are traces, select the trace to be saved. You can select any single trace from Trace1 to Trace6.

4. Data Type

Selects the measurement data type to be saved. The data types supported by the instrument include trace, peak table, marker table, and measurement results.

Limit

Press **Limit** to enter the limit line saving menu. The selected limit line is saved to the file.

1. Save

Press this key to save the currently selected limit line in the default filename or user-defined filename.

The default filename is determined by the following methods:

- If you haven't input a filename by pressing the **Save As** key, its default filename is limit<n>.csv. Wherein, n refers to the file number of the filenames that are named based on the naming mode in the current file directory. The value of <n> is the existing maximum file number plus 1.
- If you have pressed the Save As key to input the filename abc, then the

file is saved to be "abc.csv". After that, press the key again, another file is saved automatically with the filename "abc1.csv".

2. Save As

Press this key and then use the numeric keypad on the front panel to input the filename. Then, press **Save** to save the corresponding Limit file.

You can also touch the screen or use the mouse to tap or click the **Save As** menu, and then input the filename with the keypad.

3. Select Limit

Selects the limit line to be saved. You can select any single limit line from Limit1 to Limit6.

Screen Image

Press **Screen Image** to enter the screen saving menu.

1. Save

Press this key to save the current screen image in the default filename or user-defined filename.

The default filename is determined by the following methods:

- If you haven't input a filename by pressing the **Save As** key, its default filename is screen<n>.jpg. Wherein, n refers to the file number of the filenames that are named based on the naming mode in the current file directory. The value of <n> is the existing maximum file number plus 1.
- If you have pressed the **Save As** key to input the filename abc, then the file is saved to be "abc.jpg". After that, press the key again, another file is saved automatically with the filename "abc1.jpg".

2. Save As

Press this key and then use the numeric keypad on the front panel to input the filename. Then, press **Save** to save the corresponding Screen Image file.

You can also touch the screen or use the mouse to tap or click the **Save As** menu, and then input the filename with the keypad.

3. Screenshot Info

1) Format

Press this key to select the file format of the current screen image to be "JPEG", "BMP", or "PNG".

2) Color Type

Press this key to select the color of the current screen image to be "Normal" or "Inverted".

Amplitude Correction

Press **Correction** to enter the amplitude correction data saving menu. The selected amplitude correction data is saved to the file.

1. Save

Press this key to save the current amplitude correction data in the default filename or user-defined filename.

The default filename is determined by the following methods:

- If you haven't input a filename by pressing the Save As key, its default filename is correction<n>.csv. Wherein, n refers to the file number of the filenames that are named based on the naming mode in the current file directory. The value of <n> is the existing maximum file number plus 1.
- If you have pressed the **Save As** key to input the filename abc, then the file is saved to be "abc.csv". After that, press the **Save** key again, another file is saved automatically with the filename "abc1.csv".

2. Save As

Press this key and then use the numeric keypad on the front panel to input the filename. Then, press **Save** to save the corresponding amplitude correction file.

You can also touch the screen or use the mouse to tap or click the **Save As** menu, and then input the filename with the keypad.

3. Select Corr

Selects the amplitude correction type to be saved. You can select "Antenna", "Cable", "Other", or "User".

Quicksave Path

1. Set Path

Press the **Set Path** softkey to open the file explorer interface. Select the corresponding path, and then press **OK** to set the current path to be the quick save path.

2. View Path

Press the **View Path** softkey to display the current quick save path information in the center of the user interface.

Chapter 3 Functions of the Front Panel of RTSA

RTSA contains the digital IF component that has a strong processing capability. In real-time mode, all signal samples are processed to produce measurement results or initiate a trigger. In most cases, like the frequency swept analysis, the real-time analysis produces scalar results, such as power or amplitude.

RTSA has the following features:

- Seamless capture and analysis;
- High-speed measurement;
- Stable and consistent measurement speed;
- Frequency mask trigger;
- Diversified and advanced composite display

In general, the high-speed data stream in real-time mode can be used in the following two ways: to be served as the data source of composite spectrum display or be compared with the frequency mask to produce the frequency mask trigger.

This chapter describes in detail the function keys on the front panel and their associated menu functions in RTSA.

Note: The keys or menus that have the same functions as those in GPSA will not be described in this chapter. For details, refer to the relevant contents in Chapter 2.

Contents in this chapter:

- Basic Settings
- Sweep and Function Settings
- Measurement Settings
- Marker Setup
- Input/Output
- Shortcut Key
- System Function

Basic Settings

FREQ

Press **FREQ** on the front panel to enter the frequency setting menu. In this menu, Center Frequency is, by default, selected. You can modify the frequency-related parameters in this menu.

For details about each item under this menu, refer to "FREQ" in Chapter 2.

Note: "Signal Track" menu is not available in RTSA mode.

SPAN

Press **SPAN** to enter the span setting menu. In this menu, Span is, by default, selected.

Span (Acq BW)

Sets the frequency range of the current channel.

Remarks:

- When you modify the span, the start and stop frequency will be modified automatically, with the center frequency remains to be unchanged.
- In manual span mode, the minimum span can be set to 5 kHz. When set to the full span, the span of analyzer is set to the currently supported maximum real-time bandwidth.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify this parameter; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details, refer to descriptions in "**Parameter Setting**".

| Parameter | Remarks | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Default | 10 MHz | | |
| Range | 5 kHz to 10 MHz | | |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz | | |
| Knob Step | cnon/200 Min 2 Hz | | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | span/200, Min = 2 Hz | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-2-5 step | | |

| Table | 3-1 | Span |
|-------|-----|------|
| Ianic | J-1 | Span |

Last Span

Sets the span to the previous span setting.

Full Span

Sets the maximum span.

Ref Value (PvT)

Sets the reference time for the horizontal axis in the PvT view. Modifying this value will not cause you to restart measurements. It is only used for trace display. When you enable the auto scale function or modify the reference position, the ref value will be modified accordingly. Note that this menu is only valid in PvT measurement mode.

Table 3-2 Ref Value (PvT)

| Parameter | Remarks | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| Default | 0 µs | | | |
| Range | -1 s to 40 s | | | |
| Unit | s, ms, µs, ns, ps | | | |
| Knob Step | ref value/100, min = 1 μs | | | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | | | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step | | | |

Note: The PvT measurement displays the power variation of the signal within the user-defined time. The horizontal axis represents time, and the vertical axis represents amplitude.

Scale/Div (PvT)

Sets the unit per division in the horizontal axis of the PvT view. Modifying this value will not cause you to restart measurements. It is only used for trace display. When

you enable the auto scale function, the ref value will be modified accordingly. Note that this menu is only valid in PvT measurement mode.

| Table | 3-3 | Scale/Div | (PvT) |
|-------|-----|------------|-------|
| TUDIO | 00 | Oculo, DIV | (|

| Parameter | Remarks | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Default | acquisition time/10 | | |
| Range | 20 µs to 4 s | | |
| Unit | s, ms, µs, ns, ps | | |
| Knob Step | X-axis scale/100, min = 1 μ s | | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step | | |

Ref Position (PvT)

Sets the position of the reference time in the horizontal axis of the PvT view to "Left", "Center", or "Right". Note that this menu is only valid in PvT measurement mode.

Auto Scale (PvT)

Selects the setting mode for the horizontal scale of the PvT view. Note that this menu is only valid in PvT measurement mode.

Remarks:

- When you select "Auto", the auto scale function enables you to automatically set the reference time and the X-axis scale based on the acquisition time and reference position.
 - The X-axis scale is 10% of the acquisition time.
 - The reference time is set to a different value according to a different reference position. When the reference position is set to "Left", the reference time is 0 μ s; when set to "Center", the reference time is half of the acquisition time; when set to "Right", the reference time equals to the acquisition time.
- When you set the reference time and the X-axis scale manually, the auto scale function will automatically switch to "Manual".

AMPT

Press **AMPT** on the front panel to enter the amplitude setting menu. In this menu, Reference Level is, by default, selected.

In non-PvT measurement mode and the PvT measurement mode (except the Ref Level and Scale/Div menus), for details about each item under this menu, refer to "**AMPT**" in Chapter 2.

Ref Level (PvT)

In the PvT measurement view, adjusting the reference level only changes the position of the trace displayed on the screen, but will not cause you to restart measurement. Note that this menu is only valid in PvT measurement mode.

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| Default | 0 dBm | |
| Range -250 dBm to 250 dBm | | |
| Unit dBm, -dBm, V, mV, μV | | |
| Knob Step | For "Log" scale type, step = reference level/10 | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | For "Lin" scale type, step = 0.1 dBm | |
| Up /Down Arrow Koy Stop | For "Log" scale type, step = reference level | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | For "Lin" scale type, step = 1 dBm | |

Table 3-4 Ref Level (PvT)

Scale/Div (PvT)

Sets the unit per division in the vertical axis of the PvT view. Note that this menu is only valid in PvT measurement mode.

| Parameter | Remarks | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Default | 10 dB | | |
| Range | 0.1 dB to 20 dB | | |
| Unit | dB | | |
| Knob Step | scale ≥0.1, step = 1 dB | | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | scale < 0.1 , step $= 0.1$ dB | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-2-5 step | | |

Sweep and Function Settings

BW

Press **BW** to enter the bandwidth setting menu. In this menu, you can select the filter type and RBW.

RBW

In RTSA mode, RBW selects from a pre-calculated selection of RBW values, which are computed based on the following formula: RBW = SPAN/Ratio. Wherein, Ratio is the Span/RBW ratio determined by the selected filter type.

In RTSA mode, there are 6 filter types available for you to choose. They correspond to 6 RBW values, namely RBW1 through RBW6. You can select a proper RBW value according to your needs.

Note: When the filter type is set to "Rectangular", RBW is automatically set to "RBW1", and "RBW2 through RBW6" are invalid.

| Filter Type | Ratio1 1,024 point | Ratio2 521 point | Ratio3 256 point | Ratio4 128 point | Ratio5 64 point | Ratio6 32 point |
|---------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Gaussian | 404.761 | 205.938 | 101.190 | 50.595 | 25.298 | 12.649 |
| Flattop | 212.187 | 107.958 | 53.047 | 26.523 | 13.262 | 6.631 |
| Blackman- Harris | 399.131 | 203.074 | 99.783 | 49.891 | 24.946 | 12.473 |
| Rectangular | 800.782 | 407.429 | 200.196 | 100.098 | 50.049 | 25.024 |
| Hanning | 534.376 | 271.885 | 133.594 | 66.797 | 33.399 | 16.699 |
| Kaiser | 398.176 | 201.588 | 99.544 | 49.772 | 24.886 | 12.443 |

RBW Auto

Sets the coupling mode of RBW to be "Auto" or "Manual".

Remarks:

- When you select "Auto", RBW is in auto coupling state.
- When you select "Manual" or directly set the RBW value, the coupling mode can be changed.
Filter Type

Sets the type of the FFT window function.

RTSA adopts 6 filter types: Gaussian, Flattop, Blackman-Harris, Rectangular, Hanning, and Kaiser.

You can select a proper filter type according to the actual measurement requirements. You can refer to the following table.

| Window Function | Spectral Leakage | Amplitude Accuracy | Frequency Resolution |
|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| Gaussian | Moderate | Good | Moderate |
| Flattop | Good | Excellent | Poor |
| Blackman-Harris | Excellent | Good | Moderate |
| Rectangular | Poor | Poor | Excellent |
| Hanning | Good | Moderate | Good |
| Kaiser | Good | Good | Moderate |

Note: After you select the PvT measurement view in the PvT measurement mode, the bandwidth setting menu \mathbf{BW} is disabled.

Sweep

Press **Sweep** to enter the sweep setting menu. In this menu, set the sweep and control function of the analyzer.

Acq Time

Sets the acquisition time for producing one single trace or one persistence bitmap. In this mode, the generated single trace will combine multiple overlapped FFT analysis results.

Table 3-6 Acquisition Time

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Default | 1 ms |
| Range ^[1] | 100 μ s to 40 s |
| Unit | s, ms, μ s , ns, ps |
| Knob Step | acquisition time/100 Min 1 us |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | acquisition time/100, Min = 1 μ s |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step |

Note^[1]: If a Density view exists, the minimum acquisition time can be set to 32 ms; if no Density view exists, the minimum acquisition time can be set to 100 µs.

Acq Time Auto

Sets the state of the acquisition time for the spectrum analysis to "Auto" or "Manual".

Remarks:

- When "Auto" is selected, the acquisition time adopts the default value.
- When "Manual" is selected, the acquisition time can be set manually within its available range.

Acq Time (PvT)

In PvT mode, the acquisition time applies to all the traces, including the spectrum traces and spectrogram traces. Note that this menu is the same as the above **Acq Time** menu, the difference is that they can be set separately in different measurement modes.

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Default | 30.00 ms |
| Range | 0 s to 40 s |
| Unit | s, ms, μ s , ns, ps |
| Knob Step | acquisition time/100, Min = 1 μ s |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | acquisition time 100, Min = 1 μ s |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step |

Table 3-7 Acquisition Time

Acq Time Auto (PvT)

Sets the acquisition time for the PvT analysis to "Auto" or "Manual".

Remarks:

- When "Auto" is selected, the acquisition time (PvT) adopts the default value.
- When "Manual" is selected, the acquisition time (PvT) can be set manually within its available range.

Continue

In RTSA mode, the continuous sweep function is logically same as that in GPSA mode. Press this key to perform the continuous sweep or measurement operation. This setting is global to all the activated traces and the detector types.

For details, refer to "Continue" in Chapter 2.

Single

In RTSA mode, the single sweep function is logically same as that in GPSA mode. Press this key to perform the single sweep or measurement operation. This setting is global to all the activated traces.

Note: In RTSA mode, when performing the single measurement, the instrument will not stop sweeping until the sweep count has reached N. Wherein, N is determined by the result of "Avg. Number x (Acq/Trigger)" in the current measurement mode. During the single measurement, the trace data in the Normal view is updated for display in a real-time manner, whereas the trace history data in the Spectrogram view are not cleared.

For details, refer to "Single" in Chapter 2.

Trigger

Press **Trigger** on the front panel to enter the trigger setting menu. The settings for the trigger parameters are basically the same as that in GPSA. In RTSA, IF power trigger and FMT are added. The Video trigger is not supported.

The following section will introduce IF power trigger and FMT. For descriptions about the parameter settings for "Free Run", "External 1", "External 2", "Hold-off State", "Hold-off Time", "Auto Trig State", and "Auto Trig", please refer to "**Trigger**" in Chapter 2.

Acq/Trigger

Sets the number of times for acquisition after each trigger signal that meets the requirements generated a trigger.

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Default | 1 |
| Range | 1 to 8,192 |
| Knob Step | 1 |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | 1 |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step |

Table 3-8 Acq/Trigger

Power Trigger

A trigger signal will be generated when the system detects that the IF signal power exceeds the set IF power.

1. Delay State

Enables or disables the trigger delay function. After the trigger delay function is enabled, you can set the trigger delay time.

2. Delay Time

Sets the time interval during which the instrument waits to start the sweep operation after the trigger signal that meets the trigger conditions is generated. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Default | 1 µs | |
| Range | 0 µs to 500 ms | |
| Unit | s, ms, µs, ns, ps | |
| Knob Step | trigger delay/100 Min - 1 us | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | trigger delay/100, Min = 1 µs | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step | |

Table 3-9 Trigger Delay Time

3. Power

Sets the trigger level of the IF power trigger. When the signal meets the set trigger level, a trigger occurs. The IF power level is displayed in the waveform display area in the form of horizontal lines. When the set value is not within the waveform display range, the trigger level line is displayed at the top or bottom of the waveform display area.

Table 3-10 Power

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| Default | 0 dBm | |
| Range | (-140+level offset) to (30+level offset) | |
| Knob Step | 1 dBm | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-3-10 step | |

FMT

1. Delay State

Enables or disables the trigger delay function. After the trigger delay function is enabled, you can set the trigger delay time.

2. Delay Time

Sets the time interval during which the instrument waits to start the sweep operation after the trigger signal that meets the trigger conditions is generated. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Default | 1 µs | |
| Range | 0 µs to 500 ms | |
| Unit | s, ms, µs, ns, ps | |
| Knob Step | trigger delay/100 Min 1 us | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | trigger delay/100, Min = 1 µs | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step | |

Table 3-11 Trigger Delay Time

3. FMT Setup

(1) Mask Type

Determines which mask (upper or lower) is being displayed on the screen.

- Upper: only displays the upper mask.
- Lower: only displays the lower mask.
- Both: displays both the upper and lower masks.

(2) Mask Edit

Press this key to enter the FMT editing interface. You can use the front panel keys to set the FMT. Besides, you can also finger touch or use the keypad and mouse to set and edit the FMT parameters in the FMT editing interface. In the visual prompt interface (only available in the single-window measurement mode), you can set and edit the FMT parameters. In the visual prompt interface, you can quickly set the common parameters. The detailed setting methods are the same as what you do with the corresponding front panel keys.

In addition, in the visual prompt interface, settings for the color style of the FMT are added. You can select the desired style from the available color template.

| | nter l | OL X Ext Freq : 2.25000000 ipan : 10.000000 | | Atten: 10.00 Ref Level: 0.0 | | |
|----|--------|---|-------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| FN | MT Ed | itı 1 | | -10 | | |
| | | Upper | Lower | | | Λ |
| | Poir | | | -20 | | |
| | 1 | Frequency 2.245000000 GHz | Amplitude -66.44 dBm | -30 | | |
| | 2 | 2.245287356 GHz | -61.56 dBm | -40 | | |
| | 3 | 2.247270114 GHz | -64.89 dBm | | | |
| | 4 | 2.248908045 GHz | -64.67 dBm | -50 | | |
| | 5 | 2.249022988 GHz | -8.89 dBm | i 60 | | |
| | 6 | 2.250012500 GHz | -4.76 dBm | -00 | | |
| | 7 | 2.250599999 GHz | -4.76 dBm | - Annene | a droub of the | Constantine and Ame |
| | 8 | 2.250718390 GHz | -60.44 dBm | | | |
| | 9 | 2.254975000 GHz | -62.51 dBm | | | |
| | + | Add × Delete × Del | All | | | |
| | | | | Center Fr | req : 2.2500 GHz | Span : 10.000 MHz |
| | | | | #RBW : 2 | 00.91 kHz | Acq Time : 32.0000 ms |

Figure 3-1 FMT Editing Interface

a) Active Mask

Selects the mask type that needs to be activated currently. The following operations for editing and setting the mask points are only valid for the currently activated mask type.

b) Navigation

Selects the first line of the mask editing table.

c) Frequency

Sets the frequency of the mask point. Its range is within the frequency range supported by the analyzer.

d) Amplitude

Sets the amplitude of the mask point. Its range is within the amplitude range supported by the analyzer.

e) Insert Point

Adds a mask point.

f) Delete Point

Deletes the currently selected mask point.

g) Delete Mask

Deletes the currently activated mask point.

h) Build From Trace

Selects a trace to build a mask.

i) Build

Builds a mask from the selected trace. The mask points are generated based on the rough outline of the trace. You can use the X and Y offset to adjust the mask position.

j) Export

Exports the mask to the file. You can also press **Save** \rightarrow **FMT** to save the mask to the file.

k) Import

Press this key, and then the file manager interface is displayed. You can import the mask from the file. You can also press **Recall** \rightarrow **FMT** to import the mask from the file.

I) Recall

In the file manager interface, after you select the desired file, press this key to load the corresponding mask.

m) To Mask

Selects the FMT file and imports it to the selected mask.

n) New Mask

Clears the currently activated mask and creates a default new mask.

o) X Offset

Sets the offsets of all the frequency points of the currently activated mask.

p) Y Offset

Sets the offsets of all the amplitude points of the currently activated mask.

q) Apply Offset

Adds the X and Y offsets to each point of the current mask.

r) X Axis Type

When "Fixed" is selected, the frequency of the current mask point will not be affected by the center frequency. When "Relative" is selected, the frequency of the current mask point is the difference between the frequency of the current mask point and the current center frequency. If you change the parameter state after completing the mask setup, the frequency of the mask should change with the state to keep the mask points to be in the same position relative to the current center frequency of the instrument.

s) Y Axis Type

When "Fixed" is selected, the amplitude of the current editing point will not be affected by the reference level. When "Relative" is selected, the amplitude of the current mask point is the difference between the amplitude of the current mask point and the current reference level. If you change the parameter state after completing the mask setup, the amplitude of the mask should change with the state to keep the mask points to be in the same position relative to the current reference level of the instrument.

(3) Trigger Mask

Sets the currently effective trigger mask.

- Upper: only sets the upper trigger mask to be effective.
- Lower: only sets the lower trigger mask to be effective.
- Both: sets both the upper and lower trigger masks to be effective.

Note: When "Upper" is selected under **Mask Type**, the trigger mask is, by default, the upper mask; when "Lower" is selected under **Mask Type**, the trigger mask is, by default, the lower mask; when "Both" is selected under **Mask Type**, the trigger mask is, by default, the one before switching the mask type.

(4) Trigger Criteria

Sets the condition that will cause the FMT trigger to occur. Both upper and lower masks use the same trigger criteria, and the trigger will occur when either mask meets the trigger criteria.

- Enter: Two states are required to initiate a trigger event. The signal must be outside the mask and then passes into the mask. The trigger event occurs when the first non-violating waveform is detected.
- Leave: Two states are required to initiate a trigger event. The signal must be inside the mask and then passes out of the mask. The trigger event occurs when the first non-violating waveform is detected.
- Inside: Only one state is required to initiate a trigger event. The signal has at least one data point inside (above) the mask. The trigger event occurs when the instrument detects the first signal with a point violating the mask. A trigger event could occur on the first acquisition.
- Outside: Only one state change is required to initiate a trigger event. The signal has all data points outside (below) the mask. The trigger event occurs when the instrument has detected the first spectral waveform that is completely below (outside) the mask. A trigger event could occur on the first acquisition.
- Enter-Leave: Three states are required to initiate a trigger event. The signal starts outside the mask and then passes into the mask. Next, the signal must pass outside the mask. The trigger event occurs at the second transition where the signal passes back out of the mask.
- Leave-Enter: Three states are required to initiate a trigger event. The signal starts inside the mask and then passes out of the mask. Next,

the signal must pass into the mask. The trigger event occurs at the second transition where the signal passes back into the mask.

Trace

Press **Trace** on the front panel to enter the trace setting menu. In this menu, you can perform the operations related to trace, such as trace acquisition, trace display, trace saving, trace detector, and trace data.

Remarks:

- Normal view: all the traces are available. The trace type can be set to any of the available trace types.
- Density view: only Trace1 is available. The trace type can be set to any of the available trace types. During the toggle of various measurement modes, before you enter the Density view, all other enabled and updated traces are turned off automatically; when you return to the previous mode, the traces will be restored to their previous state. The trace math operation function is disabled.
- Spectrogram view: all the traces are available.
 - Trace1: The trace type can only be set to "Clear Write", and the rest trace types are disabled and grayed out.
 - Trace2 through Trace6: The trace type can be set to "Clear Write", "Max Hold", and "Min Hold". The trace type "Average" is disabled;
 - The trace math operation function is disabled.
- Density Spectrogram view:
 - Only Trace1 is available;
 - The trace type can only be set to "Clear Write", and the rest trace types are disabled and grayed out;
 - The trace math operation function is disabled.
- When making PvT-related measurements, select the PvT view: only Trace1 is available; the trace type can only be set to "Clear Write"; the trace math operation function is disabled.

Trace Detector

Sets the type of the trace detector, and it is valid for all the traces. The trace detector is, by default, determined automatically by the instrument. If you set the type of the trace detector manually, the detector auto setting function will be disabled. The available trace detectors include Pos Peak, Neg Peak, Sample, and Average.

For details about the trace menu items in the real-time spectrum measurement mode, refer to "**Trace**" in Chapter 2. In this manual, all the Trace menu items in the PvT measurement mode are expressed with "PvT" attached in brackets to distinguish themselves from the same menu items under other measurement modes.

Trace Detector (PvT)

Sets the trace detector for the PvT mode.

Detector Auto (PvT)

Enables or disables the Detector Auto function in PvT mode. By default, Detector Auto is enabled. If you set the detector type manually, please disable the Detector Auto function.

Trace Update (PvT)

Enables or disables the trace update in PvT mode.

Trace Display (PvT)

Enables or disables the trace display in PvT mode.

Preset All (PvT)

In PvT mode, turns on Trace 1, and blanks all other traces. This operation does not affect the trace type, trace detector, and other states.

Clear All (PvT)

Clears all traces in PvT mode. All the trace data will be set to the minimum trace value (except the case that the trace is in Min Hold state). When the trace is in Min Hold state, the trace data will be set to the maximum trace value. That is, even if you turn off the trace update, the trace data will be updated after you perform the "Clear All" operation.

Note: The trace settings in PvT and non-PvT modes are independent of each other. In PvT view, 6 traces are all available for setting, but only one trace can be displayed.

Measurement Settings

Meas

In RTSA mode, Normal, Density, Spectrogram, Density Spectrogram, PvT, PvT Spectrum, PvT Spectrogram, and AMK are available.

After you select a measurement function, the screen is split into several display windows; in multi-window mode, you can touch the screen or use the mouse to select a specified window as the current window, and maximize the current window. If you select a different window, its corresponding menu will be different.

Normal

Measurement Interface:



Figure 3-2 Normal View

After you select **Normal** to be the measurement type, the measurement interface is shown in the figure above. Press **Meas Setup** to set the relevant parameters.

- In RTSA mode, all signal samples are processed to produce measurement results based on the set mode or initiate a trigger.
- In Normal view, **Limit** measurement function is supported.

Density

Measurement Interface:



Figure 3-3 Density View

The instrument defaults to Density measurement mode, and the measurement interface is shown in the figure above. After you select **Density** to be the measurement type, press **Meas Setup** to set the relevant parameters.

- The density is defined as the number of times a frequency and amplitude point is hit during an acquisition interval.
- The Density view will also display a white trace. This trace shows the real-time spectrum for the latest acquisition interval. When using positive peak, negative peak, or average detectors, the white trace obtains detector data from all the data within the acquisition time; when using the Sample detector, the last FFT was used.
- To display the signal status within a longer time range, you can display multiple Density views on the screen. The latest Density view is displayed with the highest brightness. The longer the time from the latest Density view, the lower brightness of the Density view. Such display of the brightness is generally called persistence view.
- The Density view is displayed combined with the persistence view. X-axis represents frequency, Y-axis represents amplitude, Z-axis represents number of hits, and T-axis represents time. This view displays four dimensional data on a two dimensional display, using color to represent Z-axis and brightness to represent T-axis.

Spectrogram

Measurement Interface:



Figure 3-4 Spectrogram View

After you select **Spectrogram** to be the measurement type, the measurement interface is shown in the figure above. Press **Meas Setup** to set the relevant parameters.

- The Spectrogram view is displayed in multiple windows, including displaying the conventional Normal view. In this view, the multiple windows have a coupling relationship. The conventional Normal view displays the specified spectral line set by the trace parameters. Select the Normal view, **Limit** measurement function is supported. In the Spectrogram view, a white horizontal line represents the currently displayed trace. In the Spectrogram mode, display trace 1 indicates the latest trace.
- In the view, each horizontal line represents a trace, and the vertical Y-axis represents time. The latest trace data is displayed at the top of the Spectrogram by default, and the historical traces are moved up one position. The Spectrogram can hold 8,192 traces. When Spectrogram occupies a Window that has full vertical size, 486 traces can be displayed at one time. When Spectrogram occupies the vertical window in the lower section, 230 traces can be displayed at one time.
- In the view, the colors represent signal amplitude. The color bar is displayed at the far left of the Spectrogram view. For details about the settings of the color bar, refer to "Ref Hue".

- When you select a trace that has not yet been acquired, both the trace window and Spectrogram window will remain blank until the trace is acquired. Then, once a trace is acquired in the Spectrogram window, the window will be updated for one time. The trace window will show the specified trace.
- Any parameter change will clear out the spectrogram and restart an acquisition, unless in the idle state (single measurement or waiting for a trigger). The data will also be cleared on exit from the Spectrogram view.
- In the Spectrogram view, zero time is the point where the first trace starts an acquisition, meaning that each subsequent trace point is at a positive time that represents when that point was gathered, relative to the start point. Each trace is time stamped as it starts, and this time is remembered for each trace. With the increase of the traces, the time difference for the successive traces get larger.

Density Spectrogram

Measurement Interface:



Figure 3-5 Density Spectrogram View

After you select **Density Spectrogram** to be the measurement type, the measurement interface is shown in the figure above. Press **Meas Setup** to set the relevant parameters.

Remarks:

• The Density Spectrogram view is displayed in multiple windows, including Density and Spectrogram views. In this view, multiple windows have a coupling

relationship. You can use the mouse or touch the screen to display one of the windows in full screen.

- The parameter rule in the Density view is consistent with that in the single Density view. Note that the white real-time trace in the Density view corresponds to the display trace in the Spectrogram view, but the trace in the Density view shows the latest data.
- The parameter rule in the Spectrogram view is consistent with that displayed in the single Spectrogram view.
- The combined Density and Spectrogram view display the traces, the occurrences of all the signals within the acquisition interval time, their corresponding frequency/amplitude and time information.

ΡνΤ

Measurement Interface:



Figure 3-6 PvT View

After you select **PvT** to be the measurement type, the measurement interface is shown in the figure above. Press **Meas Setup** to set the relevant parameters.

- The PvT measurement provides an analysis for time-domain data. X-axis represents the acquisition time, and Y-axis represents the power value of the signal.
- In RTSA mode, the acquisition time in PvT measurement can be different from that in the real-time spectrum measurement, but in the combined display of PvT

Spectrogram and PvT Spectrum, the acquisition time of the real-time spectrum measurement will be set to the PvT acquisition time.

• The menu items under **BW** in PvT measurement are disabled. The menu items of SPAN, AMPT, Trace, Sweep, Marker, Marker->, and Marker Func can be set separately.

PvT Spectrum

Measurement Interface:



Figure 3-7 PvT Spectrum View

After you select **PvT Spectrum** to be the measurement type, the measurement interface is shown in the figure above. Press **Meas Setup** to set the relevant parameters.

- The PvT Spectrum view is displayed in multiple windows, including PvT view and real-time normal view. In PvT Spectrum view, multiple windows have a coupling relationship. You can use the mouse or touch the screen to display one of the windows in full screen.
- The parameter rule in the PvT Spectrum view is consistent with that in the single PvT view.
- The parameter rule in the real-time normal view is consistent with that in the single Normal view. Select the Normal view, **Limit** measurement function is supported.
- In PvT mode, the acquisition time applies to all the traces.

PvT Spectrogram

Measurement Interface:



Figure 3-8 PvT Spectrogram View

After you select **PvT Spectrogram** to be the measurement type, the measurement interface is shown in the figure above. Press **Meas Setup** to set the relevant parameters.

- The PvT Spectrogram view is displayed in multiple windows, including PvT view, real-time normal view, and spectrogram view. In PvT Spectrogram view, multiple windows have a coupling relationship. You can use the mouse or touch the screen to display one of the windows in full screen.
- The parameter rule in the PvT Spectrum view is consistent with that in the single PvT view.
- The parameter rule in the real-time normal view is consistent with that in the single Normal view. Select the Normal view, **Limit** measurement function is supported.
- The parameter rule in the spectrogram view is consistent with that in the single Spectrogram view.
- In PvT mode, the acquisition time applies to all the traces.

Advanced Measurement Function (AMK)

Measurement Interface:



Figure 3-9 SSC Measurement Interface

1. Meas Off

Disables the advanced measurement function and returns to the Normal view in RTSA mode.

2. SSC

SSC advance measurement function is a measurement analysis function specially customized for 2FSK signal. When you enter the SSC function interface, the screen is automatically split into two sections for display, with the upper section as the measurement window displaying the measurement trace; the lower section as the measurement result window displaying the measurement results. The measurement interface is shown in the figure above. Press **Meas Setup** to set the corresponding parameters.

Meas Setup

Open the parameter setting menu of the function selected in the **Meas** menu. In the **Meas Setup** menu, only the menu items related to the current measurement function are displayed. Please view the relevant menus according to the current measurement function.

Avg Number

Specifies the number of times for averaging the measurement results. The average value is displayed in a real-time manner after each measurement is completed.

Table 3-12 Average Count

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|------------|
| Default | 10 |
| Range | 1 to 1,000 |
| Unit | None |
| Knob Step | 1 |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | I |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 1 |

Limit

Sets the parameters of limit lines. For details, refer to "**Limit**" in Chapter 2. Only when you select "Normal" view, can the limit line operation be available.

Meas Preset

Restores all parameters of the current measurement mode to their preset values, without clearing the limit line.

Density Parameters

1. Persistence

Sets how long the frequency/amplitude points displayed in the bitmap should take to fade.

Remarks:

- The persistence controls the length of time it will take for a point to go from 100% intensity to 0% intensity.
- If the point in the bitmap does not appear again during the persistence time, then the point will gradually become transparent until it disappears.

2. Persistence Infinite

Enables or disables the infinite mode of the persistence display.

- When off, it indicates the finite mode. At this time, you can define the persistence time. You can observe the density of each point over the entire measurement time.
- When on, it indicates the infinite mode. Infinite mode shows the total number of times a frequency/amplitude point appear during all the capture intervals since starting the measurement. In the infinite mode, the intensity for all the frequency/amplitude points is 100%, and there will be no fading, but its density will change with the measurement time.

3. Color Palettes

Selects different color palettes which allows optimization of visibility and contrast for different signal environment. In RTSA mode, there are five color palettes available for you to choose: Cool, Warm, Radar, Fire, and Frost. By default, "Warm" is selected to be the color palette.

4. Highest Density Hue

Sets the maximum density expressed in percentage.

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Default | 100 |
| Range | 0.1 to 100 |
| Unit | None |
| Knob Step | 0.1 |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | 0.1 |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step |

Table 3-13 Highest Density Hue

5. Lowest Density Hue

Sets the minimum density expressed in percentage.

| Table 5-14 Lowest Density fide | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Parameter | Remarks |
| Default | 0 |
| Range | 0 to 99.9 |
| Unit | None |
| Knob Step | 0.1 |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | 0.1 |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step |

Table 3-14 Lowest Density Hue

6. Curve Nonlinearity

Within the range between the highest density hue and lowest density hue, setting the curve nonlinearity can change the gradient among different density hues, making the displayed results move towards either the higher or lower end of the gradient. Increasing the curve nonlinearity value will compress the colors towards the higher end of the color bar, and decreasing the nonlinearity value will compress the colors towards the lower end of the color bar.

| Table 3-15 Curve Nonlinearity | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Parameter | Remarks |
| Default | 75 |
| Range | -100 to 100 |
| Unit | None |
| Knob Step | 1 |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | 1 |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step |

Table 3-15 Curve Nonlinearity

7. Auto Adjust Color

Sets the highest density hue to the highest density value found in the current bitmap; sets the lowest density hue to the lowest density value found in the current bitmap.

8. Hue Truncate

Enables or disables the hue truncate function. When on, the area that is greater than the maximum value and smaller than the minimum value will be indicated in black; when off, it is indicated by boundary value.

Spectrogram Parameters

1. Display Trace

Sets the trace index displayed in the trace window in the Spectrogram mode. You can determine the trace either by the trace number or the trace time. Trace 1 indicates the latest trace. If you select the trace by trace time, select a trace that is closest to the set time.

Table 3-16 Display Trace

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Default | 1 |
| Range | 1 to 8,192 |
| Unit | None |
| Knob Step | 1 |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | 1 |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step |

2. Trace Selection

Sets the type for the trace to be displayed in the trace window. It can be set to "Time" or "TNum".

Each trace is associated with a time value that represents the acquisition time. The formula is as follows: Trace Time = Trace Number x Acquisition Time.

3. Couple Marker Trace

Sets whether to couple the marker to the selected trace. Turn on a marker, and set Marker Z to n. The available range of n is from 1 to 8,192. Set the Display Trace number to n. At this time, enable the Trace Couple function. Then, the marker will stay with the selected Trace n, and changes with it. When you disable the Trace Couple function, the marker will be fixed to Marker n that is set when you turn on the marker. Modify the Display Trace number, and the marker will not change with the trace.

4. Ref Hue

Adjusts the hue at the top of the color bar in the Spectrogram. The color bar in the Spectrogram is placed next to the waveform display to map the amplitude and color in the Spectrogram.

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Default | 0 | |
| Range | 0 to 359.9 | |
| Unit | None | |
| Knob Step | 0.01 | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | 0.01 | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step | |

Table 3-17 Ref Hue



The hues of the colors run from 0 to 359 and are shown below:

In the hue ring, Hue 0 is red (255,0,0), Hue 120 is green (0,255,0), Hue 240 is blue (0,0,255), Hue 60 is yellow (255,255,0), Hue 180 is Cyan (0,255,255), and Hue 300 is magenta (255,0,255). In Region A-B, the red value is constant (255); in Region C-D, the green value is constant (255); in Region E-F, the blue value is constant (255). There is no green in Region F-A, no blue in Region B-C, and no red in Region D-E.

When adjusting the reference hue, you are adjusting the hue at the top of the color bar. The bottom of the color bar shows the hue that is 240 degrees clockwise from the reference hue.

5. Ref Hue Pos

Sets the position of the reference hue displayed in the graticule. Any amplitudes higher than the reference position are displayed as black.

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| Default | 100 | |
| Range | Max (10%, bottom hue value + 10%) to 100.0 | |
| Unit | None | |
| Knob Step | 1 | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step | |

Table 3-18 Reference Hue Position

6. Bottom Hue Pos

Sets the bottom hue position displayed in the graticule. Any amplitudes lower than the bottom hue position are displayed as black.

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|--|
| Default | 0 |
| Range | 0 to Min (90%, reference position value - 10%) |
| Unit | None |
| Knob Step | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | 1 |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | |

Table 3-19 Bottom Hue Position

7. Auto Adjust Hue

Auto adjusts the reference hue position and bottom hue position based on the highest amplitude value found in the spectrogram and the lowest amplitude value found in the spectrogram, respectively. The reference hue position is set to be the highest amplitude value, and the bottom hue position to be the lowest amplitude value.

SSC

The SSC function can continuously capture the signals with abrupt changes of power.

1. Max Hold

Enables or disables the Max Hold. When the Max Hold is enabled, the signal captured each time will be compared with the last captured signal, whichever is the larger value will be displayed as the max hold trace.

2. Reset

Clears the existing measurement results.

3. Mark Line1 State

Enables or disables Mark Line1. When Mark Line1 is enabled, a blue vertical line is displayed in the basic measurement window.

4. Mark Line1

Displays or sets the frequency value at Mark Line1. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify the frequency value at Mark Line1; you can also use the touch screen to modify the value.

5. Mark Line2 State

Enables or disables Mark Line2. When Mark Line2 is enabled, a red vertical line is displayed in the basic measurement window.

6. Mark Line2

Displays or sets the frequency value at Mark Line2. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify the frequency value at Mark Line2; you

can also use the touch screen to modify the value.

7. Pass/Fail

Enables or disables the Pass/Fail function. Before enabling the Pass/Fail function, refer to the descriptions in the following section to edit the limit.

- On: If the amplitudes of 6 peaks are all within the amplitude range, it indicates "Pass". At this time, "Pass" is displayed in the measurement result display window. Otherwise, it indicates "Fail". At this time, "Fail" is displayed in the measurement result display window.
- Off: A message indicates that test stops is displayed in the measurement result display window.

8. Limit Edit

Sets the amplitude limit range of all peaks in the Pass/Fail test.

• Signal: Selects a signal to edit its amplitude limit range. The peaks that correspond to the selected signals are shown in the following table.

| Signal | Peak |
|--------|-----------------|
| 1 | Peak1 and Peak2 |
| 2 | Peak3 and Peak4 |
| 3 | Peak5 and Peak6 |

- Ampt Up: Sets the upper limit of the amplitude.
- Ampt Down: Sets the lower limit of the amplitude.

Marker Setup

Marker

In RTSA mode, the Marker function in the real-time spectrum view is basically the same as that for GPSA (Note that when you select the Density view or the Spectrum view, the Marker Z menu is enabled). In the PvT measurement view, you are only allowed to set the marker on Trace1, and the "Marker Trace", "Marker Trace Auto", "Marker Readout", and "Readout Auto" menus are not supported. Other menus are basically the same as that in the real-time spectrum view.

Marker Z

Sets the trace number of the spectrum trace where the marker stays in the Density or Spectrogram view. Only when you select the Spectrogram view, can this menu be effective.

For details about the marker, refer to relevant contents of "Marker" in Chapter 2.

Marker To

In RTSA mode, the Marker To function in the real-time spectrum view is basically the same as that for GPSA. In the PvT measurement view, only the "Mkr -> Ref" menu is supported.

For details about the marker, refer to relevant contents of "Marker To" in Chapter 2.

Marker Function

In RTSA mode, only "N dB Bandwidth" and "Band Function" menus are supported in the real-time spectrum view; whereas in the PvT measurement view, only "Band Function" is supported.

For details about the "N dB Bandwidth" and "Band Function" menus, refer to relevant contents of "**Marker Function**" in Chapter 2.

Peak

In RTSA mode, the peak function is basically the same as that for GPSA. For details, refer to relevant contents of "**Peak**" in Chapter 2.

Input/Output

Sets the input/output interface of the instrument.

Input Impedance

Sets the input impedance for voltage-to-power conversions (refer to equation (2-4). The default input impedance is 50 Ω . If the output impedance of the system under measurement is 75 Ω , you should use a 75 Ω to 50 Ω adapter (option) supplied by **RIGOL** to connect the analyzer with the system under test, and then set the input impedance to 75 Ω .

Ext Gain

Compensates for gain or loss in the measurement system outside the instrument.

Remarks:

- The value does not affect the trace position, but will modify the parameters such as reference level readout and the marker amplitude readout.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter. For details, refer to descriptions in "**Parameter Setting**".

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Default | 0 dB |
| Range | -120 dB to 120 dB |
| Unit | dB |
| Knob Step | 1 dB |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 5 dB |

Table 3-20 External Gain

Ext Trigger2

Sets the external trigger 2 **[TRIGGER IN/OUT]** to be the "input" or "output" interface.

Shortcut Key

Auto Tune

In RTSA mode, the Auto Tune function is disabled.

Preset

Recalls the preset setting and restores the system settings of the analyzer to a specified status.

- To set the preset type, press System → Preset → Preset Type to select "Default" or any one of the items from "User1" to "User6".
- Press **Preset** to recall the specified factory settings (as shown in the following table, except the items specified in Note[3]) or user settings.

| Parameter Name | RTSA Parameter Value | |
|----------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| | Non-PvT | PvT |
| FREQ | | |
| Center Freq | 1.5 GHz | |
| Start Freq | 1.495 GHz | |
| Stop Freq | 1.505 GHz | |
| CF Step | Auto, 1 MHz | |
| Freq Offset | 0 Hz | |
| SPAN | | |
| Span(Acq BW) | 10 MHz | |
| Ref Value | | 0 us |
| Scale/Div | | 3.1946 ms |
| Ref Position | | Left |
| Auto Scale | | Auto |
| AMPT | | |
| Ref Level | 0 dBm | |
| Attenuation | Auto, 10 dB | |
| RF Preamp | Off | |
| Y Axis Unit | dBm | |
| Scale/Div | 10 dB | |
| Max Mixer Lvl | -10 dBm | |
| Ref Offset | 0 dB | |
| BW | | |
| RBW | Auto, 50.228 kHz (RBW2) | |
| Filter Type | Kaiser | |

| Sweep | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------|------------------------------|--|
| Acq Time | Auto 22 mc | Auto 21 0460 ms | |
| - | Continuous | Auto, 32 ms Auto, 31.9460 ms | |
| Sweep Mode Trigger | Continuous | Continuous | |
| | Eroo Dup | | |
| Trigger Source | Free Run | | |
| Trigger Hold-off | Off, 100 ms | | |
| Auto Trig | Off, 100 ms | | |
| Slope | Positive | | |
| Trig Delay | Off, 1 us | | |
| Acq/Trigger | 1 | | |
| Power | 0 dBm | | |
| Mask Type | Upper | | |
| Trigger Mask | Upper | | |
| Trigger Criteria | Enter | | |
| Active Mask | Upper | | |
| Frequency | 1.4989950 GHz | | |
| Amplitude | 0 dBm | | |
| Build From Trace | Trace 1 | | |
| X Offset | 0 Hz | | |
| Y Offset | 0 dB | | |
| X Axis Type | Fixed | | |
| Y Axis Type | Fixed | | |
| Trace | | | |
| Selected Trace | Trace 1 | | |
| Trace Type | Clear Write | | |
| Trace Det | Pos Peak | Pos Peak | |
| Detector Auto | Off | On | |
| Trace Update | On | On | |
| Trace Display | On | On | |
| Mode Setup | | • | |
| Global CF Mode | On, 1.5 GHz | | |
| Meas | | | |
| Measurement | Density | Density | |
| Function | | Schory | |
| Measure Setup | | | |
| Normal | | | |
| Avg Number | 100 | 100 | |
| Test Limits | Off | | |
| Select Limit | Limit 1 | | |
| Limit State | Off | | |
| Test Trace | Trace1 | | |
| Limit Type | Upper | | |
| X to CF | Fixed | | |
| Y to Ref | Fixed | | |
| | i incu | | |

| Margin | Off, 0 dB | | |
|---------------------|----------------|------------|--|
| Frequency | 0 Hz | | |
| Amplitude | 0 dBm | | |
| Build From | Trace1 | | |
| X Offset | 0 Hz | | |
| Y Offset | 0 dB | | |
| Density | 0.00 | | |
| Avg Number | 10 | | |
| Persistence | 300 ms | | |
| Pers Inf | Off | | |
| Color Palettes | Warm | | |
| Highest Density Hue | 100 | | |
| Lowest Density Hue | 0 | | |
| Curve Nonlinearity | 75 | | |
| Hue Truncate | Off | | |
| Spectrogram | | | |
| Avg Number | 100 | | |
| Display Trace | 1 | | |
| Trace Selection | TNum | | |
| Couple Marker Trace | On | | |
| Ref Hue | 0 | | |
| Ref Hue Pos | 100 | | |
| Bottom Hue Pos | 0 | | |
| SSC | | | |
| Max Hold | Off | | |
| Mark Line1 | Off, 1.495 GHz | | |
| Mark Line2 | Off, 1.505 GHz | | |
| Pass/Fail | Off | | |
| Signal | 1 | | |
| Ampt Up | -10 dBm | | |
| Ampt Down | -100 dBm | | |
| Marker | | | |
| Selected Marker | Marker 1 | Marker 1 | |
| Marker Mode | Position | Position | |
| Reference Marker | Marker 2 | Marker 2 | |
| Marker Trace | Trace 1 | | |
| Marker Trace Auto | On | | |
| Marker Freq/Time | 1.5 GHz | 15.9730 ms | |
| Marker Readout | Frequency | | |
| Readout Auto | On | | |
| Line State | Off | Off | |
| Couple Markers | Off Off | | |
| Marker Table | Off Off | | |
| Peak | | | |

| Cont Peak | Off | |
|-----------------------|---------------|-----|
| Search Mode | Мах | |
| Peak Threshold | On, -90 dBm | |
| Peak Excursion | On, 6 dB | |
| Threshold Line | Off | |
| Peak Table | Off | |
| Peak Table Sort | Amplitude | |
| Table Readout | All | |
| Display Line | -25 dBm | |
| Marker Func | | |
| N dB Bandwidth | Off, -3.01 dB | |
| Band Function | Off | Off |
| System ^[1] | | |
| Power On | Preset | |
| Preset Type | Default | |
| Align Auto | Off | |
| LAN Setting Mode | DHCP | |
| Display Line | Off, -25 dBm | |
| Graticule | On | |
| HDMI | On | |
| HDMI Resolution | 1280*720 60Hz | |
| LCD | On | |
| LCD Backlight | 100% | |
| Power Switch | Default | |
| Beep Switch | Off | |
| Volume | 50 | |
| SCPI Display | On | |
| User Key | Off | |
| Language | English | |

Note^[1]: Not affected by Preset settings.

User

User-defined shortcut key. For some hard-to-find but commonly used function menu, you can define it as shortcut key (for the defining method, refer to the introduction in "**User Key**"). After that, press the shortcut key under any operation interface to quickly open and set the desired menu or function.

Note: You can use the User key to define all the keys on the front panel and the sub-menus of these keys (except **Save**).

Quick Save

Repeats the most recent save that was performed from the **Save** menu. Its saving path is the currently defined in "Quicksave Path". The register storage does not support Quick Save.

Cont

Press this key to perform the continuous sweep operation.

Single

Press this key to perform the single sweep operation. Select Single sweep, and the backlight of the **Single** key turns on. In the single sweep mode, press **Single** to perform one measurement.

System Function

System

Sets the system parameters.

Preset

Functions include: select the instrument settings to be recalled after the analyzer is powered on ("Last" or "Preset"); set the preset type ("Factory" or one of the items from "User1" to "User6"); save preset.

1. Power On

Sets the power on setting to "Last" or "Preset".

- When "Last" is selected, the last system settings before power-off would be recalled automatically at power-on.
- When "Preset" is selected, settings defined in **Preset Type** would be recalled automatically at power-on.

2. Preset Type

Sets the preset type to "Default" (by default) or any one of the items from "User1" to "User6".

- When Power On is set to "Preset", the specified preset type will be recalled at power-on.
- After the instrument starts, press **Preset** on the front panel in any operation interface will recall the specified preset type.

3. Save User Preset

Saves the current system setting as user-defined settings to the internal non-volatile memory. You can store up to 6 system states (correspond to "User1" to "User6" in the preset type) and name each state file.

When one of the items from "User1" to "User6" is selected under **Preset Type**, press **Save User Preset**, and the then automatically enter the filename input interface. Then, perform the saving operation.

Alignment

1. Align Now

Press this key and the analyzer will use the internal calibration source to perform a self-calibration immediately.

2. Align Auto

Enables or disables self-calibration. If self-calibration is enabled, the analyzer

performs one self-calibration automatically after start-up.

3. Align Flatness

Press this key and the analyzer will perform the flatness calibration.

Interface

The analyzer supports the LAN or USB communication interface.

1. LAN

Sets the LAN parameters. Tap the setting information icon at the top of the user interface or use the externally connected mouse to click the icon, and

then click the network setting icon 🕮. Then, the LAN parameter setting interface, as shown below, is displayed.



Figure 3-10 LAN Parameter Setting

The following items can be set by the front panel keys, the keyboard shortcut keys, the externally connected mouse, the touchscreen, or remote operation.

1) Mode

Sets the mode of obtaining the IP address.

- DHCP: When DHCP is selected, the DHCP server assigns network parameters (such as the IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway) to the analyzer based on the current network configuration.
- Auto: When "Auto" is selected, the instrument will acquire the IP address ranging from "169.254.0.1" to "169.254.255.254" and the subnet mask (255.255.0.0) automatically based on the current network configuration.
Manual: When "Manual" is selected, you can self-define a desired IP address for the analyzer.

Note: The analyzer attempts to acquire the IP address configuration according to the sequence of DHCP, Auto IP, and Manual IP. These three methods cannot be disabled at the same time.

2) IP

Press **IP** and use the numeric keys to input the desired IP address. The format of the IP address is "nnn.nnn.nnn". The range for the first segment (nnn) of the address is from 1 to 223 (except 127); and the range for the other three segments is from 0 to 255. You are recommended to ask your network administrator for an IP address available.

3) Subnet mask

Press **Mask** and use the numeric keys to input the desired subnet mask. The format of the subnet mask is nnn.nnn.nnn; wherein, the range of "nnn" is from 0 to 255. You are recommended to ask your network administrator for a subnet mask available.

4) Gateway

Press **Gateway** and use the numeric keys to input the desired gateway address.

The format of the default gateway is "nnn.nnn.nnn". The range for the first segment (nnn) of the address is from 1 to 223 (except 127); and the range for the other three segments is from 0 to 255. You are recommended to ask your network administrator for a gateway address available.

5) DNS

- mDNS: enables or disables the sending of the network information (including IP address, host name, etc.).
- DNS Mode: Sets the mode of obtaining the DNS address to be "Manual" or "Auto".
- Preferred DNS: Sets the preferred address for the DNS.
- Backup DNS: Sets the backup address for the DNS.

The format of the DNS address is "nnn.nnn.nnn". The range for the first segment (nnn) of the address is from 1 to 223 (except 127); and the range for the other three segments is from 0 to 255. You are recommended to ask your network administrator for an address available.

6) Apply

After the LAN interface configuration is finished, press this key to apply the current configuration to the instrument and make it effective.

7) Reset

Turns on DHCP and Auto-IP; turns Manual-IP off. Clears the set network

password and restores it to the factory defaults.

2. USB

RSA3000E provides a USB DEVICE interface on the rear panel. The analyzer may serve as a "slave" device to be connected to the PC via this interface.

Display

Controls the screen display. You can set the current mode, the current measurement interface or window, and other display-related parameters.

1. Display Line State

Turns on or off the display line.

2. Display Line

Sets the display line level to change its display location. This line can be used as either the reference for you to read the measurement result or the threshold condition for the peaks displayed in the peak table.

Remarks:

- This line is a horizontal reference of which the amplitude is equal to the set value, and the corresponding amplitude unit is the same as the Y-axis unit.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify the display line level; also you can modify it on the touchscreen. For details, refer to descriptions in "**Parameter Setting**".
- If the display line is out of the visible range, it will be displayed at the top or bottom of the graticule, and indicated by arrows.

| Tuble 5 21 Display Line Level | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Parameter | Remarks |
| Default | -25 dBm |
| Range | Current amplitude range |
| Unit | dBm, -dBm, V, mV, uV |
| Knob Step | In Log scale mode, step = scale/10 |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | In Lin scale mode, step = 0.1 dB |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | In Log scale mode, step = scale |
| | In Lin scale mode, step = 1 dB |

Table 3-21 Display Line Level

3. Graticule

Enables or disables the display of the graticule.

4. HDMI

Enables or disables HDMI.

5. HDMI Resolution

Selects the resolution supported by HDMI interface to "1280*720 60Hz", "640*480 60Hz", or "720*480 60Hz ".

6. LCD

Enables or disables LCD.

Remarks:

- If you are not updating data, turning off LCD can improve the measurement speed.
- To reduce the electromagnetic radiation of some circuit component, turn off the LCD.

7. LCD Backlight

Sets the brightness of the LCD backlight.

The brightness is expressed in percentage. When it is 100, it indicates that the backlight is the brightest; when it is 1, the backlight is the darkest.

About System

Displays the system information or the option information.

1. System Info

- Model
- Serial Number
- Hardware Version Number
- Firmware Version Number
- Software Version

2. Option Info

Displays the option information.

RSA3000E provides many kinds of options to meet various measurement requirements. To purchase the corresponding option, please contact **RIGOL**.

3. Self Test

Screen

Tests whether the screen has a dot defect by using six colors: blue, red, green, gray, white, and black. Press any key to switch the screen color and exit the test.

Multi-point Touch

Enters the multi-point touch test interface. Use two fingers to make pinch or stretch gestures on the screen, and observe the size of the characters. If they do not change along with your gestures, it indicates that problems occurred to the multi-point touch function. To exit the test, press **Esc** for three consecutive times.

• Single-point Touch

Enters the single-point touch test interface. Touch or use the mouse to make stretch or strike gestures on the screen, if the corresponding traces are displayed, then it indicates that the point on the touchscreen is valid. To exit the test, press **Esc** for three consecutive times.

• Keyboard

Enter the keyboard test interface. Press the function keys on the front panel one by one and observe whether the corresponding key is illuminated. If not, an error may have occurred to that key. To exit the test, press **Esc** for three consecutive times.

Note: For the transparent keys on the front panel, they will be also illuminated during the test.

4. License Info

Displays the license registration information about the components such as Linux and QT.

5. Online Update

Connects the analyzer to the external network by using the network cable. If you do not have the right to access the Internet, please ask the administrators to grant your right to access the external internet first. Then, press this key to update the software.

Date/Time

Sets the system date and time.

1. Set Time

Sets the displayed system time of the analyzer. Press the **Hour**, **Minute**, and **Second** softkeys respectively to set the time.

2. Set Date

Sets the displayed system date of the analyzer. Press the **Year**, **Month**, and **Day** softkeys respectively to set the date. You can also press **Date Format** to select whether the date is displayed in "YMD" or "MDY" form.

Security Clear

Press this key to perform the security clear function. This function includes the following operations:

• Deletes all the files that users have saved, including the state files, trace state files, screen files, measdata files, and limit files saved by users in all modes.

• Executes the factory resetting operation.

Language

RSA3000E supports multi-language menu, Chinese and English built-in help and pop-up messages.

Press this key to select the desired display language.

Settings

1. Power Switch

Sets whether the power switch on the front panel is effective or not.

- Default: When the analyzer is connected to power source, press the power switch on the front panel to start up the analyzer.
- Always: When the analyzer is connected to power source, it starts automatically.

2. Beep Switch

Turns on or off the beeper.

3. Volume

After you turn on the beeper, you can press this key to adjust the volume of the beeper.

4. User Key

Defines an associated function for the **User** key on the front panel. The definition method is as described below. After that, pressing **User** in any operation interface can quickly enable the defined function.

- Press **User Key** to select "On";
- Open the function menu that needs to be defined. For example, press
 System → Display → Display Line;
- Press User and the definition is finished. At this time, User Key turns off automatically.

5. SCPI Display

When you use the SCPI commands to control the instrument remotely, turning on the SCPI Display will go to the specified menu of the corresponding command; turning off the SCPI Display will not go to the specified menu.

Messages

Press this key, and then a prompt message dialog box will be displayed. You can press the corresponding softkey to select to view all the messages, the messages

that have been read or not read. You can also use the touch screen or the externally connected mouse to tap or click the specified icon in the prompt message dialog box.

1. Select All

Selects all the displayed messages.

2. Select Read

Only selects the messages that have been read.

3. Select Unread

Only selects the messages that have not been read.

4. Delete

Deletes the selected messages.

5. Query All

Views all the displayed messages.

6. Query Read

Only views the messages that have been read.

7. Query Unread

Only views the messages that have not been read.

File

RSA3000E allows you to save various types of files to the internal or external memory, and recall them when necessary.

Press **File** on the front panel to enter the file operation menu interface.

File Explorer

Press the key to enter the file manager interface. You can use the touch gestures to tap the screen or use the mouse to click on the screen to select the corresponding file or folder. Displays all the files with the specified file types. When you select a file, you can press the **Copy**, **Paste**, or **Delete** softkeys to copy, paste, or delete the specified file.

| Current Path : / | ▶ gpsa | | |
|------------------|--------|--------|---------------------|
| Name | 🛆 Size | Туре | Date Modified |
| license | | Folder | 8 Dec 2017 14:34:42 |
| 🚞 limit | | Folder | 8 Dec 2017 14:34:42 |
| measdata | | Folder | 8 Dec 2017 14:34:42 |
| 🚞 screen | | Folder | 8 Dec 2017 14:34:42 |
| state | | Folder | 8 Dec 2017 14:34:42 |
| 🚞 tracestate | | Folder | 8 Dec 2017 14:34:42 |
| | | | |

Figure 3-11 File Manager

The available file types include: State, Trace+State, Measurement Data, Limit, Screen Image, FMT, and All (all the above file types). The descriptions for various file types are shown in the following table.

| File Type | Format | Suffix Name |
|------------------|---------|--------------|
| State | BIN | .sta |
| Trace+State | BIN | .trs |
| Measurement Data | CSV | .CSV |
| Limit | CSV | .CSV |
| Screen Image | IMAGE | .jpg/bmp/png |
| License | LICENSE | .lic |
| FMT | CSV | .CSV |

Table 3-22 Descriptions of File Type

Note: RSA3000E can only recognize files whose filenames consist of Chinese characters, English letters, or numbers. If the filename or folder name contains other characters, the file or the folder might not be displayed normally in the file manager interface.

Сору

Copies the currently selected file or folder.

Paste

Pastes the file or folder.

When the current path has contained a file or folder whose name is the same as the one that you want to paste, after you perform the paste operation, the original file or folder will be overwritten.

Rename

Renames a file that has been stored. After you select a file, press this key to input a new filename.

Delete

Deletes the selected file.

New Folder

Creates a folder. Press this key to create a new empty folder under the current directory, and the file is named with a default filename. To modify this filename,

press **Rename** to rename the file.

Quick Print

If the printer has been successfully installed, press this key to quickly print the currently displayed screen image.

Print

Prints the current screen according to print parameter settings when the printer has been successfully installed and is in idle state.

Printer Setup

1. Printer Parameters

1) Page Size

Sets the page size for printing. When "Default" is selected, the page size depends on the printer currently connected.

2) Quality

Sets the printed screen quality.

3) Color

Sets the print color to Color, Mono, Inverse, or Inverse-Mono.

4) Orientation

Sets the print orientation to "Landscape" or "Portrait".

5) Adjust

Sets the print border to be Adaptive, Non-Adpt, and Hold-Min.

6) Counts

Sets the print copies and the default is 1. The range available is from 1 to 99.

7) Border

Turns on or off the border.

In addition, you can preview the print page, and set to print the image or the text in All page, 1/2, 1/4, or 1/9 page.

2. Add Device

Queries and adds a printer. Inputs the IP address of the printer, the manufacturer of the printer, the printer model, and printer drive. Then, the printer is added.

3. Select Device

Selects the desired printer.

Import License

In the file manager interface, select a file to be imported and then press **Import License** to import the file.

System Update

Press this key to update the analyzer software after selecting the update file in the USB storage device.

Recall

RSA3000E allows you to recall various types of files saved to the internal or external storage memory.

Press **Recall** on the front panel to enter the file recalling menu. The available file types include: State, Trace+State, Measurement Data, Limit, and FMT.

State

Press **State** to enter the state recalling menu. The state can be recalled from the register or the file.

1. Recall

Press **File Explorer** to enter the file manager interface. Select a file and then press **Recall** to recall the file from a register or a file.

2. Register1 through Register16

When any one of the items from Register1 to Register16 is selected, the state of the specified register will be recalled.

Trace+State

Press **Trace+State** to enter the trace+state recalling menu. The state of the instrument and the selected trace can be recalled from a register or a file.

1. Recall

Press **File Explorer** to enter the file manager interface. Select a file and then press **Recall** to recall the file.

2. To Trace

Selects the trace+state file or the trace data of the register to recall them to the selected trace.

3. Register1 through Register16

When any one of the items from Register1 to Register16 is selected, the state of the specified register will be recalled.

RIGOL

Measurement Data

Press Meas Data to enter the measurement data recalling menu.

1. Recall

Press **File Explorer** to enter the file manager interface. Select a file and then press **Recall** to recall the file.

2. To Trace

Selects the measurement data file and recalls it to the selected trace.

Limit

Press Limit to enter the limit recalling menu.

1. Recall

Press **File Explorer** to enter the file manager interface. Select a file and then press **Recall** to recall the file.

2. To Limit

Selects the limit line file and recalls it to the selected limit line.

FMT

Press **FMT** to enter the FMT recalling menu.

1. Recall

Press **File Explorer** to enter the file manager interface. Select a file and then press **Recall** to recall the file.

2. To Mask

Selects the FMT file to recall it to the selected mask.

Save

RSA3000E allows you to save various types of files to the internal or external memory.

Press **Save** on the front panel to enter the file saving menu. The available file types include: State, Trace+State, Measurement Data, Limit, Screen Image, and FMT.

State

Press **State** to enter the state saving menu. The state can be saved to the register or the file.

1. Save

Press this key to save the current state in the default filename or user-defined filename.

The default state filename is determined by the following methods:

- If you haven't input a filename by pressing the **Save As** key, its default filename is state<n>.sta. Wherein, n refers to the file number of the filenames that are named based on the naming mode in the current file directory. The value of <n> is the existing maximum file number plus 1. For example, if 3 files (state1.sta、state2.sta、state5.sta) exist in the current directory, then the new filename for the file that you want to save should be state6.sta by default.
- If you have pressed the **Save As** key to input the filename abc, then the file is saved to be "abc.sta". After that, press the **Save** key again, another file is saved automatically with the filename "abc1.sta".

2. Save As

Press this key and then use the numeric keypad on the front panel to input the filename. Then, press **Save** to save the corresponding state file.

You can also touch the screen or use the mouse to tap or click the **Save As** menu, and then input the filename with the keypad.

3. Register1 through Register16

When any one of the items from Register1 to Register16 is selected, the current state of the instrument will be saved to the corresponding register. The register supports quick save and recalling instrument state. The register menu displays the time for saving the instrument state.

Trace+State

Press **Trace+State** to enter the trace+state saving menu. The state of the instrument and the selected trace can be saved to the register or the file.

1. Save

Press this key to save the current trace+state file in the default filename or user-defined filename.

The default filename is determined by the following methods:

- If you haven't input a filename by pressing the **Save As** key, its default filename is tracestate<n>.trs. Wherein, n refers to the file number of the filenames that are named based on the naming mode in the current file directory. The value of <n> is the existing maximum file number plus 1.
- If you have pressed the **Save As** key to input the filename abc, then the file is saved to be "abc.trs". After that, press the **Save** key again, another file is saved automatically with the filename "abc1.trs".

2. Save As

Press this key and then use the numeric keypad on the front panel to input the filename. Then, press **Save** to save the corresponding trace+state file.

You can also touch the screen or use the mouse to tap or click the **Save As** menu, and then input the filename with the keypad.

3. Save From Trace

Selects the trace to be saved. You can select any single trace from Trace1 to Trace6.

4. Register1 through Register16

When any one of the items from Register1 to Register16 is selected, the current state of the instrument will be saved to the corresponding register. The register supports quick save and loading instrument state. The register menu displays the time for saving the instrument state.

Measurement Data

Press **Meas Data** to enter the measurement data saving menu. The selected measurement data type (e.g. trace, measurement results, peak table, or marker table) can be saved to the specified file. The data will be saved in .csv format. They are separated with a comma, and this is convenient for you to use the Excel to analyze the data.

1. Save

Press this key to save the currently selected type of measurement data in the default filename or user-defined filename.

The default filename is determined by the following methods:

- If you haven't input a filename by pressing the Save As key, its default filename is measdata<n>.csv. Wherein, n refers to the file number of the filenames that are named based on the naming mode in the current file directory. The value of <n> is the existing maximum file number plus 1.
- If you have pressed the **Save As** key to input the filename abc, then the file is saved to be "abc.csv". After that, press the key again, another file is saved automatically with the filename "abc1.csv".

2. Save As

Press this key and then use the numeric keypad on the front panel to input the filename. Then, press **Save** to save the corresponding Measurement Data file.

You can also touch the screen or use the mouse to tap or click the **Save As** menu, and then input the filename with the keypad.

3. Save From Trace

If the data to be saved are traces, select the trace to be saved. You can select any single trace from Trace1 to Trace6.

4. Data Type

Selects the measurement data type to be saved. The data types supported by the instrument include trace, peak table, and marker table.

Limit

Press **Limit** to enter the limit line saving menu. The selected limit line is saved to the file.

1. Save

Press this key to save the currently selected limit line in the default filename or user-defined filename.

The default filename is determined by the following methods:

- If you haven't input a filename by pressing the **Save As** key, its default filename is limit<n>.csv. Wherein, n refers to the file number of the filenames that are named based on the naming mode in the current file directory. The value of <n> is the existing maximum file number plus 1.
- If you have pressed the **Save As** key to input the filename abc, then the file is saved to be "abc.csv". After that, press the key again, another file is

saved automatically with the filename "abc1.csv".

2. Save As

Press this key and then use the numeric keypad on the front panel to input the filename. Then, press **Save** to save the corresponding Limit file.

You can also touch the screen or use the mouse to tap or click the **Save As** menu, and then input the filename with the keypad.

3. Select Limit

Selects the limit line to be saved. You can select any single limit line from Limit1 to Limit6.

Screen Image

Press **Screen Image** to enter the screen saving menu.

1. Save

Press this key to save the current screen image in the default filename or user-defined filename.

The default filename is determined by the following methods:

- If you haven't input a filename by pressing the **Save As** key, its default filename is screen<n>.jpg. Wherein, n refers to the file number of the filenames that are named based on the naming mode in the current file directory. The value of <n> is the existing maximum file number plus 1.
- If you have pressed the **Save As** key to input the filename abc, then the file is saved to be "abc.jpg". After that, press the key again, another file is saved automatically with the filename "abc1.jpg".

2. Save As

Press this key and then use the numeric keypad on the front panel to input the filename. Then, press **Save** to save the corresponding Screen Image file.

You can also touch the screen or use the mouse to tap or click the **Save As** menu, and then input the filename with the keypad.

3. Screenshot Info

1) Format

Press this key to select the file format of the current screen image to be "JPEG", "BMP", or "PNG".

2) Color Type

Press this key to select the color of the current screen image to be "Normal" or "Inverted".

FMT

Press FMT to enter the FMT file saving menu. Save the selected FMT file to the file.

1. Save

Press this key to save the currently selected FMT file in the default filename or user-defined filename.

The default filename is determined by the following methods:

- If you haven't input a filename by pressing the **Save As** key, its default filename is FMT<n>.csv. Wherein, n refers to the file number of the filenames that are named based on the naming mode in the current file directory. The value of <n> is the existing maximum file number plus 1.
- If you have pressed the **Save As** key to input the filename abc, then the file is saved to be "abc.csv". After that, press the key again, another file is saved automatically with the filename "abc1.csv".

2. Save As

Press this key and then use the numeric keypad on the front panel to input the filename. Then, press **Save** to save the corresponding FMT file.

You can also touch the screen or use the mouse to touch or click the **Save As** menu, and then input the filename with the keypad.

3. Select FMT

Selects the FMT to be saved.

Quicksave Path

1. Set Path

Press the **Set Path** softkey to open the file explorer interface. Select the corresponding path, and then press OK to set the current path to be the quick save path.

2. View Path

Press the **View Path** softkey to display the current quick save path information in the center of the user interface.

Chapter 4 Functions of the Front Panel of EMI

This chapter describes in detail the front-panel function keys of RSA3000E and their associated menu functions in EMI mode.

Contents in this chapter:

- Basic Settings
- Sweep and Function Settings
- Measurement Settings
- Marker Measurement
- Input/Output
- Shortcut Key
- System Function

Basic Settings

FREQ

Sets the frequency parameters of the analyzer.

The frequency range of the current channel can be expressed by either of two groups of parameters: Start Frequency/Stop Frequency (f_{start} / f_{stop}); or Span

Center Frequency/Span (f_{center} / f_{span}). If any of the four parameters is changed, the other three parameters will make adjustment automatically to ensure the coupling relationship among them:

$$f_{center} = (f_{stop} + f_{start})/2$$
(4-1)

$$f_{span} = f_{stop} - f_{start} \tag{4-2}$$

Frequency(Meter)

It is used to set the frequency of the meter in frequency scan. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

Note: In the trace display area of the user interface, a purple vertical line is used to mark the frequency of the meter. Press **System** \rightarrow **Display** \rightarrow **Meters Freq Line**, you can turn on or off a purple vertical line.

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Default | 515 MHz |
| Range | 0 Hz to Fmax ^[1] |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz |
| Knob Step | oton DDW (motor)/2 |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | step = RBW (meter)/2 |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | step = RBW (meter)*10 |

Table 4-1 Frequency (Meter)

Note^[1]: The maximum measurement frequency Fmax is determined by the instrument model. For RSA3030E, Fmax is 3 GHz; for RSA3015E, Fmax is 1.5 GHz.

Midspan Freq

Sets the center frequency of the current channel.

Remarks:

- When you modify the midspan frequency, the start and stop frequency will be modified automatically if the span remains to be unchanged.
- Modifying the midspan frequency indicates that the frequency is changed along the current channel horizontally, and the adjustable range should be within the frequency range specified in the technical specifications of the analyzer.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| Default | 515 MHz |
| Range | 5 Hz to (Fmax - 5 Hz) |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz |
| Knob Step | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | step = RBW (meter)/2 |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | step = RBW (meter)*10 |

Table 4-2 Midspan Freq

Start Freq

Sets the start frequency of the current frequency channel.

Remarks:

- When you modify the start frequency, the span and midspan frequency will be changed.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

Table 4-3 Start Frequency

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Default | midspan frequency - span/2 | |
| Range | 0 Hz to (Fmax – 10 Hz) | |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz | |
| Knob Step | ston DDW/ (motor)/2 | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | step = RBW (meter)/2 | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | step = RBW (meter)*10 | |

RIGOL

Start Freq Mode

Sets the coupling mode of the start frequency to "Manual" or "Auto". When "Auto" is selected, the start frequency will automatically couple to the start frequency of the first range among the currently enabled ranges in the scan table.

Stop Freq

Sets the stop frequency of the current frequency channel.

Remarks:

- When you modify the stop frequency, the span and midspan frequency will be changed.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Table 4-4 Stop Frequency | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Parameter | Remarks | |
| Default | midspan frequency + span/2 | |
| Range | 10 Hz to Fmax | |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz | |
| Knob Step | | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | step = RBW (meter)/2 | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | step = RBW (meter)*10 | |

Table 4-4 Stop Frequency

Stop Freq Mode

Sets the coupling mode of the stop frequency to "Manual" or "Auto". When "Auto" is selected, the stop frequency will automatically couple to the stop frequency of the first range among the currently enabled ranges in the scan table.

Scale Type

Sets the scale type of X-axis to Lin or Log.

Remarks:

- The X-axis scale type is only related to data display, and will not affect scan and trace data.
- Modifying the X-axis scale type will neither restart the scan nor affect the number of scan points.

SPAN

Sets the span of the analyzer. Changing this parameter will change the frequency parameters.

Span

Sets the frequency range of the current channel.

Remarks:

- When you modify the span, the start and stop frequency will be modified automatically if the midspan frequency remains to be unchanged.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

Table 4-5 Span

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Default | 970 MHz |
| Range | 10 Hz to Fmax |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz |
| Knob Step | stop spap/200 Min 2 Hz |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | step = span/200, Min = 2 Hz |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-2-5 step |

RIGOL

AMPT

Sets the amplitude parameters of the analyzer. You can modify these parameters to make the signals under test be displayed with minimal errors in the current window, easy for you to observe.

Ref Level

Sets the maximum power or voltage that can be displayed in the current window.

Remarks:

- The RF link is limited by the maximum mixer level, so when you reduce the attenuation, the instrument may reduce the reference level to meet the mixer level limit. When you increase the attenuation, the reference level remains unchanged.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Default | 106.99 dBuV | |
| Range | -63.01 dBuV to 136.99 dBuV | |
| Unit | dBm, dBmV, dBuV, V, W | |
| Knob Step | stop scale /10 | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | step = scale/10 | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | step = scale | |

Table 4-6 Ref Level

Att(Meter)

Sets the meter attenuator.

Remarks:

- In the frequency scan measurement, this value only affects the attenuation of the meter.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Default | 0 dB |
| Range | 0 dB to 50 dB |
| Unit | dB |
| Knob Step | proomp off stop 1 dB |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | preamp off, step = 1 dB |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 5 dB |

Table 4-7 Att(Meter)

RF Preamp(Meter)

Sets the meter preamplifier to be on or off. When the signal under test is a low-level signal, turning on the preamplifier can reduce the displayed average noise level, so that you can distinguish low-level signals from the noise. By default, the preamp gain is 20 dB.

Y Axis Unit

Sets the unit of the Y-axis to dBm, dBmV, dB μ V, Volts, or Watts. Wherein, dBm, dBmV, and dB μ V are for Log scale; Volts and Watts are for Linear scale. The default unit is dBuV.

Remarks:

The conversion relations between units are as follows:

$$dBm = 10lg\left(\frac{Volts^2}{R} \times \frac{1}{0.001W}\right)$$
(4-3)

$$dB\mu V = 20lg\left(\frac{Volts}{l\mu V}\right) \tag{4-4}$$

$$dBmV = 20lg\left(\frac{Volts}{ImV}\right) \tag{4-5}$$

$$Watts = \frac{Volts^2}{R}$$
(4-6)

Wherein, R denotes the reference resistance.

Scale/Div

Sets the unit per division in the vertical axis.

Remarks:

- The amplitude range to be displayed can be adjusted by setting the scale.
- The range of the signal amplitude that can be displayed is as follows: Minimum: reference level – 10 × current scale value Maximum: reference level
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Default | 10 dB |
| Range | 0.1 dB to 20 dB |
| Unit | dB |
| Knob Step | scale \geq 1, step = 1 dB |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | scale < 1 , step = 0.1 dB |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-2-5 step |

Table 4-8 Scale/Div

Ref Offset

Adds an offset value to the reference level to compensate for gains or losses generated between the DUT and the analyzer input.

Remarks:

- The offset value does not affect the trace position, but will modify the reference level readout and the marker amplitude readout.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Table 4-7 Reference Level Offset | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Parameter | Remarks |
| Default | 0 dB |
| Range | -300 dB to 300 dB |
| Unit | dB |
| Knob Step | level offset \geq 1 or level offset \leq -1: step = 1 dB; |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | -1 < level offset < 1, step = 0.1 dB |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 5 dB |

Table 4-9 Reference Level Offset

Sweep and Function Settings

BW

RBW(Meter)

Sets the resolution bandwidth (RBW) of the meter. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Table | 4-10 | RBW |
|-------|------|-----|
|-------|------|-----|

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Default | 120 kHz | |
| Range | 100 Hz to 10 MHz ^[1] | |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz | |
| Knob Step | at 1 2 10 atom | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | at 1-3-10 step | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-3-10 step | |

Note^[1]: When the EMC measurement standard is "None" and "Gauss" filter is selected, the RBW range is as above. When "EMI" filter is selected, resolution bandwidth can only be 200 Hz, 9 kHz, 120 kHz, or 1 MHz.

RBW Mode(Meter)

Sets the RBW mode of the meter to "Manual" or "Auto".

Remarks:

- When you select "Manual", use the **RBW(Meter)** menu to set the RBW value.
- When you select "Auto", use the RBW to automatically couple to the frequency of the meter.
- When the EMC measurement standard is "None", the RBW Mode(Meter) menu is grayed out and disabled. You can manually set the RBW. When the EMC measurement standard is "CISPR", select the Auto RBW mode.

| Frequency (Meter) Fmet | RBW |
|-------------------------|---------|
| Fmet < 150 kHz | 200 Hz |
| 150 kHz ≤ Fmet < 30 MHz | 9 kHz |
| 30 MHz ≤ Fmet < 1 GHz | 120 kHz |
| Fmet ≥ 1 GHz | 1 MHz |

Filter Type(Meter)

Sets the RBW filter type.

Remarks:

- The RSA3000E series supports two kinds of RBW filters: Gauss and EMI.
- When the EMC measurement standard is "CISPR", the Filter Type(Meter) menu is grayed out and disabled. By default, EMI filter is selected. When "EMI" is selected, resolution bandwidth can only be 200 Hz, 9 kHz, 120 kHz, or 1 MHz.
- When the EMC measurement standard is "None", the default filter is "Gauss".

Sweep

Sets the sweep-related parameters.

Frequency Scan

Sets the current frequency scan mode to "Single" or "Cont".

Start/Stop

Selects "Start" to start pre-scan, peak search, or the final measurement according to the selected frequency scan mode.

Selects "Stop" to stop the current scan, search, or measurement.

Pause/Resume

Selects "Pause" to pause the current pre-scan, peak search, or final measurement operation. Note, the pause operation can be executed only within the two scan ranges.

Selects "Resume" to resume scan, search, or measurement and start the operation from the scan point where you pause.

Clear List and Start

After you press or tap this menu, all the signals in the signal table will be cleared. Then, the selected scan sequence will be launched. If the selected scan sequence is being scanned and is in the Cont scan mode, you need to select "Stop" under the **Start/Stop** menu to stop scan. In other conditions, when the measurement is completed, the scan sequence is stopped automatically.

Continue(Meter)

Sets the measurement mode of the meter to Continuous. Only when you set the current setting to Single scan mode or restart to launch the scan sequence, can the measurement be stopped.

Single(Meter)

Sets the measurement mode of the meter to Single. The meter performs a single measurement with the meter and then stops. You can launch the meter by switching the mode to Continuous.

Trigger

Selects the trigger source and sets trigger-related parameters.

Trigger Source

Sets "Free Run", "External 1", or "External 2" to be the trigger source.

Free Run

The trigger conditions are met at any time, that is, the analyzer generates trigger signals continuously.

External 1

In this mode, an external signal is input via the **[TRIGGER IN]** connector on the rear panel. When the signal meets the set trigger conditions, trigger signals are generated.

1. Slope

Sets the trigger polarity for External Trigger 1 to "POS" or "NEG".

2. Delay State

Enables or disables the trigger delay function. After the trigger delay function is enabled, you can set the trigger delay time.

3. Delay Time

Sets the time interval during which the instrument waits to start the sweep operation after the trigger signal that meets the trigger conditions is generated. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Default | 1 µs | |
| Range | 0 µs to 500 ms | |
| Unit | s, ms, µs, ns, ps | |
| Knob Step | trigger delay/100 Min 1 up | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | trigger delay/100, Min = 1 μ s | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step | |

Table 4-11 Trigger Delay Time

External 2

Press **Input/Output** \rightarrow **Ext Trigger2** to select "In". Then, an external signal is input via the **[TRIGGER IN/OUT]** connector on the rear panel. When the signal meets the set trigger conditions, trigger signals are generated.

Note: The input signal frequency on the external trigger interface should not be greater than 1 MHz.

1. Slope

Sets the trigger polarity for External Trigger 2 to "POS" or "NEG".

2. Delay State

Enables or disables the trigger delay function. After the trigger delay function is enabled, you can set the trigger delay time.

3. Delay Time

Sets the time interval during which the instrument waits to start the sweep operation after the trigger signal that meets the trigger conditions is generated. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Default | 1 µs | |
| Range | 0 µs to 500 ms | |
| Unit | s, ms, µs, ns, ps | |
| Knob Step | trigger delay/100 Min - 1 us | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | trigger delay/100, Min = 1 µs | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step | |

Table 4-12 Trigger Delay Time

Hold-off State

Turns on or off the trigger hold-off function.

Hold-off Time

Sets the hold-off time between trigger signals. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify this parameter; also you can modify it on the touchscreen.

When the trigger conditions are met, the trigger occurs. Then, the delay begins, and

the hold-off time begins. During the hold-off time, new trigger signals will be ignored. For a free-running trigger, the hold-off value is the minimum time between two trigger signals.

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| Default | 100 ms | |
| Range | 100 µs to 500 ms | |
| Unit | s, ms, µs, ns, ps | |
| Knob Step | trigger hold off time $/100$ Min -1 us | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | trigger hold-off time/100, Min = 1 μ s | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step | |

Auto Trig State

Enables or disables the auto trigger function.

Auto Trig

Sets the time that the instrument will wait for the trigger conditions to be met. When the set waiting time times out, the instrument will not wait and start to initiate the sweep measurement.

Table 4-14 Auto Trigger Time

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| Default | 100 ms | |
| Range | 1 ms to 100 s | |
| Unit | s, ms, μs, ns, ps | |
| Knob Step | auto trigger time/100, Min = 1 µs | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | auto tilgger tille/100, Mill = 1 μ s | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step | |

Trace

Displays the trace-related parameters.

Selected Trace

RSA3000E series can display at most 3 traces synchronously in EMI mode. Select the corresponding trace to set the relevant parameters for the specified trace. By default, Trace1 is selected and enabled, and the trace type is "Clear Write".

Note: The trace currently displayed on the screen can be saved to the internal or external memory. If needed, you can recall it at any time. Press **Save** to save it according to descriptions in **"Save"**.

Trace Type

Sets the type of the currently selected trace. The system calculates the scanned data by a specific operation method according to the selected trace type. The results will not be displayed unless you set "Trace Update" and "Trace Display" to "On". Trace types include Clear Write, Average, Max Hold, and Min Hold.

1. Clear Write

Sets the trace data to a minimum value, and displays the real-time scanned data of each point on the trace.

2. Average

Displays an average trace, which is represented by averaging the data of each point on the trace. The type of the trace is displayed to be smooth.

3. Max Hold

Maintains and displays a max hold trace, which represents the maximum data value on a point-by-point basis. When a new maximum value is generated, data will be updated, and the newly updated maximum value prevails.

4. Min Hold

Maintains and displays a min hold trace, which represents the minimum data value on a point-by-point basis. When a new minimum value is generated, data will be updated, and the newly updated minimum value prevails.

Trace Det

Sets the detector for the current measurement. The selected detector can be applied to the current trace. The available trace detectors include Pos Peak, Quasi Peak,

CISPR Average, RMS Average, Average(Vol), and Neg Peak.

1. Pos Peak

For each trace point, Positive Peak detector displays the maximum value of data sampled within the corresponding time interval.

2. Quasi-Peak

The quasi-peak detector is implemented according to CISPR standard.

3. CISPR Average

The average detector is implemented according to CISPR standard.

4. RMS Average

The RMS average detector is implemented according to CISPR standard.

5. Average

For each data point, average (see equation (2-9)) all the sampled data within the corresponding time interval and display the result.

$$V_{AV} = \frac{1}{N} \times \sum_{i=1}^{N} v_i \tag{4-7}$$

Wherein, V_{AV} is the average of voltage in V; N is the number of sampled values for each point displayed; v_i is the envelope of the sampled value in V.

6. Neg Peak

For each trace point, Negative Peak detector displays the minimum value of data sampled within the corresponding time interval.

Detector Auto

Enables or disables the Detector Auto function. By default, Detector Auto is enabled. If you set the detector type manually, the Detector Auto function is disabled automatically.

Trace Update

Enables or disables trace update.

Trace Display

Enables or disables the trace display.

Remarks:

- The trace state and the parameter settings for the corresponding state are as follows:
 - > Active: Trace Update and Trace Display are "On".
 - > View: Trace Update is "Off", and Trace Display is "On".
 - > Clear: Trace Update and Trace Display are "Off".
 - > Back-end: Trace Update is "On", and Trace Display is "Off".
- In most cases, the inactive trace data keep unchanged. However, the data may be changed in the following conditions:
 - Load the stored data to trace.
 - > Trace data are cleared by the trace clear function.
Measurement Settings

Meas

Provides the frequency scan measurement function.

Meas Setup

Avg Setting

1. Avg Number

Specifies the number of counts (N) for Average, Max Hold, and Min Hold. For Average, the greater the value of N, the smoother the trace is displayed. In Average, Max Hold, and Min Hold modes, the instrument will not stop sweeping until the sweep count has reached N only when the scan sequence is "Scan Only" and the instrument performs the single sweep. Except "Scan Only", when other scan sequences are started, if the selected trace type is "Average", "Max Hold", or "Min Hold", the measurement will stop after a specified number of times of measurement is executed.

Table 4-15 Average Count

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|-------------|
| Default | 1 |
| Range | 1 to 10,000 |
| Unit | None |
| Knob Step | 1 |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | 1 |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 1 |

2. Avg Type

Selects the average type to "Log", "RMS", or "Scalar".

 Log: In this mode, all filtering and averaging processes select the log unit (dB). This average type is the most effective one for finding the low-level signal that is close to the noise amplitude. The formula is shown as follow:

$$NewAvg = \frac{(k-1) \times OldAvg + Newdata}{k}$$
(4-8)

In the above formula, the parameter unit is dB.

• **RMS**: In this mode, all filtering and averaging processes work on the power (the square of the amplitude) of the signal. This average type is best for measuring the true time average power of complex signals. As the voltage result is in proportion to the square root of the average of the square of the voltage, it is also called the root mean square. The formula is shown as follows:

NewAvg =
$$10\log\left(\frac{(k-1) \times 10^{\frac{OldAvg}{10}} + 10^{\frac{Newdata}{10}}}{k}\right)$$
 (4-9)

In the above formula, the parameter unit is dB.

• Scalar: In this mode, all filtering and averaging processes work on the voltage envelope of the signal. This average type is the most appropriate one for observing the great envelope fluctuations of AM or pulse-modulated signals such as radar and TDMA transmitters. The formula is shown as follows:

NewAvg =
$$20log \left(\frac{(k-1) \times 10^{\frac{OldAvg}{20}} + 10^{\frac{Newdata}{20}}}{k}\right)$$
 (4-10)

In the above formula, the parameter unit is dB.

3. Avg Auto

Sets the status of auto average. When the auto average function is enabled, the instrument will select the best average type based on the current settings. When you select one of the average types manually, the instrument will apply the selected type, and the auto average status is set to Manual.

Limit

Sets the parameters of limit lines. After you press **Preset**, the limit line measurement function is disabled, but the data of the limit lines will be reserved. The limit line data will only be deleted when the loading mode is Default. When you exit the measurement mode, the limit line data will not be deleted.

1. Test Limits

Selects whether the displayed traces are tested against the displayed limit lines. For each displayed trace, the corresponding limit line is turned on, and a message will be displayed at the upper-left corner of the trace to indicate whether the test passes or fails.

2. Select Limit

Selects the current limit line. By default, it is Limit1.

3. Limit State

Enables or disables the display of the limit line. When the limit line is on, the measurement interface displays the limit line, and the corresponding traces are tested against the current limit lines. Each limit line is displayed in a different color.

4. Edit Limit

When "Display State" of the limit line is set to "On", this menu is valid. When you

press this key to enter the editing menu, open the limit editing window.

- X to CF: When "Fixed" is selected, the frequency of the current editing point will not be affected by the midspan frequency. When "Relative" is selected, the frequency of the current editing point is the difference between the frequency of the point and the current midspan frequency. At this time, if the midspan frequency changes, then the position of the current editing point changes along with the midspan frequency.
- Y to Ref: When "Fixed" is selected, the amplitude of the current editing point will not be affected by the reference level. When "Relative" is selected, the amplitude of the current editing point is the difference between the amplitude of the point and that of the current reference level. At this time, if the reference level changes, then the position of the current editing point changes along with the reference level.
- **Margin State:** Enables or disables the display of the margin. When you enable the display of the margin, the measurement interface displays the margin lines; when you disable the display of the margin, the margin is invalid.
- Margin: Sets the margin for the current limit line.
- Freq Interpolation: Sets the interpolation mode between two frequency points in the limit line table to "Linear" or "Log".
- **Navigation:** Selects the first line of the limit line table.
- **Frequency:** Edits the frequency of the current point. When Rel Freq is selected, edit the frequency difference between the frequency of the current point and the center frequency.
- **Amplitude:** Edits the amplitude of the current point. If the Rel Ampt is enabled, edit the amplitude difference between the amplitude of the current point and the reference level.
- Append Point: Inserts an edit point.
- **Delete Point:** Deletes the point that you are editing.
- **Build From:** Sets a trace for building the limit line. The range is from Trace1 to Trace3.
- **Build:** Builds the limit line from the selected trace.
- **Copy From:** Copies the selected limit line into the current limit line. The range is from Limit1 to Limit6.
- **Copy:** Performs the limit line copy operation.
- X Offset: Sets the frequency offset of the current limit line.
- Y Offset: Sets the amplitude offset of the current limit line.
- **Apply Offset:** Adds the X and Y offsets to each point of the current limit line, then resets the X and Y offset values to 0.

Tip: You can touch any point in the trace display window on the screen to edit the current point to be the limit line data point. You can also drag the point to adjust the position of the current edit point, that is, to change the frequency/amplitude of the current point.

RIGOL

5. Test Trace

Sets the trace for the current limit line test.

6. Delete Limit

Deletes the current limit line. The data of the current limit line will be cleared and they will be restored to factory defaults.

7. Delete All Limits

Deletes all limit lines. After you press the menu, the data of all the limit lines will be cleared and they will be restored to factory defaults.

Signal Table

Sets the parameters for the signal table.

The signal table is displayed below the user interface, as shown in the figure below.

| | | Sign | al Tab | ble | | | | | | |
|---|-----|------|--------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|----------|------------|
| N | 10. | | Trc | Freq | Peak Amp | QP Amp | CAvg Amp | Peak Lim1∆ | QP Lim1∆ | CAvg Lim1∆ |
| 3 | 3 | | 3 | 100.03556 | 94.86 dBuV | 94.77 dBuV | 88.79 dBuV | 43.12dB | 43.03dB | 37.05dB |
| 4 | 4 | | 3 | 200.01778 | 54.82 dBuV | 53.98 dBuV | 48.00 dBuV | -5.99dB | -6.83dB | -12.80dB |
| 5 | 5 | | 1 | 200.01778 | 54.73 dBuV | 53.97 dBuV | 47.99 dBuV | -6.08dB | -6.84dB | -12.81dB |

Figure 4-1 Signal Table

| Parameter | Description |
|-----------|---|
| NO. | indicates signal sequence number. |
| Checkbox | " \checkmark " indicates that the signal is marked. |
| Trc | indicates the measured trace. |
| Freq | indicates the frequency of the searched frequency point that meets the peak condition. |
| Peak Amp | indicates positive peak detector amplitude. Displays the corresponding amplitude when the current trace detector is pos peak after the search operationis executed. Displays the corresponding detection amplitude of the final measurement detector 1 type after the final measurement is performed. If there is no measurement data, "" is displayed. |
| QP Amp | indicates quasi peak detector amplitude Displays the corresponding amplitude when the current trace detector is quasi-peak after the search operationis executed. Displays the corresponding detection amplitude of the final measurement detector 2 type after the final measurement is performed. If there is no measurement data, "" is displayed. |

| CAvg Amp | indicates CISPR average detector amplitude Displays the corresponding amplitude when the current trace detector is CISPR average after the search operationis executed. Displays the corresponding detection amplitude of the final measurement detector 3 type after the final measurement is performed. If there is no measurement data, "" is displayed. |
|------------|---|
| Peak Lim1∆ | Difference between positive peak detector amplitude and limit1. Only when the corresponding limit line is enabled and the final measurement is performed, the difference between the detector amplitude of the currently selected measurement detector1 type and the limit line (1 to 6) is displayed. If there is |
| | no measurement data, "" is displayed. |
| QP Lim1∆ | Difference between quasi-peak detector amplitude and limit1. Only when the corresponding limit line is enabled and the final measurement is performed, the difference between the detector amplitude of the currently selected measurement detector2 type and the limit line (1 to 6) is displayed. If there is no measurement data, "" is displayed. |
| CAvg Lim1∆ | Difference between CISPR average detector amplitude and limit1. Only when the corresponding limit line is enabled and the final measurement is performed, the difference between the detector amplitude of the currently selected measurement detector3 type and the limit line (1 to 6) is displayed. If there is no measurement data, "" is displayed. |

Note: The signal table currently displayed on the screen can be saved to the internal or external memory. If needed, you can recall it at any time. Press **Save** to save it according to descriptions in **"Save"**.

1. Select Signal

Selects signal n in the signal table.

2. Page Up

If the current signal table has several pages of data, press this key to go to the previous page to view the data.

3. Page Down

If the current signal table has several pages of data, press this key to go to the next page to view the data.

4. Signal->Meters

Modifies the frequency of the meter to the frequency of the selected signal.

5. Mark Signal

Performs the signal marking operation. Marks the checkbox next to the marked signal.

6. Mark All

Marks all the signals in the signal table.

7. Clear Mark

Unmarks all the signals in the signal table.

8. Delete

Deletes the signal of the selected type.

- Selected: deletes the selected signal from the signal table.
- All: marks and deletes all the signals in the signal table.
- Marked: deletes all the marked signals from the signal table.
- Unmarked: deletes all the unmarked signals from the signal table.

9. Signal Zoom

Zooms the coordinate display of the currently selected signal to 10% of the current span by taking the midspan frequency as the reference.

10. Zoom Out

Returns the coordinate display of the currently selected signal to its previous display set before the Signal Zoom.

11. Sort Signals

Sorts the signal in the signal table according to "frequency", "detector amplitude", or "limit delta detector amplitude".

Wherein, detector amplitude includes "Det 1 Amp", "Det 2 Amp", and "Det 3 Amp"; limit delta detector amplitude includes " \triangle Det 1 Amp", " \triangle Det 2 Amp", and " \triangle Det 3 Amp".

12. Sort Order

Selects the signal to be sorted in ascending or descending order.

13. Auto Sort

Enables or disables the auto sort function. When enabled, the measurement will sort the signal according to the previously set sort order and sort type. Otherwise, the signal will be added to the signal table in the descending order of the trace amplitude.

14. Search Criteria

Sets the search criteria. When the peak that meets the conditions is searched, the signal will be added to the signal table.

• Peak Criteria: performs the search and finds the peak that meets the peak criteria.

- Pk Crit & LIM: performs the search and finds the peak that meets the peak criteria and limit line criteria.
- SubRng & LIM: performs the search and finds the peak that meets the peak criteria for each subrange and limit line criteria. After this mode is selected, the whole span is divided into n subranges. Wherein, n is set by the Subrange Num menu.

15. Peak Num State

Enables or disables the setting of the number of peaks.

16. Peak Num

When the search criteria is "Peak Criteria" or "Pk Crit & LIM", set the maximum number of peaks searched.

17. Subrange Num

Sets the number of subranges for the signal search.

Scan Table

Sets the parameters for 10 ranges in the scan table.

Note: The scan table currently displayed on the screen can be saved to the internal or external memory. If needed, you can recall it at any time. Press **Save** to save it according to descriptions in **"Save"**. If a scan sequence is currently executed, then the **Scan Table** menu is grayed out and disabled.

1. Select Range

Specifies the selected range. 10 ranges are available for you to choose.

2. Range

Enables or disables the selected scan range. When enabled, the selected range will be chosen as a part of the measurement. Besides, you can tap the checkbox at the left side of the selected range in the pre-scan setting table. If the checkbox is highlighted and with a tick " $\sqrt{}$ " being displayed, it indicates that the selected range is enabled.

3. Start Freq

Sets the start frequency of the selected scan range.

4. Stop Freq

Sets the stop frequency of the selected scan range.

5. Points

Sets the number of scan points for the selected scan range.

6. Scan Time

Sets the time to scan the selected scan range for one time.

7. Auto Scan Time

Enables or disables the auto scan time function of the selected scan range. When enabled, the instrument is configured with a scan time automatically. When disabled, you can press **Scan Time** to manually set the scan time of the selected range.

Besides, you can also tap the checkbox at the left side of scan time of the selected range in the pre-scan setting list. If the checkbox is checked with a tick " $\sqrt{}$ " and highlighted, it indicates that auto scan time within the selected range is enabled.

8. RBW

Sets the RBW of the selected scan range. Reducing RBW can gain a higher frequency resolution, but will also prolong the sweep time.

9. Auto RBW

Enables or disables the auto RBW function. When enabled, the instrument is configured with a RBW automatically. When disabled, you can press **RBW** to manually set the RBW of the selected range.

Besides, you can also tap the checkbox at the left side of RBW of the selected range in the pre-scan setting list. If the checkbox is checked with a tick " $\sqrt{}$ " and highlighted, it indicates that auto RBW within the selected range is enabled.

10. Filter Type

Sets the RBW filter type in the selected range to "Gauss" or "EMI". When the EMC measurement standard is "CISPR", the **Filter Type** menu is grayed out and disabled. By default, EMI filter is selected. When "EMI" is currently selected, resolution bandwidth can only be 200 Hz, 9 kHz, 120 kHz, or 1 MHz. When the EMC measurement standard is "None", the default filter is "Gauss".

11. Attenuation

Sets the attenuation value of the selected scan range.

12. Auto Att

Enables or disables the auto attenuation function of the selected scan range. When enabled, the instrument is configured with an attenuation value automatically. When disabled, you can press **Attenuation** to manually set the attenuation value of the selected range.

Besides, you can also tap the checkbox at the left side of attenuation of the selected range in the pre-scan setting list. If the checkbox is checked with a tick

" $\sqrt{}$ " and highlighted, it indicates that auto attenuation within the selected range is enabled.

13. RF Preamp

Enables or disables the preamplifier of the selected scan range.

14. Scan Table

Enables or disables the scan table display. When enabled, the scan table will be displayed in the user interface.

Scan Sequence

Selects the measurement sequence.

Remarks:

- You need to select "Start" under Sweep → Start/Stop menu to start the selected measurement sequence.
- If a scan sequence is currently executed, then the **Scan Sequence** menu is grayed out and disabled.

1. Scan Only

Only performs the pre-scan operation.

2. Search Only

Only performs the peak search operation.

3. Scan-Srch-Ms

Performs the pre-scan, peak search, and final measurement.

4. Scan-Search

Performs the pre-scan and peak search.

5. Search-Meas

Performs the peak search and final measurement.

6. (Re)measure

Performs the final measurement.

(Re)measure

Sets the type of the final measurement to "Curr Signal", "All Signals", or "Marked Sigs".

Remarks:

- If you select the type of the marked signal, but the marked signal is not found in the signal table, then re-measurement cannot be executed.
- If a scan sequence is currently executed, then the **Re(measure)** menu is grayed out and disabled.

Detectors

Sets the detector parameters related to the final measurement. If a scan sequence is currently executed, then the **Detectors** menu is grayed out and disabled. Note: when these detector parameters are set, the detector parameters under the **Marker Func** key will also be changed accordingly.

1. Select Detector

Select the detector to be "Detector 1", "Detector 2", or "Detector 3".

2. Dwell Time

Sets the dwell time of the selected detector.

3. Detector

Sets the type of the selected detector. The available detector types include Pos Peak, Quasi Peak, CISPR Average, RMS Average, Average, and Neg Peak. You can also turn off the detector.

4. Limit for Delta

Sets the limit line of the current detector measurement, so as to obtain the limit delta data in the signal table. The available limits include "Limit 1" through "Limit 6".

Auto Couple

When you enable "Auto Couple" function, all the manual/auto settings in the current measurement mode will be set to "Auto". This operation does not affect other measurement modes.

In auto state, the auto coupled parameters are changed with their coupled parameters. The auto coupling operation will ensure the optimal performance of the instrument. After the operation, all the auto coupled parameters will immediately be automatically reset based on the coupled parameters.

Meas Preset

Restores the parameters associated with the current measurement to their factory default values.

Marker Measurement

Marker

Marker is a triangle sign (as shown in the following figure), which is used for marking the point on the trace. You can read the amplitude and frequency of each point on the trace via marker.



Figure 4-2 Marker

Remarks:

- RSA3000E offers 8 markers, and only a single marker or one pair of markers can be turned on each time.
- In the Marker menu, you can use the numeric keys, the knob, or the arrow keys to modify frequency or time; to view the readout of different points on the trace. You can also use the touch screen to do the above things.

Selected Marker

RSA3000E series provides 8 markers. By default, Marker1 is selected under "Selected Marker". After you select a marker, you can set parameters such as the marker mode and the marker trace. The currently enabled marker will be marked on the trace selected under **Marker Trace**. The readout of the currently activated marker at the marker point will be displayed in the measurement result bar at the upper-left corner of the screen.

Marker Mode

Sets the type of the marker. The available marker modes include Position, Delta, and Off.

1. Position

It is used to measure the X (Frequency) and Y (Amplitude) values of a certain point on the trace. When "Position" is selected, a marker whose name is Marker plus a marker number (such as "Marker1") appears on the trace.

Remarks:

- If no active marker exists currently, a marker will be enabled at the midspan frequency. If the current marker is found in the range where no trace is displayed, a marker will be enabled at the midspan frequency, and it will be displayed at the bottom of the trace display area.
- The readout resolution of the X-axis is related to the span. To obtain a higher readout resolution, reduce the span.

2. Delta

It is used to measure the difference between "reference point" and "certain point on the trace": X (frequency) and Y (amplitude) value.

Remarks:

- If an active marker exists currently, then activate a reference marker at the current marker; otherwise activate both the reference marker and Delta marker at the same time at the midspan frequency.
- When you change the position of the Delta marker, the position of the reference marker remains unchanged, but the frequency difference between the two markers will change along with it.
- The frequency difference between the two markers and the amplitude difference between them are displayed in the measurement result bar at the upper-left corner of the screen.

RIGOL

Application of the "Delta" Marker

It is used to measure the S/N ratio of the single spectrum signal. Move the reference marker to the location where the signal resides, and move the Delta marker to the location where the noise resides. The amplitude displayed in the measurement results is S/N ratio.

3. Off

Turns off the marker currently selected. Then, the marker information displayed on the screen and the functions concerning the marker will also be disabled.

Reference Marker

Sets the reference marker for the current marker. By default, the reference marker is the marker next to it.

Remarks:

- Each marker can have another marker to be its reference marker.
- If the current marker is a Delta marker, the measurement result of the marker will be determined by the reference marker.
- Any marker cannot take itself to be the reference marker.

Marker Trace

Selects the trace that the current marker marks. It can be Trace 1, Trace 2, and Trace 3. One marker can only mark one trace. The selected trace determines the position of the marker and the final readout results.

Marker Frequency

Sets the frequency of the marker to change the position of the marker on the trace. Press this key to modify the value to change the position of the marker.

| Table 4-10 Marker Trequency | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Parameter | Remarks |
| Default | 515 MHz |
| Range | 0 Hz to 3 GHz |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz |
| Knob Step | step = span/(sweep points – 1) |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | step = span/(sweep points - 1) |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | <pre>step = span/(sweep points - 1)*100</pre> |

Table 4-16 Marker Frequency

Line State

Enables or disables the marker line.

Remarks:

- When you enable the marker line, a cross line is displayed at the amplitude point where the marker resides. The width of the horizontal line and the height of the vertical line are consistent with the length and height of the graticule in the waveform display area.
- If the marker is not visible in the selected area, extend the marker line to the display area for better observation. This function is useful for the marker outside the display area. The marker extension line can better display the amplitude of the marker, making it easy for you to observe and compare.

Couple Markers

Enables or disables the couple marker function. When this function is enabled, moving any marker will enable other markers (except the Off marker) to move with it.

All Markers Off

Turns off all the enabled markers and their related functions.

Marker->

Adds the new measurement results to the existing signal table.

Mkr->List

Adds the frequency at the current marker to the signal table.

Remarks:

- The newly added signal frequency information is sorted according to the current ordering rule.
- If the trace detector matches the detector in the signal table, then the corresponding amplitude and limit delta values will be updated.

Meas at Mkr->List

Adds the current measurement results (including frequency, marker amplitude, and limit delta) to the signal table.

Remarks:

- If the invalid marker measurement is executed, then errors may occur and you cannot add the measurement results to the signal table.
- The newly added signal measurement result information is sorted according to the current ordering rule.
- If the trace detector matches the detector in the signal table, then the corresponding amplitude and limit delta values will be updated.

Meter->Mkr Freq

Sets the frequency of the meter to the frequency at the currently selected marker.

Mkr->Meter Freq

Sets the frequency at the currently selected marker to the frequency of the meter.

Meter->Signal

Replaces the frequency of the currently selected signal with the currently set frequency of the meter.

Meter->List

Adds the currently set meter frequency to the signal table.

Marker Func

Selected Marker

Selects a marker for measurement. The available markers include Marker 1 through Marker 8.

Detectors

1. Select Detector

Sets the detector for marker measurement. The available detectors include Detector 1, Detector 2, and Detector 3.

2. Dwell Time

Sets the dwell time of the selected detector.

3. Detector

Sets the type of the detector for marker measurement. The available detector types include Pos Peak, Quasi Peak, CISPR Average, RMS Average, Average, and Neg Peak. You can also turn off the detector.

4. Limit for Delta

Sets the limit line of the current detector measurement to obtain the limit delta in the marker measurement list. The available limits include Limit 1 through Limit 6.

Meas at Mkr Win

Enables or disables the marker measurement window display. When this function is enabled, the marker measurement window is displayed in the upper left corner of the user interface. The final measurement results of the current marker will be displayed in the window.

Measure at Marker

Press this key to perform the marker measurement. At this time, the final measurement is performed according to the detector settings at the current marker frequency, and the measurement results are displayed in the window.

If multiple traces are turned on, you can place a marker on any trace in the scan display and make measurements at the marker.

Peak

The peak search function enables the marker to move to the specific signal peak point, and then in combination with the function of Delta marker, it can provide a powerful analysis capability.

Peak Search

Performs the peak search function.

Remarks:

- If "Max" is selected under **Search Mode**, the system will search for the maximum value on the trace and mark it with a marker.
- If "Para" is selected under **Search Mode**, the system will search for the peak of the specified parameter on the trace and mark the peak with a marker.
- The peak search for the Next Peak, Next Peak Right, and Next Peak Left must meet the specified peak search condition.
- When no peak meets the specified peak search condition, "No peak found" is displayed.

Next Peak

Searches for and marks the peak whose amplitude on the trace is next to that of the current peak and which meets the peak search condition.

Next Peak Right

Searches for and marks the nearest peak which is located at the right side of the current peak and meets the peak search condition.

Next Peak Left

Searches for and marks the nearest peak which is located at the left side of the current peak and meets the peak search condition.

Minimum Search

Searches for and marks the peak with the minimum amplitude on the trace.

Peak Config

1. Peak Threshold

Specifies the minimum value of the peak amplitude. Only when the peak is greater than the peak threshold, can it be judged as a peak.

Table 4-17 Peak Threshold

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| Default | 16.99 dBuV |
| Range | -93.01 dBuV to 106.99 dBuV |
| Unit | dBm, dBmV, dBuV, V, W |
| Knob Step | 1 dBuV |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 5 dBuV |

2. Threshold State

Enables or disables the peak threshold function.

Remarks:

- When the peak threshold function is enabled, press Peak Threshold to set it.
- When the peak threshold function is disabled, the **Peak Threshold** menu is grayed out and disabled.

3. Peak Excursion

Sets the excursion of the peak amplitude. It defines the minimum amplitude variation required for a signal to be identified as peak.

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| Default | 6 dB |
| Range | 0 dB to 100 dB |
| Unit | dB |
| Knob Step | 1 dB |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | IUD |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 5 dB |

Table 4-18 Peak Amplitude

4. Excursion State

Enables or disables the peak excursion function.

Remarks:

- When the peak excursion function is enabled, press Peak Excursion to set it.
- When the peak excursion function is disabled, the **Peak Excursion** menu is grayed out and disabled.

5. Threshold Line

Sets whether to display the peak threshold line or not. By default, it is off.

Remarks:

- When the threshold line is on, the threshold line displays the amplitude it represents.
- If the excursion state is on, then the peak excursion line will be displayed at the top of the peak threshold, and the peak area will be displayed at the left section.



Figure 4-3 Threshold Line

6. Search Mode

Sets the peak search condition: maximum value on the trace or the parameter that meets the search criteria.

- If "Max" is selected, the system searches for the maximum value on the trace. This setting applies only to the peak search executed by pressing Peak
 Other searches such as Next Peak, Next Peak Right, and Next Peak Left are all searched based on "Para".
- If "Para" is selected, the system searches for the peak that meets the search criteria on the trace.

Input/Output

Sets the input/output interface of the instrument.

Input Impedance

Sets the input impedance for voltage-to-power conversions (refer to equation (2-4). The default input impedance is 50 Ω . If the output impedance of the system under measurement is 75 Ω , you should use a 75 Ω to 50 Ω adapter (option) supplied by **RIGOL** to connect the analyzer with the system under test, and then set the input impedance to 75 Ω .

Ext Gain

Compensates for gain or loss in the measurement system outside the instrument.

Remarks:

- The value does not affect the trace position, but will modify the parameters such as reference level readout and the marker amplitude readout.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Default | 0 dB |
| Range | -120 dB to 120 dB |
| Unit | dB |
| Knob Step | 1 dB |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | 1 dB |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 5 dB |

Table 4-19 External Gain

Ext Trigger2

Sets the external trigger 2 **[TRIGGER IN/OUT]** to be the "input" or "output" interface.

Corrections

Sets the parameters related to the amplitude correction to compensate for the gain or loss from external devices such as Antenna and Cable. When using this function, you can view the correction data table and save or load the current correction data.

Select

Selects a correction factor from Antenna, Cable, Other, or User. By default, all the correction factors are disabled. After selecting a correction factor, press **Correction** to enable the correction factor. RSA3000E allows users to enable multiple correction factors at the same time.

Correction

Sets the on/off status of the amplitude correction. By default, it is off. If enabled, the currently selected correction factor data will be used for amplitude correction. If multiple correction factors are enabled, all the corresponding data will be used for amplitude correction.

Freq Interp

Sets the interpolation type of the points between two points in the correction table during amplitude correction.

- In Lin mode, linear interpolation is adopted for the frequency, and log interpolation is adopted for the amplitude.
- In Log mode, for both of frequency and amplitude, we interpolate on a log scale.

Edit

Press this key to enter the correction data editing interface. You can edit the frequency of the correction factor and the correction data of the corresponding amplitude.

- **1. Navigation:** Selects the first line of the correction data table.
- 2. Frequency: Edits the frequency of the currently selected point.
- 3. Amplitude: Edits the amplitude correction value of the currently selected point.
- 4. Append Point: Inserts an edit point and adds a line to the correction table.
- 5. Delete Point: Deletes the currently selected point and deletes a line from the correction table.

Note: The edited correction data can be saved to the internal or external memory of

the analyzer. If needed, you can recall it at any time. After completing the correction data editing, press **Save** to save it according to descriptions in **"Save"**.

Delete Correction

Deletes the correction data that you are editing.

Delete All Corr

Deletes all the edited correction data.

Shortcut Key

Auto Tune

In EMI mode, the Auto Tune function is disabled.

Preset

Recalls the preset setting and restores the system settings of the analyzer to a specified status.

Remarks:

- To set the preset type, press System → Reset → Preset Type. The available types include "Factory" or any one of items from "User1" to "User6".
- Press **Preset** to recall the factory settings listed in the following table (except items specified in Note [1]) or user-defined settings.

| Parameter Name | EMI Parameter Value |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| FREQ | |
| Frequency(Meter) | 515 MHz |
| Midspan Freq | 515 MHz |
| Start Freq | Auto, 30 MHz |
| Stop Freq | Auto, 1 GHz |
| Scale Type | Log |
| SPAN | |
| Span | 970 MHz |
| AMPT | |
| Ref Level | 106.99 dBuV |
| Att(Meter) | 10 dB |
| RF Preamp(Meter) | Off |
| Y Axis Unit | dBuV |
| Scale/Div | 10 dB |
| Ref Offset | 0 dB |
| BW | |
| RBW(Meter) | Auto, 120 kHz |
| Filter Type(Meter) | EMI |
| Trigger | |
| Source | Free Run |
| Hold-off | OFF, 100 ms |
| Auto Trig | OFF, 100 ms |
| Slope | POS |
| Delay | OFF, 1 µs |

| Trace | |
|------------------------------|---------------|
| Selected Trace | Trace1 |
| Trace Type | Clear Write |
| Trace Det | Pos Peak |
| Detector Auto | On |
| Trace Update | On |
| Trace Display | On |
| Mode Setup | |
| Global CF | Off, 515 MHz |
| EMC Standard | CISPR |
| Select Meter | Meter 1 |
| Meter | On |
| Detector | Pos Peak |
| Limit | Off, 80 dBuV |
| Dwell Time | 10 ms |
| Peak Hold Type | Infinite |
| Adjust Time | 2 s |
| Couple to Signal | Off |
| Couple to Signal | Off |
| Meas Setup | |
| | |
| Frequency Scan Avg Number | 1 |
| 0 | - |
| Avg Type | Scalar |
| Avg Auto | Auto Off |
| Test Limits | |
| Select Limit | Limit 1 |
| Limit State | Off Trans1 |
| Test Trace | Trace1 |
| X to CF | Fixed |
| Y to Ref | Fixed |
| Margin | Off, 0 dB |
| Freq Interpolation | Lin |
| Frequency | 0 Hz |
| Amplitude | 106.99 dBuV |
| Build From | Trace1 |
| Copy From | Limit 1 |
| X Offset | 0 Hz |
| Y Offset | 0 dB |
| Select Signal | 1 |
| Delete | Selected |
| Sort Signals | By Freq |
| Sort Order | ASC |
| Auto Sort | On |
| Search Criteria | Peak Criteria |

| Peak Number | On, 25 |
|-----------------------|----------------|
| Subrange Num | 25 |
| Select Range | Range 5 |
| Range | On |
| Start Freq | 600 MHz |
| Stop Freq | 1 GHz |
| Points | 6667 |
| Scan Time | On, 544.117 ms |
| RBW | On, 120 kHz |
| Filter Type | EMI |
| Attenuation | On, 10 dB |
| RF Preamp | Off |
| Scan Table | Off |
| Scan Sequence | Scan Only |
| (Re)measure | Curr Signal |
| Select Detector | Detector 1 |
| Dwell Time | 200 ms |
| Detector | Pos Peak |
| Limit for Delta | Limit 1 |
| Marker | |
| Selected Marker | Marker 1 |
| Marker Mode | Position |
| Reference Marker | Marker 2 |
| Marker Trace | Trace 1 |
| Marker Frequency | 515 MHz |
| Line State | Off |
| Couple Markers | Off |
| Peak | |
| Peak Threshold | On, 16.99 dBuV |
| Peak Excursion | On, 6 dB |
| Threshold Line | Off |
| Search Mode | Max |
| Marker Func | |
| Selected Marker | Marker 1 |
| Select Detector | Detector 1 |
| Dwell Time | 200 ms |
| Detector | Pos Peak |
| Limit for Delta | Limit 1 |
| Meas at Mkr Win | Off |
| System ^[1] | |
| Power On | Preset |
| Preset Type | Default |
| Align Auto | On |
| LAN Setting Mode | DHCP |
| | _ = |

| Display Line | Off, 81.99 dBuV |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| Graticule | On |
| HDMI | On |
| HDMI Resolution | 1280*720 60Hz |
| LCD | On |
| LCD Backlight | 100% |
| Meters Display | On |
| Meters Freq Line | On |
| Next Range Display | Off |
| Power Switch | Default |
| Beep Switch | Off |
| Volume | 50 |
| SCPI Display | On |
| User Key | Off |
| Language | English |

Note^[1]: Not affected by Preset settings.

User

User-defined shortcut key. For some hard-to-find but commonly used function menu, you can define it as shortcut key (for the defining method, refer to the introduction in **"User Key"**). After that, press the shortcut key under any operation interface to quickly open and set the desired menu or function.

Note: You can use the **User** key to define all the keys on the front panel and the sub-menus of these keys (except **Save**).

Quick Save

Repeats the most recent save that was performed from the **Save** menu. Its save location is the currently defined "Quicksave Path". The register storage does not support Quick Save.

Cont

Press this key to perform the continuous sweep operation.

Single

Press this key to perform the single sweep operation.

System Function

System

Sets the system parameters.

Preset

Functions include: select the instrument settings to be recalled after the analyzer is powered on ("Last" or "Preset"); set the preset type ("Default" or one of the items from "User1" to "User6"); save system configuration.

1. Power On

Sets the power on setting to "Last" or "Preset".

- When "Last" is selected, the last system settings before power-off would be recalled automatically at power-on.
- When "Preset" is selected, settings defined in **Preset Type** would be recalled automatically at power-on.

2. Preset Type

Sets the preset type to "Default" (by default) or any one of the items from "User1" to "User6".

- When Power On is set to "Preset", the specified preset type will be recalled at power-on.
- After the instrument starts, press **Preset** on the front panel in any operation interface will recall the specified preset type.

3. Save User Preset

Saves the current system setting as user-defined settings to the internal non-volatile memory. You can store up to 6 system states (correspond to "User1" to "User6" in the preset type) and name each state file.

When one of the items from "User1" to "User6" is selected under **Preset Type**, press **Save User Preset**, and the instrument automatically completes the saving operation.

Alignment

1. Align Now

Press this key and the analyzer will use the internal calibration source to perform a self-calibration immediately.

2. Align Auto

Enables or disables auto self-calibration. If auto self-calibration is enabled, the

analyzer will perform one self-calibration after being started.

Interface

The analyzer supports the LAN or USB communication interface.

1. LAN

Sets the LAN parameters. Use the touch screen or the externally connected mouse to tap or click the setting information icon at the top of the user interface. Then tap or click the network setting information icon III. The LAN parameter setting interface is displayed, as shown in the following figure.

| Network Setup X | |
|---|---|
| Config : D MAC : 0 | nk HCP 0:0A:35:00:02:35 CPIP0:172.16.3.130:INSTR |
| DHCP | Auto IP 🛛 🗍 Manual IP |
| IP address : Mask : Gateway : | 172、16 、 3 、130 255、255、255、 0 172、16 、 3 、 1 |
| Auto DNS Preffered DNS : Backup DNS : | □ Manual DNS 172 . 16 . 2 . 3 172 . 16 . 2 . 2 |
| | OK Cancel |

Figure 4-4 LAN Parameter Setting

The following items can be set through the front panel keys, shortcut keys on the keyboard, externally connected mouse, touch screen, or remote interface.

1) Mode

Sets the mode of obtaining the IP address.

- DHCP: When DHCP is selected, the DHCP server assigns network parameters (such as the IP address, subnet mask, and gateway) to the analyzer based on the current network configuration.
- Auto: When "Auto" is selected, the instrument will acquire the IP address ranging from "169.254.0.1" to "169.254.255.254" and the subnet mask (255.255.0.0) automatically based on the current network configuration.
- Manual: When "Manual" is selected, you can self-define a desired IP address for the analyzer.

Note: The analyzer attempts to acquire the IP address configuration according to the sequence of DHCP, Auto IP, and Manual IP. These three methods cannot be disabled at the same time.

2) IP

Press **IP** and use the numeric keys to input the desired IP address. The format of the IP address is "nnn.nnn.nnn". The range for the first segment (nnn) of the address is from 1 to 223 (except 127); and the range for the other three segments is from 0 to 255. You are recommended to ask your network administrator for an IP address available.

3) Subnet mask

Press **Subnet mask** and use the numeric keys to input the desired subnet mask.

The format of the subnet mask is nnn.nnn.nnn; wherein, the range of "nnn" is from 0 to 255. You are recommended to ask your network administrator for a subnet mask available.

4) Gateway

Press **Gateway** and use the numeric keys to input the desired gateway address.

The format of the default gateway is "nnn.nnn.nnn". The range for the first segment (nnn) is from 1 to 223 (except 127); and the range for the other three segments is from 0 to 255. You are recommended to ask your network administrator for a gateway address available.

5) DNS

- mDNS: enables or disables the sending of the network information (including IP address, host name, etc.).
- DNS Mode: sets the mode of obtaining the DNS address to "Manual" or "Auto".
- Preferred DNS: sets the preferred address for the DNS.
- Backup DNS: sets the backup address for the DNS.

The format of the DNS address is "nnn.nnn.nnn". The range for the first segment (nnn) of the address is from 1 to 223 (except 127); and the range for the other three segments is from 0 to 255. You are recommended to ask your network administrator for an address available.

6) Apply

After the LAN interface configuration is finished, press this key to apply the current configuration to the instrument.

7) Reset

Turns on DHCP and Auto-IP; turns Manual-IP off. Clears the set network password and restores it to the factory defaults.

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2. USB

RSA3000E provides a USB DEVICE interface on the rear panel. The analyzer may serve as a "slave" device to be connected to the PC via this interface.

Display

Controls the screen display. You can set the current mode, the current measurement interface or window, and other display-related parameters.

1. Display Line State

Turns on or off the display line.

2. Display Line

Sets the display line level to change its display location. This line can be used as the reference for the readout.

Remarks:

- This line is a reference horizontal line whose amplitude is equal to the set value, and the corresponding amplitude unit is the same as the Y-axis unit.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, and the arrow keys on the front panel to modify the display line level; also you can modify it on the touchscreen.
- The settings of the display line only take effect in the spectral line display area.
- If the display line is out of the visible range, then the display level value will be marked at the top or bottom of the graticule.

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Default | 81.99 dBuV |
| Range | Current amplitude range |
| Unit | dBm, dBmV, dBuV, V, W |
| Knob Step | step = scale/10 |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | step = scale |

Table 4-20 Display Line Level

3. Graticule

Enables or disables the display of the graticule.

4. HDMI

Enables or disables HDMI.

5. HDMI Resolution

The resolution supported by the HDMI interface is "1280*720 60Hz", "640*480

60Hz", or "720*480 60Hz".

6. LCD

Enables or disables LCD.

Remarks:

- If you are not updating data, turning off LCD can improve the measurement speed.
- To reduce the electromagnetic radiation of some circuit component, turn off the LCD.

7. LCD Backlight

Sets the brightness of the LCD backlight.

The brightness is expressed in percentage. When it is 100, it indicates that the backlight is the brightest; when it is 1, the backlight is the darkest.

8. Meters Display

Enables or disables the display of the meter window. When enabled, the meter window is displayed at the upper-right section of the user interface. When disabled, the meter window is not displayed in the user interface, and only the spectral line window and the signal table window are displayed in the user interface.

9. Meters Freq Line

Enables or disables the display of the meter frequency line. When enabled, a purple vertical line that indicates the current frequency of the meter is displayed in the spectral line display window. When disabled, the meter frequency display line is hidden.

10. Next Range Display

Enables or disables the display of the next scan range. When enabled, the currently selected scan range is marked by a green box. By default, it is Range 1. When you press **Next Range**, you can switch to the next scan range. When disabled, the scan range is not marked, and you cannot switch to the next range.

11. Next Range

Press or tap this menu, and then you can switch the current scan range to the next range.

About System

Displays the system information or the option information.

1. System Info

- Model
- Serial Number
- Hardware Version Number
- Firmware Version Number
- Software Version

2. Option Info

Displays the option information.

RSA3000E provides many kinds of options to meet your various measurement requirements. To purchase the corresponding option, please contact **RIGOL**.

3. Self Test

• Screen

Tests whether the screen has a dot defect by using six colors: blue, red, green, gray, white, and black. Press any key to switch the screen color and exit the test.

Multi-point Touch

Enters the multi-point touch test interface. Use multiple fingers to make pinch or stretch gestures on the screen, and observe the size of the characters. If they do not change along with your gestures, it indicates that problems occurred to the multi-point touch function. To exit the test, press **Esc** for three consecutive times.

• Single-point Touch

Enters the single-point touch test interface. Touch or use the mouse to make stretch or strike gestures on the screen. If the corresponding traces are displayed, then it indicates that the point on the touchscreen is valid. To exit the test, press **Esc** for three consecutive times.

• Keyboard

Enters the keyboard test interface. Press the function keys on the front panel one by one and observe whether the corresponding key is illuminated. If not, an error may have occurred to that key. To exit the test, press **Esc** for three consecutive times.

Note: For the transparent keys on the front panel, they will be also illuminated during the test.

4. License Info

Displays the license registration information about the components such as Linux and QT.

5. Online Update

Connects the analyzer to the external network by using the network cable. If you do not have the right to access the Internet, please ask the administrators to grant your right to access the external Internet first. Then, press this key to update the software.

Date/Time

Sets the system date and time.

1. Set Time

Sets the displayed system time of the analyzer. Press the **Hour**, **Minute**, and **Second** softkeys respectively to set the time.

2. Set Date

Sets the displayed system date of the analyzer. Press the **Year**, **Month**, and **Day** softkeys respectively to set the date. You can also press **Date Format** to select whether the date is displayed in "YMD" or "MDY" form.

Security Clear

Press this key to perform the security clear function. This function includes the following operations:

- Deletes all the files that users have saved, including the state files (state), trace state files (trace state), screen files (screen), measdata files (measdata), and limit files (limit), amplitude correction files (correction), signal table (signaltable), and scan table (scantable) saved by users in all modes.
- Executes the factory resetting operation.

Language

RSA3000E supports multi-language menu, Chinese and English built-in help and pop-up messages.

Press this key to select the desired display language.

Settings

1. Power Switch

Sets whether the power switch on the front panel is effective or not.

- Default: When the analyzer is powered on, press the power switch on the front panel to start up the analyzer.
- Always: When the analyzer is powered on, it starts automatically.

2. Beep Switch

Turns on or off the beeper.

3. Volume

After you turn on the beeper, you can press this key to adjust the volume of the beeper.

4. User Key

Defines an associated function for the **User** key on the front panel. The definition method is as described below. After that, pressing **User** in any operation interface can quickly enable the defined function.

- Press User Key to select "On";
- Open the function menu that needs to be defined. For example, press
 System → Display → Display Line;
- Press User and the definition is finished. At this time, User Key turns off automatically.

5. SCPI Display

When you use the SCPI commands to control the instrument remotely, turning on the SCPI Display will go to the specified menu of the corresponding command; turning off the SCPI Display will not go to the specified menu.

System Message

Press this key, and then a prompt message dialog box will be displayed. You can press the corresponding front-panel softkey to select to view all the messages, the messages that have been read or not read. You can also use the touch screen or the externally connected mouse to tap or click the specified icon in the prompt message dialog box.

1. Select All

Selects all the displayed messages.

2. Select Read

Only selects the messages that have been read.
3. Select Unread

Only selects the messages that have not been read.

4. Delete

Deletes the selected messages.

5. Query All

Views all the displayed messages.

6. Query Read

Only views the messages that have been read.

7. Query Unread

Only views the messages that have not been read.

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File

RSA3000E allows you to save various types of files to the internal or external memory, and recall them when necessary.

Press File on the front panel to enter the file operation menu interface.

File Explorer

Press the key to enter the file manager interface. You can touch the screen or use the mouse to tap or click on the screen to select the corresponding file or folder. All the files with the specified file types are displayed. When you select a file, you can press the **Copy**, **Paste**, or **Delete** softkeys to copy, paste, or delete the specified file.

| Name | 🛆 Size | Туре | Date Modified |
|-------------|--------|--------|---------------------|
| correction | | Folder | 7 Nov 2018 11:06:25 |
| 🚞 limit | | Folder | 2 Nov 2018 13:48:31 |
| measdata | | Folder | 8 Nov 2018 14:41:50 |
| scantable | | Folder | 7 Nov 2018 10:32:37 |
| screen | | Folder | 7 Nov 2018 10:07:22 |
| signaltable | | Folder | 2 Nov 2018 13:48:31 |
| state | | Folder | 7 Nov 2018 18:25:40 |
| tracestate | | Folder | 7 Nov 2018 18:25:49 |

Figure 4-5 File Manager

The available file types include: State, Trace+State, Measurement Data, Limit, Screen Image, Amplitude Correction, Signal Table, and Scan Table. The descriptions for various file types are shown in the following table.

| File Type | Format | Suffix Name |
|----------------------|--------|--------------|
| State | BIN | .sta |
| Trace+State | BIN | .trs |
| Measurement Data | CSV | .CSV |
| Limit | CSV | .CSV |
| Amplitude Correction | CSV | .CSV |
| Screen Image | IMAGE | .jpg/bmp/png |
| Signal Table | CSV | .CSV |
| Scan Table | CSV | .CSV |

Table 4-21 Descriptions of File Type

Note: RSA3000E can only recognize files whose filenames consist of Chinese characters, English letters, or numbers. If the filename or folder name contains other characters, the file or the folder might not be displayed normally in the file manager interface.

Сору

Copies the currently selected file or folder.

Paste

Pastes the file or folder.

When the current path has contained a file or folder whose name is the same as the one that you want to paste, after you perform the paste operation, the original file or folder will be overwritten.

Rename

Renames a file that has been stored. After you select a file, press this key to input a new filename.

Delete

Deletes the selected file.

New Folder

Creates a folder. Press this key to create a new empty folder under the current directory, and the file is named with a default filename. To modify this filename, press **Rename** to rename the file.

Quick Print

If the printer has been successfully installed, press this key to quickly print the currently displayed screen image.

Print

Prints the current screen according to print parameter settings when the printer has been successfully installed and is in idle state.

Printer Setup

1. Printer Parameters

1) Page Size

Sets the page size for printing. When "Default" is selected, the page size depends on the printer currently connected.

2) Quality Sets the printed screen of

- Sets the printed screen quality.
- **3)** Color Sets the print color to Color, Mono, Inverse, or Inverse-Mono.

Orientation Sets the print orientation to "Landscape" or "Portrait".

5) Adjust

Sets the print border to Adaptive, Non-Adpt, and Hold-Min.

6) Counts

Sets the print copies and the default is 1. The range available is from 1 to 99.

7) Border

Turns on or off the border.

In addition, you can preview the print page, and set to print the image or the text in All page, 1/2, 1/4, or 1/9 page.

2. Add Device

Queries and adds a printer. Inputs the IP address of the printer, the manufacturer of the printer, the printer model, and printer drive. Then, the printer is added.

3. Select Device

Selects the desired printer.

Import License

In the file manager interface, select a file to be imported and then press **Import License** to import the file.

System Update

Press this key to update the analyzer software after selecting the update file in the USB storage device.

Recall

RSA3000E allows you to recall various types of files saved to the internal or external storage memory.

Press **Recall** on the front panel to enter the file recalling menu. The available file types include: State, Trace+State, Measurement Data, Limit, Amplitude Correction, Signal Table, and Scan Table.

State

Press **State** to enter the state recalling menu. The state can be recalled from the register or the file.

1. Recall

Press **File Explorer** to enter the file manager interface. Select a file and then press **Recall** to import the file.

2. Register 1 through Register 16

When any one of the items from Register 1 to Register 16 is selected, the state of the specified register will be recalled.

Trace+State

Press **Trace+State** to enter the trace+state recalling menu. The state of the instrument and the selected trace can be recalled from the register or the file.

1. Recall

Press **File Explorer** to enter the file manager interface. Select a file and then press **Recall** to import the file.

2. To Trace

Selects the trace+state file or the trace data of the register to recall them to the selected trace.

3. Register 1 through Register 16

When any one of the items from Register 1 to Register 16 is selected, the state of the specified register will be recalled.

Measurement Data

Press Meas Data to enter the measurement data recalling menu.

1. Recall

Press **File Explorer** to enter the file manager interface. Select a file and then press **Recall** to import the file.

2. To Trace

Selects the measurement data file and recalls it to the selected trace.

Limit

Press **Limit** to enter the limit recalling menu.

1. Recall

Press **File Explorer** to enter the file manager interface. Select a file and then press **Recall** to import the file.

2. To Limit

Selects the limit line file and recalls it to the selected limit line.

3. Limit Directory

Sets the limit directory to be recalled to "User" or "Preloaded". If you select "Preloaded", you can load the built-in limit line from the Preloadedlimit folder. If you select "User", you can load the user-defined limit line from the Limit folder.

Amplitude Correction

Press **Correction** to enter the amplitude correction data recalling menu.

1. Recall

Press **File Explorer** to enter the file manager interface. Select a file and then press **Recall** to import the file.

2. To Correction

Selects the amplitude correction file and recalls it to the selected type of the amplitude correction.

Signal Table

Press Signal Table to enter the signal table recalling menu.

Press **File Explorer** to enter the file manager interface. Select a file and then press **Recall** to import the file.

Scan Table

Press **Scan Table** to enter the scan table recalling menu.

Press **File Explorer** to enter the file manager interface. Select a file and then press **Recall** to import the file.

Save

RSA3000E allows you to save various types of files to the internal or external memory.

Press **Save** on the front panel to enter the file saving menu. The available file types include: State, Trace+State, Measurement Data, Limit, Screen Image, Amplitude Correction, Signal Table, and Scan Table.

State

Press **State** to enter the state saving menu. The state can be saved to the register or the file.

1. Save

Press this key to save the current state in the default filename or user-defined filename.

The default state filename is determined by the following methods:

- If you haven't input a filename by pressing the **Save As** key, its default filename is state<n>.sta. Wherein, n refers to the file number of the filenames that are named based on the naming mode in the current file directory. The value of <n> is the existing maximum file number plus 1. For example, if 3 files (state1.sta, state2.sta, state5.sta) exist in the current directory, then the new filename for the file that you want to save should be state6.sta by default.
- If you have pressed the **Save As** key to input the filename abc, then the file is saved to be "abc.sta". After that, press the **Save** key again, another file is saved automatically with the filename "abc1.sta".

2. Save As

Press this key and then use the numeric keypad on the front panel to input the filename. Then, press **Save** to save the corresponding state file.

You can also touch the screen or use the mouse to tap or click the **Save As** menu, and then input the filename with the keypad.

3. Register 1 through Register 16

When any one of the items from Register 1 to Register 16 is selected, the current state of the instrument will be saved to the corresponding register. The register supports quick save and recalling instrument state. The register menu displays the time for saving the instrument state.

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Trace+State

Press **Trace+State** to enter the trace+state saving menu. The state of the instrument and the selected trace can be saved to the register or the file.

1. Save

Press this key to save the current trace+state file in the default filename or user-defined filename.

The default filename is determined by the following methods:

- If you haven't input a filename by pressing the **Save As** key, its default filename is tracestate<n>.trs. Wherein, n refers to the file number of the filenames that are named based on the naming mode in the current file directory. The value of <n> is the existing maximum file number plus 1.
- If you have pressed the **Save As** key to input the filename abc, then the file is saved to be "abc.trs". After that, press the **Save** key again, another file is saved automatically with the filename "abc1.trs".

2. Save As

Press this key and then use the numeric keypad on the front panel to input the filename. Then, press **Save** to save the corresponding trace+state file.

You can also touch the screen or use the mouse to tap or click the **Save As** menu, and then input the filename with the keypad.

3. Save From Trace

Selects the trace to be saved. You can select any single trace from Trace1 to Trace3.

4. Register 1 through Register 16

When any one of the items from Register 1 to Register 16 is selected, the current state of the instrument will be saved to the corresponding register. The register supports quick save and loading instrument state. The register menu displays the time for saving the instrument state.

Measurement Data

Press **Meas Data** to enter the measurement data saving menu. The selected measurement data type (e.g. trace, measurement results) can be saved to the specified file. The data will be saved in .csv format. They are separated with a comma, and this is convenient for you to use the Excel to analyze the data.

1. Save

Press this key to save the currently selected type of measurement data in the

default filename or user-defined filename.

The default filename is determined by the following methods:

- If you haven't input a filename by pressing the **Save As** key, its default filename is measdata<n>.csv. Wherein, n refers to the file number of the filenames that are named based on the naming mode in the current file directory. The value of <n> is the existing maximum file number plus 1.
- If you have pressed the **Save As** key to input the filename abc, then the file is saved to be "abc.csv". After that, press the **Save** key again, another file is saved automatically with the filename "abc1.csv".

2. Save As

Press this key and then use the numeric keypad on the front panel to input the filename. Then, press **Save** to save the corresponding Measurement Data file.

You can also touch the screen or use the mouse to tap or click the **Save As** menu, and then input the filename with the keypad.

3. Save From Trace

If the data to be saved are traces, select the trace to be saved. You can select any single trace from Trace1 to Trace3.

4. Data Type

Selects the measurement data type to be saved. The data types supported by the instrument include trace and EMI measurement results.

5. Meas Results

After selecting the type of the EMI measurement results, click this menu, and then the measurement results interface is displayed. You can enable the touch screen or use its sub-menu to set the EMI measurement report.

1) Environment

| Menu Name | Function Description |
|-------------------|---|
| Temperature | Enables or disables the display of the temperature. |
| Humidity | Enables or disables the display of the humidity. |
| Testing Place | Enables or disables the display of the testing place. |
| Testing Distance | Enables or disables the display of the testing |
| | distance. |
| Polar Direction | Enables or disables the display of the polar |
| | direction. |
| Other Explanation | Enables or disables the display of the other |
| | explanation. |

After selecting the corresponding menu, you can edit the information using the pop-up soft keyboard in the text box on the right side of the corresponding parameters in the Meas Result Content interface.

2) Header

Press this menu to enter the trace file header information menu.

| Menu Name | Function Description |
|--------------|--|
| Client | Enables or disables the display of the client information. |
| Operator | Enables or disables the display of the operator |
| | information. |
| Product Desc | Enables or disables the display of the product |
| | description. |

After selecting the corresponding menu, you can edit the information using the pop-up soft keyboard in the text box on the right side of the corresponding parameters in the Meas Result Content interface.

3) Ampt Corr

Selects the displayed amplitude correction data to "Full Data". You can also select "Off" to turn off the display of the correction data.

4) Limits

Selects the displayed limit line data to "Full Data". You can also select "Off" to turn off the display of the limit line data.

5) Screen

Sets the screen image of the report to "Inverted" or "Normal". You can also select "Off" to turn off the display of the screen image.

6) Table&List

- Scan Table: enables or disables the display of the scan table information of the report.
- Signal Table: enables or disables the display of the signal table information of the report.

7) Output Format

Sets the output format of the report to "HTML" or "PDF". When you select "HTML", save the report with the name suffixed with ".html". When you select "PDF", save the report suffixed with ".pdf".

Limit

Press **Limit** to enter the limit line saving menu. The selected limit line is saved to the file.

1. Save

Press this key to save the currently selected limit line in the default filename or user-defined filename.

The default filename is determined by the following methods:

- If you haven't input a filename by pressing the **Save As** key, its default filename is limit<n>.csv. Wherein, n refers to the file number of the filenames that are named based on the naming mode in the current file directory. The value of <n> is the existing maximum file number plus 1.
- If you have pressed the Save As key to input the filename abc, then the file is saved to be "abc.csv". After that, press the Save key again, another file is saved automatically with the filename "abc1.csv".

2. Save As

Press this key and then use the numeric keypad on the front panel to input the filename. Then, press **Save** to save the corresponding Limit file.

You can also touch the screen or use the mouse to tap or click the **Save As** menu, and then input the filename with the keypad.

3. Select Limit

Selects the limit line to be saved. You can select any single limit line from Limit1 to Limit6.

Screen Image

Press **Screen Image** to enter the screen saving menu.

1. Save

Press this key to save the current screen image in the default filename or user-defined filename.

The default filename is determined by the following methods:

- If you haven't input a filename by pressing the Save As key, its default filename is screen<n>.jpg. Wherein, n refers to the file number of the filenames that are named based on the naming mode in the current file directory. The value of <n> is the existing maximum file number plus 1.
- If you have pressed the Save As key to input the filename abc, then the file is saved to be "abc.jpg". After that, press the Save key again, another file is saved automatically with the filename "abc1.jpg".

2. Save As

Press this key and then use the numeric keypad on the front panel to input the filename. Then, press **Save** to save the corresponding Screen Image file.

You can also touch the screen or use the mouse to tap or click the **Save As** menu, and then input the filename with the keypad.

3. Screenshot Info

1) Format

Press this key to select the file format of the current screen image to "JPEG", "BMP", or "PNG".

2) Color Type

Press this key to select the color of the current screen image to "Normal" or "Inverted".

Amplitude Correction

Press **Correction** to enter the amplitude correction data saving menu. The selected amplitude correction data is saved to the file.

1. Save

Press this key to save the current amplitude correction data in the default filename or user-defined filename.

The default filename is determined by the following methods:

- If you haven't input a filename by pressing the **Save As** key, its default filename is correction<n>.csv. Wherein, n refers to the file number of the filenames that are named based on the naming mode in the current file directory. The value of <n> is the existing maximum file number plus 1.
- If you have pressed the **Save As** key to input the filename abc, then the file is saved to be "abc.csv". After that, press the **Save** key again, another file is saved automatically with the filename "abc1.csv".

2. Save As

Press this key and then use the numeric keypad on the front panel to input the filename. Then, press **Save** to save the corresponding amplitude correction file.

You can also touch the screen or use the mouse to tap or click the **Save As** menu, and then input the filename with the keypad.

3. Select Corr

Selects the amplitude correction type to be saved. You can select "Antenna", "Cable", "Other", or "User". "

Signal Table

1. Save

Press this key to save the selected signal table in the default filename or user-defined filename.

The default filename is determined by the following methods:

- If you haven't input a filename by pressing the **Save As** key, its default filename is signaltable<n>.csv. Wherein, n refers to the file number of the filenames that are named based on the naming mode in the current file directory. The value of <n> is the existing maximum file number plus 1.
- If you have pressed the Save As key to input the filename abc, then the file is saved to be "abc.csv". After that, press the Save key again, another file is saved automatically with the filename "abc1.csv".

2. Save As

Press this key and then use the numeric keypad on the front panel to input the filename. Then, press **Save** to save the corresponding signal table file.

You can also touch the screen or use the mouse to tap or click the **Save As** menu, and then input the filename with the keypad.

Scan Table

1. Save

Press this key to save the selected scan table in the default filename or user-defined filename.

The default filename is determined by the following methods:

- If you haven't input a filename by pressing the **Save As** key, its default filename is scantable<n>.csv. Wherein, n refers to the file number of the filenames that are named based on the naming mode in the current file directory. The value of <n> is the existing maximum file number plus 1.
- If you have pressed the **Save As** key to input the filename abc, then the file is saved to be "abc.csv". After that, press the **Save** key again, another file is saved automatically with the filename "abc1.csv".

2. Save As

Press this key and then use the numeric keypad on the front panel to input the filename. Then, press **Save** to save the corresponding scan table file.

You can also touch the screen or use the mouse to tap or click the **Save As** menu, and then input the filename with the keypad.

Quicksave Path

1. Set Path

Press the **Set Path** softkey to open the file explorer interface. Select the corresponding path, and then press OK to set the current path to be the quick save path.

2. View Path

Press the **View Path** softkey to display the current quick save path information in the center of the user interface.

Chapter 5 Functions of the Front Panel of VSA

This chapter describes in detail the front-panel function keys of RSA5000 and their associated menu functions in VSA mode.

Contents in this chapter:

- Basic Settings
- Sweep and Function Settings
- Measurement Settings
- Marker Measurement
- Input/Output
- Shortcut Key
- System Function

Basic Settings

FREQ

Sets the frequency parameters of the analyzer.

Center Freq

Sets the center frequency of the current channel.

Remarks:

- When you modify the center frequency, the start and stop frequency will be modified automatically if the span remains to be unchanged.
- Modifying the center frequency indicates that the frequency is changed along the current channel horizontally, and the adjustable range should be within the frequency range specified in the technical specifications of the analyzer.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Table 5-1 | Center | Frequency |
|-----------|--------|-----------|
|-----------|--------|-----------|

| Parameter | Remarks | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| Default | 1 GHz | | |
| Range | 1.562 kHz to (Fmax ^[1] – 1.562 kHz) | | |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz | | |
| Knob Step | stop open/200 Min 1 Hz | | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | step = span/200, Min = 1 Hz | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | CF step | | |

Note^[1]: The maximum measurement frequency Fmax is determined by the instrument model. For RSA3030E, Fmax is 3 GHz; for RSA3015E, Fmax is 1.5 GHz.

Start Freq

Sets the start frequency of the current frequency channel.

Remarks:

- When you modify the start frequency, the center and stop frequency will be changed if the span remains to be unchanged.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Default | center frequency - span/2 |
| Range | 0 Hz to (Fmax – 3.125 kHz) |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz |
| Knob Step | ston - spon/200 Min - 1 Hz |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | step = span/200, Min = 1 Hz |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | CF step |

Table 5-2 Start Frequency

Stop Freq

Sets the stop frequency of the current frequency channel.

Remarks:

- When you modify the stop frequency, the center and start frequency will be changed if the span remains to be unchanged.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Default | center frequency + span/2 | |
| Range | 3.125 kHz to Fmax | |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz | |
| Knob Step | aton onen/200 Min 1 Hz | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | step = span/200, Min = 1 Hz | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | CF step | |

CF Step

Changes the step size for the center frequency. Changing the center frequency by a constant step-size value switches the channel to be measured continuously.

Remarks:

- Set a proper CF step value, and then select the center frequency. Use the Up/Down arrow key to switch the measurement channel at a fixed step size. Thus, the instrument can sweep the adjacent channels manually.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

Table 5-4 CF Step

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Default | span/10 | |
| Range | -Fmax to Fmax | |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz | |
| Knob Step | stop span/200 Min 1 Hz | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | step = span/200, Min = 1 Hz | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-2-5 step | |

CF Step Mode

The CF step mode consists of "Manual" and "Auto".

Remarks:

- In Auto mode, the CF step is 1/10 of the span in non-zero span mode.
- In Manual mode, you can use the numeric keys to set the step size.

SPAN

Span

Displays the frequency range of the current channel. This menu is grayed out and disabled, and you can only view the current span.

Last Scale

Sets X Scale to the last modified X-axis reference value and X-axis width. When X Scale is set to Auto, this menu is grayed out and disabled.

X Scale

X Scale can be set to Auto or Manual.

Remarks:

- When set to Auto, the instrument adjusts the X-axis reference value and X-axis width to an optimal state. At this time, **Reference** and **Width** menus are grayed out and disabled.
- When set to Manual, you need to set the X-axis reference value and X-axis width manually.

Ref Value

Sets the X-axis reference value of the selected trace. When the time-domain data source is selected, the reference unit is symbol or s; when the frequency-domain data source is selected, the reference unit is Hz.

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Default | 0 (0 µs) | |
| Range | (-1e+12) to (1e+12) | |
| Unit | symbol (s, ms, µs, ns, ps) | |
| Knob Step | width (100 | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | width/100 | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | Width/10 | |

| Table 5-5 | Reference | Value | (Time-Domain | Data) |
|-----------|---------------|-------|--------------|-------|
| | Nor of office | value | | Duiuj |

| Table 5-0 Reference value (Trequency-Domain Data) | |
|---|-------------------|
| Parameter | Remarks |
| Default | 998.4375 MHz |
| Range | -1THz to 1THz |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz |
| Knob Step | width/100 |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | Width/10 |

Table 5-6 Reference Value (Frequency-Domain Data)

Width

Sets the X-axis width of the selected trace. When the time-domain data source is selected, the reference unit is symbol or s; when the frequency-domain data source is selected, the reference unit is Hz.

Remarks:

- For the frequency-domain trace, the X-axis width can be set to be smaller than the span, enabling you to zoom in on a portion of the measurement values.
- For the time-domain trace, the X-axis width can be set to be smaller than the time span, enabling you to zoom in on a portion of the measurement values.

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| Default | 50 (38.2812 µs) |
| Range | 0 to (1e+12) |
| Unit | symbol (s, ms, µs, ns, ps) |
| Knob Step | Auto width/100 |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | Auto width/10 |

Table 5-7 Width (Time-Domain Data)

Table 5-8 Width (Frequency-Domain Data)

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Default | 3.125 MHz | |
| Range | 0 to 1THz | |
| Unit | GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz | |
| Knob Step | Auto width/100 | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | Auto width/10 | |

Ref Position

Sets the position of the X-axis scale reference value for the selected trace. It can be set to "Left", "Center", and "Right".

Copy X Scale

Copies the X scale of the current trace to other traces. The available ranges can be Trace1 through Trace4. The copy operation is only allowed to be carried out between the trace data with the same X-axis unit.

RIGOL

AMPT

Sets the amplitude parameters of the analyzer. You can modify these parameters to make the signals under test be displayed with minimal errors in the current window, easy for you to observe.

Auto Scale

Sets the Y-axis reference level and the Y-axis scale value automatically to ensure that the signal can be fully displayed for better observation of the trace.

Ref Value

Sets the Y-axis reference of the selected trace.

Remarks:

- When "Log Mag" or "Linear Mag" is selected for the trace format, the reference level is located at the top of the Y axis; for other conditions, the reference level is located in the middle of the Y axis.
- The reference level is displayed at the top line of the graticule.

| Table | 5-9 | Reference | Level |
|-------|------------|-------------|-------|
| iabio | <i>°</i> , | 11010101100 | 20101 |

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Default | 0 |
| Range | (-1e+12) to (1e+12) |
| Unit | refer to "Y Axis Unit" |
| Knob Step | 1 |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | 1 |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 10 |

Scale/Div

Sets the Y scale per division of the selected trace. The scale value is displayed at the top line of the graticule.

Note: When you select a different trace format, the default value and unit of the Y-axis scale are different.

Range

Sets the amplitude of the largest sinusoidal input signal without being clipped by the IF ADC.

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Default | 20 dBm |
| Range | -15 dBm to 25 dBm |
| Unit | dBm, -dBm, V, mV, uV |
| Knob Step | - 1 dBm |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | TUBIII |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 10 dBm |

Table 5-10 Range

Y Axis Unit

Sets the unit of the Y-axis unit to Peak, RMS, or Power.

Remarks:

- The Y-axis unit is valid when the data source is "CaptureTime" or "CaptureSpectrum". After a unit is selected, the instrument will process the signal data according to the currently selected unit. At this time, you can observe the changes of the trace in the selected trace window, but the display of the graticule scale remains unchanged.
- For other data sources, if the trace format is "Log Mag", the default unit is dB; if you select "Wrap Phase" or "Unwrap Phase", the default unit is deg. Other trace format data are normalized, so they do not have the unit.

| Trace Data | Y-axis Unit | LinearMag | LogMag | I(Real) | Q(Imaginary) | WrapPhase | unWrap Phase |
|-----------------|----------------|-----------|--------|---------|--------------|-----------|-----------------|
| Conturo | Peak | V | dBVpk | V | V | deg | deg |
| Capture Time | RMS | Vrms | dBVrms | Vrms | Vrms | deg | deg |
| Time | Power | W | dBm | V | V | deg | deg |
| Conturo | Peak | Vpk | dBVpk | Vpk | Vpk | deg | deg |
| Capture | RMS | Vrms | dBVrms | Vrms | Vrms | deg | deg |
| Spectrum | Power | W | dBm | Vpk | Vpk | deg | deg |

Table 5-11 Y Axis Unit

Copy Y Scale

Copies the Y scale of the current trace to other traces. The available ranges can be Trace1 through Trace4.

Note: Only when the X-axis and Y-axis units of different traces are the same, the Y-axis scale information can be copied between different traces.

Sweep and Function Settings

BW

FFT Window

Sets the type of the FFT window function.

The following 4 window functions are available: Rectangular, Hanning, Gaussian, and Flat Top.

You can select a proper filter type by referring to the following table according to the actual measurement requirements.

| Window Function | Characteristics | Application |
|--------------------|---|---|
| Rectangular | Its main lobe is relatively concentrated, but its side lobe is relatively high, with negative side lobes. This will result in high-frequency interference and leakage during transform, even worse, the negative spectrum. The frequency recognition accuracy is the highest, and the amplitude recognition accuracy is the lowest. | If you have a high requirement on the accuracy of the frequency readout of the main lobe, without needing to consider the accuracy of the amplitude, then the rectangular window is recommended. |
| Hanning | It is also called the cosine window. Its main lobe is widened and lowered, and its side lobe is reduced significantly. In terms of leakage reduction, the Hanning window is superior to the Rectangular window. However, the wide main lobe of the Hanning window signifies the widened analysis bandwidth and reduced frequency resolution. Compared with the Rectangular window, the leakage and fluctuation of the Hanning window are reduced, with more choices. | The Hanning window is preferred under the following conditions: the signal under test has several frequency components; the spectrum is very complex; the test aim focuses more on the frequency point rather than the energy size; the signal under test is random or unknown. |
| Gaussian | It is an exponential window. Its main lobe is wide and frequency resolution is low. It has no negative side lobe, and the attenuation of its first side lobe reaches -55dB. It is | For the time-varying exponential decay function, you can use the exponential window to improve the S/N ratio. |

| | often used to truncate some non-periodic signals, such as the exponential decay signal. | |
|----------|---|------------------------------|
| Flat Top | The flat top window has few low | As there are minor errors in |
| | pass band fluctuations in the | the amplitude, this window |
| | frequency domain. | can be used in calibration. |

Sweep

Sets the sweep-related parameters.

Rt Acq Time

Sets the acquisition time for producing one RT trace.

Table 5-12 Acquisition Time

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Default | 99.9946 ms | |
| Range | 99.9946 ms to 40 s | |
| Unit | s, ms, μ s , ns, ps | |
| Knob Step | acquisition/100 Min -1 us | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | acquisition/100, Min = 1 μs | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step | |

Continue

Sets the current sweep mode to continuous.

Single

Sets the current sweep mode to single.

Remarks:

- When the current sweep mode is continuous, press this key to enter a single sweep and perform a measurement.
- When the current sweep mode is single, only when you press **Single** or tap **Single**, can you launch the sweep.

Restart

Clears the history measurements and restarts the BER test. Displays this menu only when the "BER Test" measurement function is selected.

Trigger

Selects the trigger source and sets trigger-related parameters.

Trigger Source

Sets "Free Run", "External 1", "External 2", "Power (Time)", or "FMT" to be the trigger source.

Free Run

The trigger conditions are met at any time, that is, the analyzer generates trigger signals continuously.

External 1

In this mode, an external signal is input via the **[TRIGGER IN]** connector on the rear panel. When the signal meets the set trigger conditions, trigger signals are generated.

1. Slope

Sets the trigger polarity for External Trigger 1. It is set positive to trigger on a rising edge and negative to trigger on a falling edge.

2. Delay State

Enables or disables the trigger delay function. After the trigger delay function is enabled, you can set the trigger delay time.

3. Delay Time

Sets the time interval during which the instrument waits to start the sweep operation after the trigger signal that meets the trigger conditions is generated. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Table 9 19 mgger belay mine | | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Parameter | Remarks | |
| Default | 1 μs | |
| Range | -16.384 s ^[1] to 500 ms | |
| Unit | s, ms, μ s , ns, ps | |
| Knob Step | trigger delay/100, Min = 1 µs | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | μ ingger delay roo, with = 1 μ s | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step | |

Table 5-13 Trigger Delay Time

Note^[1]: A negative trigger delay time indicates a pre-trigger.

External 2

Press **Input/Output** \rightarrow **Ext Trigger2** to select "In". Then, an external signal is input via the **[TRIGGER IN/OUT]** connector on the rear panel. When the signal meets the set trigger conditions, trigger signals are generated.

Note: The input signal frequency on the external trigger interface should not be greater than 1 MHz.

1. Slope

Sets the trigger polarity for External Trigger 2. It is set positive to trigger on a rising edge and negative to trigger on a falling edge.

2. Delay State

Enables or disables the trigger delay function. After the trigger delay function is enabled, you can set the trigger delay time.

3. Delay Time

Sets the time interval during which the instrument waits to start the sweep operation after the trigger signal that meets the trigger conditions is generated. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Remarks |
|------------------------------------|
| 1 μs |
| -16.384 s ^[1] to 500 ms |
| s, ms, μ s , ns, ps |
| trigger delay/100 Min -1 us |
| trigger delay/100, Min = 1 μs |
| at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step |
| |

Table 5-14 Trigger Delay Time

Note^[1]: A negative trigger delay time indicates a pre-trigger.

Power (Time)

A trigger signal will be generated when the system detects that the IF signal power exceeds the set IF power.

1. Delay State

Enables or disables the trigger delay function. After the trigger delay function is enabled, you can set the trigger delay time.

2. Delay Time

Sets the time interval during which the instrument waits to start the sweep operation after the trigger signal that meets the trigger conditions is generated. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Default | 1 μs | |
| Range | -16.384 s ^[1] to 500 ms | |
| Unit | s, ms, μ s , ns, ps | |
| Knob Step | trigger delay/100, Min = 1 µs | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step | |

Table 5-15 Trigger Delay Time

Note^[1]: A negative trigger delay time indicates a pre-trigger.

3. Power

Sets the trigger level of the IF power trigger. When the signal meets the set trigger level value, a trigger occurs. When the data source is "CaptureTime", and the trace format is "Log Mag (dB)" or "Linear Mag", the trace window displays the trigger level line.

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Default | 0 dBm | |
| Range | (-140+Level Offset) to (30+Level | |
| | Offset) | |
| Unit | dBm, -dBm, V, mV, uV | |
| Knob Step | 1 dBm | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 5 dBm | |

FMT

Triggers a discrete frequency-domain event based on a flexible user-defined frequency mask.

1. Delay State

Enables or disables the trigger delay function. After the trigger delay function is enabled, you can set the trigger delay time.

2. Delay Time

Sets the time interval during which the instrument waits to start the sweep operation after the trigger signal that meets the trigger conditions is generated.

RIGOL

You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Table 5-17 Trigger Delay Time | | |
|------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| Remarks | | |
| 1 μs | | |
| -16.384 s ^[1] to 500 ms | | |
| s, ms, μ s , ns, ps | | |
| trigger delay/100, Min = 1 µs | | |
| | | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step |
| | | |

--·

Note^[1]: A negative trigger delay time indicates a pre-trigger.

3. FMT Setup

(1) Mask Type

Determines which mask (upper or lower) is being displayed on the screen.

- Upper: only displays the upper mask.
- Lower: only displays the lower mask. •
- Both: displays both the upper and lower masks.

(2) Edit

Press this key to enter the FMT editing interface, and the instrument automatically switches to the real-time trace. You can use the front panel keys to set the FMT. Besides, you can also use the touch screen, the externally connected keyboard or mouse to set and edit the FMT parameters in the visual dialog box interface. In the interface, you can quickly set the common parameters. The setting methods are the same as what you do with the front panel keys.

In addition, in the visual dialog box, settings for the color style of the FMT are added. You can select the desired style from the available color template.

| Center | Freq : 1.00000000 Span : 6.250000 | GHz Trace: 1 2 3 4 5 6 | Range: -5.00 c | DMA Trig: FMT Bm Burst: O | |
|--------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|--|
| FMT Ed | litor 1 | | RT Trace | 10 dB/div | ref 0 dBm |
| | Upper | Lower | -10 | | |
| Poir | | | -20 | - Marriella | and a mark the second s |
| 1 | Frequency 996.875000 MHz | Amplitude -54.00 dBm | -30 | | - M |
| 2 | 997.332317 MHz | -54.00 dBm | -40 | | |
| 3 | 998.304115 MHz | -16.00 dBm | -40 | | h. |
| 4 | 1.001391006 GHz | -16.00 dBm | -50 | 1 | V, |
| 5 | 1.002496189 GHz | -54.00 dBm | | (¹ | |
| 6 | 1.003125000 GHz | -54.00 dBm | -60 | | |
| | | | -70 MMM | | hing |
| | | | -80 | | |
| | | | -90 | | |
| + | Add 🗙 Delete 🗙 De | I All | | | |
| | | | RBW : | 58.910 kHz | Acq Time : 99.9982 ms |

Figure 5-1 FMT Editing Interface

a) Active Mask

Selects the mask type that needs to be activated currently. The following operations for editing and setting the mask points are only valid for the currently activated mask type.

b) Navigation

Selects the first line of the mask editing table.

c) Frequency

Sets the frequency of the mask point. Its range is within the frequency range supported by the analyzer.

d) Amplitude

Sets the amplitude of the mask point. Its range is within the amplitude range supported by the analyzer.

e) Insert Point

Adds a mask point.

f) Delete Point

Deletes the currently selected mask point.

g) Delete Mask

Deletes the currently activated mask.

h) Build

Builds a mask from the RT trace. The mask points are generated based on the rough outline of the trace. You can use the X and Y offset to adjust the mask position.

i) Export

Exports the mask to the file. You can also press **Save** \rightarrow **FMT** to save the mask to the file.

j) Import

Press this key, and then the file manager interface is displayed. You can import the mask from the file. You can also press **Recall** \rightarrow **FMT** to import the mask from the file.

k) Recall

In the file manager interface, after you select the desired file, press this key to load the corresponding mask.

I) To Mask

Selects the FMT file and imports it to the selected mask.

m) New Mask

Clears the currently activated mask and creates a default new mask.

n) X Offset

Sets the offsets of all the frequency points of the currently activated mask.

o) Y Offset

Sets the offsets of all the amplitude points of the currently activated mask.

p) Apply Offset

Adds the X and Y offsets to each point of the current mask.

q) X Axis Type

When "Fixed" is selected, the frequency of the current mask point will not be affected by the center frequency. When "Relative" is selected, the frequency of the current mask point is the difference between the frequency of the current mask point and the current center frequency. If you change the parameter state after completing the mask setup, the frequency of the mask should change with the state to keep the mask points to be in the same position relative to the current center frequency of the instrument.

r) Y Axis Type

When "Fixed" is selected, the amplitude of the current editing point will not be affected by the reference level. When "Relative" is selected, the amplitude of the current mask point is the difference between the amplitude of the current mask point and the current reference level. If you change the parameter state after completing the mask setup, the amplitude of the mask should change with the state to keep the mask points to be in the same position relative to the current reference level of the instrument.

(3) Trigger Mask

Sets the currently effective trigger mask.

- Upper: only sets the upper trigger mask to be effective.
- Lower: only sets the lower trigger mask to be effective.
- Both: sets both the upper and lower trigger masks to be effective.

Note: When "Upper" is selected under **Mask Type**, the trigger mask is, by default, the upper mask; when "Lower" is selected under **Mask Type**, the trigger mask is, by default, the lower mask; when "Both" is selected under **Mask Type**, the trigger mask is, by default, the one before switching the mask type.

(4) Trigger Criteria

Sets the condition that will cause the FMT trigger to occur. Both upper and lower masks use the same trigger criteria, and the trigger will occur when either mask meets the trigger criteria.

- Enter: Two states are required to initiate a trigger event. The signal must be outside the mask and then passes into the mask. The trigger event occurs when the first non-violating waveform is detected.
- Leave: Two states are required to initiate a trigger event. The signal must be inside the mask and then passes out of the mask. The trigger event occurs when the first non-violating waveform is detected.
- Inside: Only one state is required to initiate a trigger event. The signal has at least one data point inside (above) the mask. The trigger event occurs when the instrument detects the first signal with a point violating the mask.
- Outside: Only one state change is required to initiate a trigger event. The signal has all data points outside (below) the mask. The trigger event occurs when the instrument has detected the first spectral waveform that is completely outside (below) the mask.
- Enter-Leave: Three states are required to initiate a trigger event. The signal starts outside the mask and then passes into the mask. Next, the signal must pass outside the mask. The trigger event occurs at the second transition where the signal passes back out of the mask.
- Leave-Enter: Three states are required to initiate a trigger event. The signal starts inside the mask and then passes out of the mask. Next, the signal must pass into the mask. The trigger event occurs at the second transition where the signal passes back into the mask.

Hold-off State

Turns on or off the trigger hold-off function.

Hold-off Time

Sets the hold-off time between trigger signals. You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

When the trigger conditions are met, the trigger occurs. Then, the delay begins, and the hold-off time begins. During the hold-off time, new trigger signals will be ignored. For a free-running trigger, the hold-off value is the minimum time between two trigger signals.

| Parameter | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Default | 100 ms | |
| Range | 0 μ s to 500 ms | |
| Unit | s, ms, μ s , ns, ps | |
| Knob Step | trigger hold-off time/100, Min = 1 µs | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step | |

Table 5-18 Trigger Hold-off Time

Auto Trig State

Enables or disables the auto trigger function.

Auto Trig

Sets the time that the instrument will wait for the trigger conditions to be met. When the set waiting time times out, the instrument will not wait and start to initiate the sweep measurement.

Table 5-19 Auto Trigger Time

| Parameter | Remarks | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| Default | 100 ms | | |
| Range | 1 ms to 100 s | | |
| Unit | s, ms, μ s , ns, ps | | |
| Knob Step | auto triggor timo/100 Min - 1 us | | |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | auto trigger time/100, Min = 1 μ s | | |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | at 1-1.5-2-3-5-7.5 step | | |


The relationship of the trigger parameters is shown in the following figure.

Figure 5-2 Relationship of Trigger Parameters

Trace

Press **Trace** to set the parameters of various traces in VSA measurement.

Selected Trace

RSA3000E series spectrum analyzer can display at most 4 traces synchronously (when you select a different Window Layout, the trace order is displayed differently). The selected trace window is highlighted, as shown in the following figure.



Figure 5-3 Trace Display

After activating the **Selected Trace** menu, select the corresponding trace number to set the relevant parameters for the specified trace.

Note: The trace currently displayed on the screen can be saved to the internal or external memory. If needed, you can recall it at any time. Press **Save** to save it according to descriptions in **"Save"**.

Data

Sets the data source of the selected trace.

1. Capture Data

Sets the displayed pre-demodulation data of the selected trace to time domain or frequency domain.

When this data source is selected, I-Q, Q-Eye, I-Eye, and Constellation under the trace format are grayed out.

2. Meas Signal

Sets the displayed demodulation data of the selected trace to time domain or frequency domain.

When frequency-domain data are selected, I-Q, Q-Eye, I-Eye, and Constellation under the trace format are grayed out.

3. Ref Signal

Sets the displayed reference signal data of the selected trace to time domain or frequency domain.

When frequency-domain data are selected, I-Q, Q-Eye, I-Eye, and Constellation under the trace format are grayed out.

4. Demod Error

Sets the demodulation error measurement results of the selected trace.

1) Error Vector Time

Displays the vector difference between the IQ measurement time and IQ reference time at each time point.

When this data source is selected, I-Q, Q-Eye, I-Eye, and Constellation under the trace format are grayed out.

2) Error Vector Spectrum

Displays the FFT operation results of the vector difference between the IQ measurement time and IQ reference time at each time point. When this data source is selected, I-Q, Q-Eye, I-Eye, and Constellation under the trace format are grayed out.

3) IQ Mag Error

Displays the amplitude difference between the IQ measurement signal and the reference signal at each time point.

When this data source is selected, only Log Mag(dB) can be displayed.

4) IQ Phase Error

Displays the phase difference between the IQ measurement signal and the reference signal at each time point.

When this data source is selected, only Linear Mag can be displayed.

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5. Symbol

Press or tap the **Symbol** menu, and the symbols recovered after digital demodulation is displayed in the selected trace window of the user interface. At this time, the spectrum analyzer selects the symbols as the trace data. When this data source is selected, the **Trace Format** menu is grayed out and disabled.

6. Errs Summary

Press or tap the **Errs Summary** menu, and the corresponding errors summary is displayed in the selected trace window of the user interface. If you select a different demodulation type, the displayed error results are different. When this data source is selected, the **Trace Format** menu is grayed out and disabled.

7. RT Trace

Press or tap the **RT Trace** menu, and the real-time trace of the signal is displayed in the selected trace window of the user interface. When this data source is selected, the **Trace Format** menu is grayed out and disabled.

Trace Format

Sets the display format of the selected trace.

1. Log Mag (dB)

The signal amplitude is converted to be displayed in decibel unit.

2. Linear Mag

The signal amplitude is displayed in linear unit.

3. Real (I)

Displays the real part of the signal.

4. Imaginary (Q)

Displays the imaginary part of the signal.

5. Wrap Phase

Displays the phase of the data on the Y-axis. It is limited to [-180°, 180°].

6. Unwrap Phase

Displays the phase of complex data without discontinuities, and the phase is not limited to $[-180^{\circ}, 180^{\circ}]$.

7. I-Q

Displays the real part of data in the horizontal axis, and displays the imaginary

part of data in the vertical axis.

8. Constellation

Same as I-Q, the difference is that only symbol points are displayed with no connecting lines.

9. Q-Eye

Indicates the eye diagram for quadrature signal.

10. I-Eye

Indicates the eye diagram for in-phase signal.

Trace Setup

Sets the display of the digital demodulation trace data.

1. Eye Length

Sets the width of the eye diagram, and which is displayed in the symbol period. Note: This menu is only valid when the trace format is "Q-Eye" or "I-Eye".

| Table 5-20 Eye Lengtl | า |
|-----------------------|---|
|-----------------------|---|

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|---------|
| Default | 2 |
| Range | 1 ~ 40 |
| Unit | None |
| Knob Step | 1 |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | I |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 1 |

2. Symbol Format

Sets the display format of the symbol data. You can select "Hex" or "Binary". Note: The menu is valid when the data source is "Symbol".

3. Trace Det

Sets the detector for the current trace when the "RT Trace" data source is selected. The available trace detectors include Pos Peak, Neg Peak, Average, and Sample.

Measurement Settings

Meas

Provides the digital demodulation measurement function.

Digital Demod

The digital demodulation measurement can be widely used to analyze and measure various vector modulation formats in frequency domain, time domain and modulation domain. You can view the pre-demod time and spectrum display, demodulated signal, reconstructed reference signal, recovered symbols, and various error traces and summaries. After selecting **Digital Demod**, press **Meas Setup** to set the corresponding parameters of the digital demodulation.

BER Test

Press this key to enable the bit error rate test function. The instrument compares the current measurement signal with the already known reference signal to obtain the bit error rate. The measurement results are displayed in the user interface, as shown in the figure below.

| | an : 6.250 | 000 MHz | Type: W W W W W Det: N N N N | | 5.00 dBm | Trig: FMT Burst: Off | Mod: 4F SR: 1.000 | 0000 MHz | Se | lected T |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------|----|--------------------|
| Bit Error Rate | | | | | | | | (| Tr | ace 1 |
| | | Current | Minimum | Maximum | Accumulative | | | | | Data |
| | Bit Error Rate Total # of Errors | 0.57 114 | 0.45 90 | 0.58 116 | 0.512625 8202 | | | | Me | as Signa e/Symb |
| | Total # of Bits | 200 | 200 | 200 | 16000 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Tr | ace For |
| | | | | | | | | | | I-Q |
| Symbol | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 00101110 1001 00 | 0 1 011 111 0 0 1 | 1100000 1101010 | | 11111 0010101 11 | | | | | |
| 0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 64 | 00111 1 00 101 110 | 11 0 011 1001 (| 1001001 110100 | 99 00900190 1 00 | 11 0 00 11 110 010 | | | | | |
| - | 00111 100 101 110 +0100000 1 10 000 | | | | | | | | | |

Figure 5-4 BER Measurement Results

Note: Before performing the BER test, load the BER test file (.xml) first. For how to load the file, refer to "**Known Data**" section.

| | Current | Minimum | Maximum | Accumulative |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Bit Error Rate | Current bit | Minimum bit | Maximum bit | Accumulative |
| | error rate | error rate | error rate | bit error rate |
| Total # of Errors | Current number of bit errors | Minimum number of bit errors | Maximum number of bit | Accumulative number of bit errors |
| Total # of Bits | Current number of | Minimum number of | errors Maximum number of bits | Accumulative number of |
| | bits to be measured | bits to be measured | to be measured | bits to be measured |

1. Bit Error Rate Statistics

2. Known Data Information

Displays known data and data path. When using the BER test, set BER according to your needs.

To set known data, press **Meas Setup** \rightarrow Known Data, and then load the edited ".xml" file in specific format from the File Explorer. For details, refer to "Known Data".

3. Symbol Information

Displays the symbols after the vector signals are demodulated, and compares them with the symbols in the known data. The error symbols are marked with a strikethrough. For example, +1+0+10010. There are 10 bits in total. The first, third, and fifth bits are error bits and are marked with a strikethrough. Other symbols are consistent with the expected and are deemed as right symbols.

4. Sync Search Result

If the sync research function is currently enabled and sync search has successfully completed, then the search results that are consistent with that set in "**Sync Pattern**" are highlighted in the symbol information window.

Meas Setup

Open the parameter setting menu of the selected digital demodulation function in the **Meas** menu.

Mod Format

1) FSK Format

The available FSK formats include 2FSK, 4FSK, and 8FSK.

2) ASK

The available ASK formats include 2ASK and 4ASK.

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Ref Deviation Mode

Sets the reference frequency offset mode in the FSK modulation to "Auto" or "Manual".

Remarks:

- When you select "Auto", the frequency offset is calculated automatically after vector modulation analysis.
- When you select "Manual", you can set the frequency offset by the **Ref Deviation** menu manually.
- This menu is only displayed when you select FSK as the modulation format.

Ref Deviation

Sets the reference frequency offset in the FSK modulation. This menu is only displayed when you select FSK as the modulation format and the Ref Dev Mode is set to "Manual".

Meas Interval

Sets the number of symbols for analysis in digital demodulation.

| Table | 5-21 | Meas | Interval |
|-------|-------|--------|-----------|
| Table | J-Z I | INICas | IIItervar |

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| Default | 50 |
| Range | 10 to MImax ^[1] |
| Unit | None |
| Knob Step | 1 |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | 1 |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 10 |

Note^[1]: The maximum measure interval MImax is determined by Points/Symbol. When setting Points/Symbol to 4, MImax is 4096; when setting Points/Symbol to 8, MImax is 2048.

Points/Symbol

Sets the number of sampling points for each symbol in the demodulation data within the displayed time. The available values are 4 and 8.

Symbol Rate

Sets the symbol rate for the analyzer's digital demodulator to match the symbol rate

of the system.

In the digital demodulation, the symbol rate determines how often the symbols occur. The number of bits represented by each symbol is determined by the current modulation format. For example, in 2FSK, each symbol represents 1 bit.

Table 5-22 Symbol Rate

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| Default | 1 MHz |
| Range | 1 Hz to SRmax ^[1] |
| Unit | GHz、MHz、kHz、Hz |
| Knob Step | 100 Hz |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | 100 Hz |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 1 kHz |

Note^[1]: The maximum symbol rate SRmax = SPmax \times 1.28/(Points/Symbol). Wherein, SPmax is the maximum span.

Meas Filter

Sets the type of the measurement filter, that is, the matching filter required for vector modulation signal demodulation. The available choices include "No Filter", "RRC" (Root Raised Cosine), "Gaussian", "Rectangular", and "User Defined" (Data 1 to Data 6).

Remarks:

- You can modify alpha (cosine filter) or BT (Gaussian filter) to define the shape and width of the cosine filter and Gaussian filter.
- You can send the SCPI command

[:SENSe]:DDEMod:FILTer:MEASurement:USER<n>[:DATA] <ampl>{,<ampl>} to self-define 6 measurement filters. After selecting one from Data 1 through Data 6 in the "User Defined" filter, you can view the current data in the pop-up User Define Filter window. Click the "Apply" button or the **Apply** menu to select the user filter; click the "Cancel" button or **Cancel** menu to deselect the user filter.

Ref Filter

Sets the type of the reference filter, that is, the filter for constructing reference digital modulation signal. The available choices include "Raised Cosine", "RRC" (Root Raised Cosine), "Gaussian", "Rectangular", "Half Sine", and "User Defined" (Data 1 to Data 6).

You can send the SCPI command [:SENSe]:DDEMod:FILTer:REFerence:USER<n>[:DATA] <ampl>{,<ampl>} to

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self-define 6 reference filters. After selecting one from Data 1 through Data 6 in the "User Defined" filter, you can view the current data in the pop-up User Define Filter window. Click the "Apply" button or the **Apply** menu to select the user filter; click the "Cancel" button or **Cancel** menu to deselect the user filter.

Preset To Standard

Selects the preset digital demodulation setup parameters and span to measure a variety of standard digital communications formats. The following standard presets are available:

- Wireless Networking: Bluetooth.
- Other: DECT and APCO-25.

Alpha/BT

This parameter determines the characteristics of the Raised Cosine, Root Raised Cosine, and Gaussian filters used by the analyzer's digital demodulator. These characteristics apply to the measurement filter and the reference filter. The available range is from 0.05 to 100.

Burst/Sync Search

Selects the search parameters for the current measurement.

1. Burst Search Length

Sets the length of time for the burst search. This menu is available only when the burst search function is enabled.

2. Burst Search Run-In

Sets the length of the interference signal that needs to be removed after searching the pulse rising edge. The unit is symbol. This menu is available only when the burst search function is enabled.

3. Burst Search

Enables or disables the burst search function.



Figure 5-5 Relationship of Burst Search Parameters

4. Sync Analyze Length

Sets the number of symbols analyzed during the sync search. This menu is available only when the sync search function is enabled and the burst search is disabled.

5. Sync Search

Enables or disables the sync search function.

6. Sync Pattern

Sets the bit pattern for the sync search. Press or tap the **Sync Pattern** menu to pop up Sync Pattern window as shown in Figure 5-6.

| Sync Pattern | | |
|--------------|----------------------|-----------|
| Hex | 31 2F 1E | |
| Binary | 110001 101111 011110 | |
| Bits/Symbol | 6 Separate Symbols | |
| | [| OK Cancel |

Figure 5-6 Sync Pattern

Enter the binary number 1 or 0 in the "Binary" text box, and display the corresponding hexadecimal number in the "Hex" text box. The number of Bits per Symbol in the currently selected modulation format is displayed in the

"Bits/Symbol" text box. When the box "Separate Symbol" is checked, Binary and hexadecimal data are separated by Spaces. When the box "Separate Symbol" is unchecked, binary and hexadecimal data are not separated. Click "OK" button or **OK** menu to complete the settings. Click "Cancel' button or **Cancel** menu to cancel the settings.

7. Sync Offset

Sets the time between the start of the measurement data and the start of the sync word. If positive, the sync word starts after the start of the measurement data; if negative, the sync word starts before the start of the measurement data.

Known Data

Press or tap the Known Data menu to load the BER test file (.xml).

Press **File Explorer** to enter the file manager interface. Select a file and then press **Recall** to import the file.

| Syntax | Value Range | Description |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| <rigol_vsa_known_< td=""><td></td><td>File header</td></rigol_vsa_known_<> | | File header |
| DATA_FILE | | |
| Version="01.00"> | | |
| <comment><td>Optional modulation</td><td></td></comment> | Optional modulation | |
| > | mode | |
| <base/> | 2 16 | The base used to specify the |
| | | <data> values (binary or</data> |
| | | hexadecimal). |
| | | For $<$ ModulationOrder $>\geq$ 32, |
| | | use binary (2). |
| <modulationorder><td>2 4 8 16 32 64 128 </td><td>The number of the different</td></modulationorder> | 2 4 8 16 32 64 128 | The number of the different |
| odulation-Order> | 256 | symbols that can be |
| | | transmitted in the selected |
| | | modulation. (order of |
| | | modulation), e.g. 8 for 8-PSK. |
| | | For $<$ ModulationOrder $>\geq$ 32, |
| | | <base/> = 2. |
| <resultlength><td>1 to 2000^[1]</td><td>Number of symbols in each</td></resultlength> | 1 to 2000 ^[1] | Number of symbols in each |
| Length> | | <data> element.</data> |
| <data></data> | One character per | One possible sequence of |
| | symbol in the | symbols that can be |
| | sequence. Possible | demodulated from the input |
| | characters are: 0 to | signal. |
| | n-1, where n is the | Up to 6000 ^[1] different |

The XML file should comply with the following format requirements.

| | <modulationorder>.</modulationorder> | sequences, i.e. |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Spaces, tabs and line | <data>-elements, can be</data> |
| | breaks are ignored. | defined in total. |
| <th></th> <th>File end</th> | | File end |
| DATA FILE> | | |

Note^[1]: The exact number depends on available memory space.

The sample XML file for BER test is as follows.

<RIGOL_VSA_KNOWN_DATA_FILE Version="01.00">

<Comment> Standard 8PSK </Comment>

<Base> 16 </Base>

<ModulationOrder> 8 </ModulationOrder>

<ResultLength> 148 </ResultLength>

<Data> 777 511 727 242 206 341 366 632 073 607 770 173 705 631 011 235 507 476 330 522 177 177 171 117 777 177 717 717 111 615 527 046 104 004 106 047 125 415 723 344 241 264 773 111 337 446 514 600 677 7 </Data> </RIGOL_VSA_KNOWN_DATA_FILE>

Window Layout

1. Single Window

The user interface displays the waveform of the currently selected trace in one single window.

2. LR Window

The user interface displays the trace waveform or data in two windows.

- If trace 1 or trace 2 is selected before setting the window layout, the left window displays trace 1 and the right window displays trace 2.
- If trace 3 or trace 4 is selected before setting the window layout, the left window displays trace 3 and the right window displays trace 4.

3. UD Window

The user interface displays the trace waveform or data in two windows.

- If trace 1 or trace 2 is selected before setting the window layout, the upper window displays trace 1 and the bottom window displays trace 2.
- If trace 3 or trace 4 is selected before setting the window layout, the upper window displays trace 3 and the bottom window displays trace 4.

4. LRD Window

The user interface displays the trace waveform or data in three windows.

- If trace 1, trace 2, or trace 3 is selected before setting the window layout, the upper-left window displays trace 1, the bottom window displays trace 2, and the upper-right window displays trace 3.
- If trace 4 is selected before setting the window layout, the upper-left window displays trace 2, the bottom window displays trace 3, and the upper-right window displays trace 4.

5. UDR Window

The user interface displays the trace waveform or data in three windows.

- If trace 1, trace 2, or trace 3 is selected before setting the window layout, the upper-left window displays trace 1, the lower-left window displays trace 2, and the right window displays trace 3.
- If trace 4 is selected before setting the window layout, the upper-left window displays trace 2, the lower-left window displays trace 3, and the right window displays trace 4.

6. Four Window

The user interface displays Trace1 (upper-left window), Trace2 (lower-left window), Trace3 (upper-right window), and Trace4 (lower-right window) in four windows.

Marker Measurement

Marker

Marker is a triangle sign (as shown in the following figure), which is used for marking the point on the trace. Reads the amplitude and frequency of a certain point on the trace via marker.



Figure 5-7 Marker

Remarks:

- RSA3000E offers 8 markers in VSA mode, and only a single marker or one pair of markers can be turned on each time.
- In the Marker menu, you can use the numeric keys, the knob, or the arrow keys to modify frequency; to view the readout of different points on the trace. You can also use the touch screen to do the above things.

Selected Marker

RSA3000E provides 8 markers. By default, Marker1 is selected under "Selected Marker". After you select a marker, you can set parameters such as the marker mode and the marker trace. The currently enabled marker will be marked on the trace selected under **Marker Trace**. The readout of the currently activated marker at the marker point will be displayed in the measurement result bar at the upper-left corner of the screen.

Marker Mode

Sets the type of the marker. The available marker modes include Position, Delta, Fixed, and Off.

1. Position

It is used to measure the X (Frequency or Time) and Y (Amplitude) values of a certain point on the trace. When "Position" is selected, a marker indicated by a number ("1") appears on the trace.

Remarks:

- If no active marker exists currently, a marker will be enabled at the X-axis reference value of the current trace.
- The readout resolution of the X-axis is related to the currently set X-axis width. To obtain a higher readout resolution, reduce the width.

2. Delta

It is used to measure the difference between "reference point" and "certain point on the trace": X (frequency or time) and Y (amplitude) value. When "Delta" is selected, a pair of markers appears on the trace: Reference Marker (marked by "X") and the Delta Marker (marked by " Δ ").

Remarks:

- If an active marker exists currently, then activate a reference marker at the current marker; otherwise activate both the reference marker and Delta marker at the same time at the X-axis reference value.
- When you change the position of the Delta marker, the position of the reference marker remains unchanged, but the frequency (or time) difference between the two markers will change along with it.
- The frequency (or time) difference between the two markers and the amplitude difference between them are displayed in the measurement result bar at the upper-left corner of the screen.

3. Fixed

When you select "Fixed" marker, you can directly or indirectly set the X-axis and Y-axis values for the marker. Once specified, its position remains unchanged,

and its Y-axis value does not change along with the trace. The fixed marker is generally used as the reference marker for the Delta marker. It is indicated by the sign "X".

4. Off

Turns off the marker currently selected. Then, the marker information displayed on the screen and the functions concerning the marker will also be disabled.

Reference Marker

Sets the reference marker for the current marker. By default, the reference marker is the marker next to it.

Remarks:

- Each marker can have another marker to be its reference marker.
- If the current marker is a Delta marker, the measurement result of the marker will be determined by the reference marker.
- Any marker cannot take itself to be the reference marker.

Marker Trace

Selects the trace that the current marker marks. It can be Trace1, Trace2, Trace3, and Trace4. One marker can only mark one trace.

Marker X

Sets the frequency (when frequency-domain data source is selected) or time (when time data source is selected) of the marker to change the position of the marker on the trace. Press this key to modify the value to change the position of the marker.

Remarks:

- If the marker mode of the specified marker is Position or Fixed, set the X value of the marker.
- If the specified marker mode is Delta, set the X value of the delta marker relative to the reference marker.
- When "Fixed" is selected for the marker mode and "I-Q" or "Constellation" is selected for the trace format, Marker X is used to determine the data points.

Marker Y

When the marker type is set to "Fixed", you can press this key to set the Y value of the current marker.

Note: When "Fixed" is selected for the marker mode and "Constellation" is selected for the trace format, Marker Y is used to set the marker's in-phase component (real part) of the Y value.

Marker Y Imag

When "Fixed" is selected for the marker mode and "I-Q" or "Constellation" is selected for the trace format, Marker Y is used to set the marker's quadrature component (imaginary part) of the Y value.

Couple Markers

Enables or disables the couple marker function.

Remarks:

- When this function is enabled, moving any marker will enable other markers (except the Fixed or Off marker) to move with it.
- The fixed marker does not move along with other marker, but if the fixed marker moves, other non-fixed markers will move with it.

Marker Table

Enables or disables the marker table.

When it is set to "On", the lower section of the split screen displays all the enabled markers in the form of lists, as shown in the figure below. Through this table, you can view the measurement values of multiple points.

| RIGO Mkr Band Powe | 1: 1.00000000 G | | | c. 🔅 | DMA dBm | VSA Trig: I Burst | Free Rur | 20 | |
|---|--|--|--------------------------|------------------------|------------|---|--|---------------------------|----------|
| MeasTime I-0 | 300.00 m/div re | f 0 | Symbol | | | | | | |
| 1.2 600m -600m -1.2 -6 CaptureSpectrun -30 -30 -50 -70 -70 -110 Start 998 | יייייייין אייייין איייין איייין איייין איייין איייין איייין איייין איייין איייין איייי | 6 f-20 dBVpk for the formation Stop 1.00156 GHz | 0 32 64 Errs Su | 1110101 1111001 | | 111 0010 000 1000 m%rms m%rms m%rms | 1101 10 1011 00 1.7689 1.5697 1.5941 | 010010 | 0 414 |
| Mkr Trc 1-P 2 2*3 1 3-F 1 4-P 3 | X 1.00000000 GHz -147.5 sym 434.75 sym 0 sym | Y -40.92 dBVpk 1916.48m 1894.72m -962.06m -954.95m 0 | | Fun Power - - | | Width 00 kHz | | Fun Value -22.15 dBVrr | ns |

Figure 5-8 Marker Table

All Markers Off

Turns off all the enabled markers and their related functions.

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Marker->

Sets the other system parameters (such as center frequency and reference level) by using the current marker values. Press any key under **Marker->** to activate a marker automatically if no marker is currently enabled.

Mkr->CF

Sets the center frequency of the analyzer to the frequency of the current marker.

- If Position marker is selected, the center frequency will be set to the frequency of the current marker.
- If Delta marker is selected, the center frequency will be set to the frequency of the Delta marker.

Mkr->CF Step

Sets the center frequency step of the analyzer to the frequency of the current marker.

- If Position marker is selected, the center frequency step will be set to the frequency of the current marker.
- If Delta marker is selected, the center frequency step will be set to the frequency difference between the Delta marker and the reference marker.

Mkr->Start

Sets the start frequency of the analyzer to the frequency of the current marker.

- If Position marker is selected, the start frequency will be set to the frequency of the current marker.
- If Delta marker is selected, the start frequency will be set to the frequency of the Delta marker.

Mkr->Stop

Sets the stop frequency of the analyzer to the frequency of the current marker.

- If Position marker is selected, the stop frequency will be set to the frequency of the current marker.
- If Delta marker is selected, the stop frequency will be set to the frequency of the Delta marker.

Mkr->Ref

Sets the reference value in the trace window where the current marker resides to the amplitude at the current marker.

- If Position marker is selected, the reference value will be set to the amplitude at the current marker.
- Given a Delta marker, if the current marker is the reference marker, then the reference value is set to the amplitude at the reference marker; if the current marker is the Delta marker, then the reference value is set to the amplitude at the Delta marker.

Mkr∆->CF

Sets the center frequency of the analyzer to the center frequency point of the frequency at delta marker and its reference marker.

This function is only valid when the Delta marker is selected.

Marker Func

Band Function

The band function defines the corresponding parameters for a frequency band measurement signal at the marker point.

1. Band Power

Calculates the total power within a certain band.

2. Off

Disables the band function. Disabling the band function will neither affect the frequency band parameters nor disable the marker.

Band Adjust

Adjusts the bandwidth parameter for the band function.

1. Band Span

Sets the bandwidth of the signal involved in the calculation for the band function.

2. Band Left

Sets the left edge frequency of the signal involved in the calculation for the band function.

3. Band Right

Sets the right edge frequency of the signal involved in the calculation for the band function.

Note: The above menus are valid for the frequency domain data.

Peak

The peak search function enables the marker to move to the specific signal peak point, and then in combination with the function of Delta marker, it can provide a powerful analysis capability.

Peak Search

Performs the peak search function. Searches for the maximum value on the trace and marks it with a marker.

Next Peak

Searches for and marks the peak whose amplitude on the trace is next lower than that of the current peak.

Next Higher

Searches for and marks the peak whose amplitude on the trace is next higher than that of the current peak.

Next Peak Right

Searches for and marks the peak closest to the right side of the current peak.

Next Peak Left

Searches for and marks the peak closest to the left side of the current peak.

Minimum Search

Searches for and marks the peak with the minimum amplitude on the trace.

Cont Peak

Enables or disables continuous peak search. By default, it is Off. When it is enabled, after finishing each sweep, the analyzer will automatically execute one peak search operation to track the measurement signal.

Input/Output

Sets the input/output interface.

Input Z

Sets the input impedance for voltage-to-power conversions. The default input impedance is 50 Ω . To measure a 75 Ω device, you should use a 75 Ω to 50 Ω adapter (option) supplied by **RIGOL** to connect the analyzer with the system under test, and then set the input impedance to 75 Ω .

Ext Gain

Compensates for gain or loss in the measurement system outside the instrument.

Remarks:

- The value does not affect the trace position, but will modify the parameters such as reference level readout and the marker amplitude readout.
- You can use the numeric keys, the knob, or arrow keys to modify this parameter; you can also use the touch screen to modify the parameter.

| Parameter | Remarks |
|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Default | 0 dB |
| Range | -120 dB to 120 dB |
| Unit | dB |
| Knob Step | 1 dB |
| Left/Right Arrow Key Step | 1 dB |
| Up/Down Arrow Key Step | 5 dB |

Table 5-23 External Gain

Ext Trigger 2

Sets the external trigger 2 **[TRIGGER IN/OUT]** to be the "input" or "output" interface.

Shortcut Key

Auto Tune

In VSA mode, the Auto Tune function is disabled.

Preset

Recalls the preset setting and restores the system settings of the analyzer to a specified status.

Remarks:

- To set the preset type, press System → Preset → Preset Type. The available types include "Factory" or any one of items from "User1" to "User6".
- Press Preset to recall the factory settings listed in the following table (except items specified in Note [1]) or user-defined settings.

| Parameter Name | VSA Parameter Value |
|----------------|---------------------|
| FREQ | |
| Center Freq | 1 GHz |
| Start Freq | 998.4375 MHz |
| Stop Freq | 1.0015625 GHz |
| CF Step | Auto, 312.5 kHz |
| SPAN | |
| X Scale | Auto |
| Ref Value | 0 sym |
| Width | 50 sym |
| Ref Position | Left |
| Copy X Scale | to Trace 1 |
| AMPT | |
| Ref Value | 0 |
| Scale/Div | 300 m |
| Range | 20 dBm |
| X Axis Unit | Peak |
| Copy Y Scale | to Trace 1 |
| BW | |
| FFT Window | Flat Top |
| Trigger | |
| Source | Free Run |
| Slope | Positive |
| Delay | Off, 1 us |
| Power | 0 dBm |

| Hold-off | Off, 100 ms |
|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Auto Trig | Off, 100 ms |
| Mask Type | Upper |
| Trigger Mask | Upper |
| Trigger Criteria | Enter |
| Active Mask | Upper |
| Frequency | 999.68403 MHz |
| Amplitude | 0 dB |
| X Offset | 0 Hz |
| Y Offset | 0 dB |
| X Axis Type | Fixed |
| Y Axis Type | Fixed |
| Trace | - mou |
| Selected Trace | Trace 1 |
| Data | Meas Signal Time/Symbol |
| Trace Format | I-Q |
| Eye Length | 2 |
| Symbol Format | Bin |
| Trace Det | Pos Peak |
| Mode Setup | 1031000 |
| Global CF | Off, 1 GHz |
| Meas | |
| Measurement | Digital Demod |
| Function | |
| Meas Setup | |
| Mod Format | 2FSK |
| Ref Deviation Mode | Auto |
| Ref Deviation | 1 kHz |
| Meas Interval | 50 |
| Points/Symbol | 4 |
| Symbol Rate | 1 MHz |
| Meas Filter | RRC |
| Ref Filter | Raised Cosine |
| Alpha/BT | 0.22 |
| Burst Search Length | 50 us |
| Burst Search Run-In | 0 |
| Burst Search | Off |
| Sync Analyze Length | 50 |
| Sync Search | Off |
| Sync Offset | 0 |
| Window Layout | Four Window |
| Marker | |
| Selected Marker | Marker 1 |
| Marker Mode | Position |

| Reference Marker | Marker 2 |
|-----------------------|---------------|
| Marker Trace | Trace 1 |
| Couple Markers | Off |
| Marker Table | Off |
| Marker X | 25 sym |
| Peak | |
| Cont Peak | Off |
| Marker Func | |
| Band Function | Off |
| Band Span | 150 MHz |
| System ^[1] | |
| Power On | Preset |
| Preset Type | Default |
| Align Auto | On |
| LAN Setting Mode | DHCP |
| Graticule | On |
| HDMI | On |
| HDMI Resolution | 1280*720 60Hz |
| LCD | On |
| LCD Backlight | 100% |
| Power Switch | Default |
| Beep Switch | Off |
| Volume | 50 |
| SCPI Display | On |
| User Key | Off |
| Language | English |

Note^[1]: Not affected by Preset settings.

User

User-defined shortcut key. For some hard-to-find but commonly used function menu, you can define it as shortcut key (for the defining method, refer to the introduction in **"User Key"**). After that, press the shortcut key under any operation interface to quickly open and set the desired menu or function.

Note: You can use the **User** key to define all the keys on the front panel and the sub-menus of these keys (except **Save**).

Quick Save

Repeats the most recent save that was performed from the **Save** menu. Its save location is the currently defined "Quicksave Path". The register storage does not

support Quick Save.

Cont

Press this key to perform the continuous sweep operation.

Single

Press this key to perform the single sweep operation. Selects "Single", and then the **Single** key on the front panel is illuminated.

In single sweep mode, press **Single** under Sweep menu to perform one measurement.

System Function

System

Sets the system parameters.

Preset

Functions include: select the instrument settings to be recalled after the analyzer is powered on ("Last" or "Preset"); set the preset type ("Default" or one of the items from "User1" to "User6"); save user settings.

1. Power On

Sets the power on setting to "Last" or "Preset".

- When "Last" is selected, the last system settings before power-off would be recalled automatically at power-on.
- When "Preset" is selected, settings defined in **Preset Type** would be recalled automatically at power-on.

2. Preset Type

Sets the preset type to "Default" (by default) or any one of the items from "User1" to "User6".

- When Power On is set to "Preset", the specified preset type will be recalled at power-on.
- After the instrument starts, press **Preset** on the front panel in any operation interface will recall the specified preset type.

3. Save User Preset

Saves the current system setting as user-defined settings to the internal non-volatile memory. You can store up to 6 system states (correspond to "User1" to "User6" in the preset type) and name each state file.

When one of the items from "User1" to "User6" is selected under **Preset Type**, press **Save User Preset**, and the instrument automatically completes the saving operation.

Alignment

1. Align Now

Press this key and the analyzer will use the internal calibration source to perform a self-calibration immediately.

2. Align Auto

Enables or disables auto self-calibration. If auto self-calibration is enabled, the

analyzer will perform one self-calibration after being started.

Interface

The analyzer supports the LAN or USB communication interface.

1. LAN

Sets the LAN parameters. Use the touch screen or the externally connected

mouse to tap or click the setting information icon at the top of the user interface. Then tap or click the network setting information icon . The LAN parameter setting interface is displayed, as shown in the following figure.

| Network Setup | × |
|---|--|
| Config : MAC : | link DHCP 00:0A:35:00:02:35 TCPJP0:172.16.3.130:INSTR |
| DHCP | 🗋 Auto IP 🛛 🗋 Manual IP |
| IP address : Mask : Gateway : | 172、16、3、130 255、255、255、0 172、16、3、1 |
| Auto DNS Preffered DNS : Backup DNS : | □ Manual DNS 172.16 . 2 . 3 172.16 . 2 . 2 |
| | OK Cancel |

Figure 5-9 LAN Parameter Setting

The following items can be set through the front panel keys, shortcut keys on the keyboard, externally connected mouse, touch screen, or remote interface.

1) Mode

Sets the mode of obtaining the IP address.

- DHCP: When DHCP is selected, the DHCP server assigns network parameters (such as the IP address, subnet mask, and gateway) to the analyzer based on the current network configuration.
- Auto: When "Auto" is selected, the instrument will acquire the IP address ranging from "169.254.0.1" to "169.254.255.254" and the subnet mask (255.255.0.0) automatically based on the current network configuration.
- Manual: When "Manual" is selected, you can self-define a desired IP address for the analyzer.

Note: The analyzer attempts to acquire the IP address configuration according to the sequence of DHCP, Auto IP, and Manual IP. These three methods cannot be disabled at the same time.

2) IP

Press **IP** and use the numeric keys to input the desired IP address. The format of the IP address is "nnn.nnn.nnn". The range for the first segment (nnn) of the address is from 1 to 223 (except 127); and the range for the other three segments is from 0 to 255. You are recommended to ask your network administrator for an IP address available.

3) Subnet Mask

Press **Subnet mask** and use the numeric keys to input the desired subnet mask.

The format of the subnet mask is nnn.nnn.nnn; wherein, the range of "nnn" is from 0 to 255. You are recommended to ask your network administrator for a subnet mask available.

4) Gateway

Press **Gateway** and use the numeric keys to input the desired gateway address.

The format of the default gateway is "nnn.nnn.nnn". The range for the first segment (nnn) is from 1 to 223 (except 127); and the range for the other three segments is from 0 to 255. You are recommended to ask your network administrator for a gateway address available.

5) DNS

- mDNS: enables or disables the sending of the network informamtion (including IP address, host name, etc.).
- DNS Mode: Sets the mode of obtaining the DNS address to be "Manual" or "Auto".
- Preferred DNS: Sets the preferred address for the DNS.
- Backup DNS: Sets the backup address for the DNS.

The format of the DNS address is "nnn.nnn.nnn". The range for the first segment (nnn) of the address is from 1 to 223 (except 127); and the range for the other three segments is from 0 to 255. You are recommended to ask your network administrator for an address available.

6) Apply

After the LAN interface configuration is finished, press this key to apply the current configuration to the instrument.

7) Reset

Turns on DHCP and Auto-IP; turns Manual-IP off. Clears the set network password and restores it to the factory defaults.

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2. USB

RSA3000E provides a USB DEVICE interface on the rear panel. The analyzer may serve as a "slave" device to be connected to the PC via this interface.

Display

Controls the screen display. You can set the current mode, the current measurement interface or window, and other display-related parameters.

1. Graticule

Enables or disables the display of the graticule.

2. HDMI

Enables or disables HDMI.

3. HDMI Resolution

The resolution supported by HDMI interface is "1280*720 60Hz", "640*480 60Hz", or "720*480 60Hz".

4. LCD

Enables or disables LCD.

Remarks:

- If you are not updating data, turning off LCD can improve the measurement speed.
- To reduce the electromagnetic radiation of some circuit component, turn off the LCD.

5. LCD Backlight

Sets the brightness of the LCD backlight.

The brightness is expressed in percentage. When it is 100, it indicates that the backlight is the brightest; when it is 1, the backlight is the darkest.

About System

Displays the system information or the option information.

1. System Info

- Model
- Serial Number
- Hardware Version Number
- Firmware Version Number
- Software Version

2. Option Info

Displays the option information.

RSA3000E provides many kinds of options to meet various measurement requirements. To purchase the corresponding option, please contact **RIGOL**.

3. Self Test

• Screen

Tests whether the screen has a dot defect by using six colors: blue, red, green, gray, white, and black. Press any key to switch the screen color and exit the test.

• Multi-point Touch

Enters the multi-point touch test interface. Use multiple fingers to make pinch or stretch gestures on the screen, and observe the size of the characters. If they do not change along with your gestures, it indicates that problems occurred to the multi-point touch function. To exit the test, press **Esc** for three consecutive times.

• Single-point Touch

Enters the single-point touch test interface. Touch or use the mouse to make stretch or strike gestures on the screen, if the corresponding traces are displayed, then it indicates that the point on the touchscreen is valid. To exit the test, press **Esc** for three consecutive times.

• Keyboard

Enter the keyboard test interface. Press the function keys on the front panel one by one and observe whether the corresponding key is illuminated. If not, an error may have occurred to that key. To exit the test, press **Esc** for three consecutive times.

Note: For the transparent keys on the front panel, they will be also illuminated during the test.

4. License Info

Displays the license registration information about the components such as Linux and QT.

5. Online Update

Connect the analyzer to the external network by using the network cable. If you do not have the right to access the Internet, please ask the administrators to grant your right to access the external Internet first. Then, press this key to update the software.

Date/Time

Sets the system date and time.

1. Set Time

Sets the displayed system time of the analyzer. Press the **Hour**, **Minute**, and **Second** softkeys respectively to set the time.

2. Set Date

Sets the displayed system date of the analyzer. Press the **Year**, **Month**, and **Day** softkeys respectively to set the date. You can also press **Date Format** to select whether the date is displayed in "YMD" or "MDY" form.

Security Clear

Press this key to perform the security clear function. This function includes the following operations:

- Deletes all the files that users have saved, such as the state files (state), trace state files (trace state), screen files (screen), and measdata files (measdata) saved by users in all modes.
- Executes the factory resetting operation.

Language

RSA3000E supports multi-language menu, Chinese and English bulit-in help and pop-up messages.

Press this key to select the desired display language.

Settings

1. Power Switch

Sets whether the power switch on the front panel is effective or not.

- Default: When the analyzer is powered on, press the power switch on the front panel to start up the analyzer.
- Always: When the analyzer is powered on, it starts automatically.

2. Beep Switch

Turns on or off the beeper.

3. Volume

After you turn on the beeper, you can press this key to adjust the volume of the beeper.

4. User Key

Defines an associated function for the **User** key on the front panel. The definition method is as described below. After that, pressing **User** in any

operation interface can quickly enable the defined function.

- Press **User Key** to select "On";
- Open the function menu that needs to be defined. For example, press
 System → Display → LCD Backlight;
- Press User and the definition is finished. At this time, User Key turns off automatically.

5. SCPI Display

When you use the SCPI commands to control the instrument remotely, turning on the SCPI Display will go to the specified menu of the corresponding command; turning off the SCPI Display will not go to the specified menu.

Messages

Press this key, and then a prompt message dialog box will be displayed. You can press the corresponding front-panel softkey to select to view all the messages, the messages that have been read or not read. You can also use the touch screen or the externally connected mouse to tap or click the specified icon in the prompt message dialog box.

1. Select All

Selects all the displayed messages.

2. Select Read

Only selects the messages that have been read.

3. Select Unread

Only selects the messages that have not been read.

4. Delete

Deletes the selected messages.

5. Query All

Views all the displayed messages.

6. Query Read

Only views the messages that have been read.

7. Query Unread

Only views the messages that have not been read.

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File

RSA3000E allows you to save various types of files to the internal or external memory, and recall them when necessary.

Press File on the front panel to enter the file operation menu interface.

File Explorer

Press the key to enter the file manager interface. You can touch the screen or use the mouse to click on the screen to select the corresponding file or folder. Displays all the files with the specified file types. When you select a file, you can press the **Copy**, **Paste**, or **Delete** softkeys to copy, paste, or delete the specified file.

| Name | Δ Size | Туре | Date Modified |
|----------|---------------|--------|----------------------|
| BerTest | | Folder | 14 Oct 2018 04:25:46 |
| 🚞 data | | Folder | 14 Oct 2018 04:25:46 |
| mask | | Folder | 14 Oct 2018 04:25:46 |
| 🚞 screen | | Folder | 14 Oct 2018 06:45:34 |
| state | | Folder | 14 Oct 2018 04:25:46 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Figure 5-10 File Manager

The available file types include: State, Measurement Data, Screen Image, FMT, Ber Test and All (all the above file types). The descriptions for various file types are shown in the following table.

| Table 5-24 Descriptions of File Type | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------|------------|-----------------|
| | Table E 21 | Doccrintia | ne of Eilo Tuno |
| | | Descriptio | |

| File Type | Format | Suffix Name |
|--------------|--------|--------------|
| State | BIN | .sta |
| Data | CSV | .CSV |
| Screen Image | IMAGE | .jpg/bmp/png |
| FMT | CSV | .CSV |
| Ber Test | XML | .xml |
Note: RSA3000E can only recognize files whose filenames consist of Chinese characters, English letters, or numbers. If the filename or folder name contains other characters, the file or the folder might not be displayed normally in the file manager interface.

Сору

Copies the currently selected file or folder.

Paste

Pastes the file or folder.

When the current path has contained a file or folder whose name is the same as the one that you want to paste, after you perform the paste operation, the original file or folder will be overwritten.

Rename

Renames a file that has been stored. After you select a file, press this key to input a new filename.

Delete

Deletes the selected file.

New Folder

Creates a folder. Press this key to create a new empty folder under the current directory, and the file is named with a default filename. To modify this filename, press **Rename** to rename the file.

Quick Print

If the printer has been successfully installed, press this key to quickly print the currently displayed screen image.

Print

Prints the current screen according to print parameter settings when the printer has been successfully installed and is in idle state.

Printer Setup

1. Printer Parameters

1) Page Size

Sets the page size for printing. When "Default" is selected, the page size depends on the printer currently connected.

2) Quality

Sets the printed screen quality.

3) Color

Sets the print color to Color, Mono, Inverse, or Inverse-Mono.

4) Orientation

Sets the print orientation to "Landscape" or "Portrait".

5) Adjust

Sets the print border to Adaptive, Non-Adpt, and Hold-Min.

6) Counts

Sets the print copies and the default is 1. The range available is from 1 to 99.

7) Border

Turns on or off the border.

In addition, you can preview the print page, and set to print the image or the text in All page, 1/2, 1/4, or 1/9 page.

2. Add Device

Queries and adds a printer. Inputs the IP address of the printer, the manufacturer of the printer, the printer model, and printer drive. Then, the printer is added.

3. Select Device

Selects the desired printer.

Import License

In the file manager interface, select a file to be imported and then press **Import License** to import the file.

System Update

Press this key to update the analyzer software after selecting the update file in the USB storage device.

Recall

RSA3000E allows you to recall various types of files saved to the internal or external storage memory.

Press **Recall** on the front panel to enter the file recalling menu. The available file types include: State, Measurement Data, FMT and License.

State

Press **State** to enter the state recalling menu. The state can be recalled from the register or the file.

1. Import

Press **File Explorer** to enter the file manager interface. Select a file and then press **Recall** to import the file.

2. Register1 through Register16

When any one of the items from Register1 to Register16 is selected, the state of the specified register will be recalled.

Data

Press **Data** to enter the measurement data recalling menu.

1. Import

Press **File Explorer** to enter the file manager interface. Select a file and then press **Recall** to import the file.

2. To Trace

Selects the measurement data file and recalls it to the selected trace.

FMT

Press **FMT** to enter the FMT recalling menu.

1. Import

Press **File Explorer** to enter the file manager interface. Select a file and then press **Recall** to import the file.

2. To Mask

Selects the FMT file and imports it to the selected mask.

Save

RSA3000E allows you to save various types of files to the internal or external memory.

Press **Save** on the front panel to enter the file saving menu. The available file types include: State, Measurement Data, FMT and Screen Image.

State

Press **State** to enter the state saving menu. The state can be saved to the register or the file.

1. Save

Press this key to save the current state in the default filename or user-defined filename.

The default state filename is determined by the following methods:

- If you haven't input a filename by pressing the Save As key, its default filename is state<n>.sta. Wherein, n refers to the file number of the filenames that are named based on the naming mode in the current file directory. The value of <n> is the existing maximum file number plus 1. For example, if 3 files (state1.sta、state2.sta、state5.sta) exist in the current directory, then the new filename for the file that you want to save should be state6.sta by default.
- If you have pressed the **Save As** key to input the filename abc, then the file is saved to be "abc.sta". After that, press the **Save** key again, another file is saved automatically with the filename "abc1.sta".

2. Save As

Press this key and then use the numeric keypad on the front panel to input the filename. Then, press **Save** to save the corresponding state file.

You can also touch the screen or use the mouse to tap or click the **Save As** menu, and then input the filename with the keypad.

3. Register1 through Register16

When any one of the items from Register1 to Register16 is selected, the current state of the instrument will be saved to the corresponding register. The register supports quick save and recalling instrument state. The register menu displays the time for saving the instrument state.

Data

Press **Data** to enter the measurement data saving menu. The selected trace data can be saved to the specified file. The data will be saved in .csv format. They are separated with a comma, and this is convenient for you to use the Excel to analyze the data.

1. Save

Press this key to save the currently selected trace data in the default filename or user-defined filename.

The default filename is determined by the following methods:

- If you haven't input a filename by pressing the **Save As** key, its default filename is data<n>.data. Wherein, n refers to the file number of the filenames that are named based on the naming mode in the current file directory. The value of <n> is the existing maximum file number plus 1.
- If you have pressed the **Save As** key to input the filename abc, then the file is saved to be "abc.data". After that, press the **Save** key again, another file is saved automatically with the filename "abc1.data".

2. Save As

Press this key and then use the numeric keypad on the front panel to input the filename. Then, press **Save** to save the corresponding Measurement Data file.

You can also touch the screen or use the mouse to tap or click the **Save As** menu, and then input the filename with the keypad.

3. Save From Trace

Select the trace to be saved. You can select any single trace from Trace1 to Trace4.

FMT

Press **FMT** to enter the FMT file saving menu. Save the selected FMT file to the file.

1. Save

Press this key to save the currently selected FMT file in the default filename or user-defined filename.

The default filename is determined by the following methods:

• If you haven't input a filename by pressing the **Save As** key, its default filename is FMT<n>.csv. Wherein, n refers to the file number of the filenames that are named based on the naming mode in the current file directory. The value of <n> is the existing maximum file number plus 1.

• If you have pressed the **Save As** key to input the filename abc, then the file is saved to be "abc.csv". After that, press the **Save** key again, another file is saved automatically with the filename "abc1.csv".

2. Save As

Press this key and then use the numeric keypad on the front panel to input the filename. Then, press **Save** to save the corresponding FMT file.

You can also touch the screen or use the mouse to tap or click the **Save As** menu, and then input the filename with the keypad.

3. Select FMT

Selects the FMT to be saved.

Save Image

Press **Screen Image** to enter the screen saving menu.

1. Save

Press this key to save the current screen image in the default filename or user-defined filename.

The default filename is determined by the following methods:

- If you haven't input a filename by pressing the **Save As** key, its default filename is screen<n>.jpg. Wherein, n refers to the file number of the filenames that are named based on the naming mode in the current file directory. The value of <n> is the existing maximum file number plus 1.
- If you have pressed the Save As key to input the filename abc, then the file is saved to be "abc.jpg". After that, press the Save key again, another file is saved automatically with the filename "abc1.jpg".

2. Save As

Press this key and then use the numeric keypad on the front panel to input the filename. Then, press **Save** to save the corresponding Screen Image file.

You can also touch the screen or use the mouse to tap or click the **Save As** menu, and then input the filename with the keypad.

3. Screenshot Info

1) Format

Press this key to select the file format of the current screen image to be "JPEG", "BMP", or "PNG".

2) Color Type

Press this key to select the color of the current screen image to be "Normal" or "Inverted".

Quicksave Path

Press the **Quicksave Path** softkey to enter the quick save path setting menu.

1. Set the Path

Press this key to open the file explorer interface and select the corresponding path. Then press OK to set the current path to the quick save path.

2. View the Path

Press this key, and then the quick save path information is displayed in the user interface.

Chapter 6 Remote Control

You can control RSA3000E series spectrum analyzer through USB or LAN remote interface. This chapter introduces remote control and the control method.

Contents in this chapter:

- Remote Control Overview
- Remote Control via USB
- Remote Control via LAN

Remote Control Overview

RSA3000E can be connected to the PC via the USB or LAN interface to set up communication and realize remote control through the PC. The remote control can be realized by using SCPI (Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments) commands. It can be realized through the following two methods:

1. User-defined programming

You can program and control the instrument by using the SCPI commands on the basis of NI-VISA (National Instrument – Virtual Instrument Software Architecture) library. For details about the SCPI commands and programming, refer to *RSA3000E Programming Guide*.

2. PC software

You can use the PC software (Ultra Sigma) to send the SCPI commands to remotely control the instrument.

This Chapter introduces in details how to use Ultra Sigma to send commands through each kind of interface to control the analyzer. Please refer to Ultra Sigma help documentation to install the software and the required components correctly. You can download the latest version of the software from www.rigol.com.

Note: When the instrument is in remote mode, the front panel keys (except the Power key \square and **Esc**) are locked. At this time, you can press **Esc** to exist the remote mode.

Remote Control via USB

1. Connect the load to the PC

Use a USB cable to connect the analyzer (USB Device) with the PC (USB Host).

2. Install the USB driver

The analyzer is a USBTMC device. After you connect the analyzer to the PC properly and power it on for the first time (the analyzer will be automatically configured with the USB interface). In this case, "Found New Hardware Wizard" dialog box appears on the PC. Please install "USB Test and Measurement Device (IVI)" according to the instructions.

3. Search for the device resource

Start up Ultra Sigma (here we assume that you have installed Ultra Sigma properly) and the software will automatically search for the resource currently connected to the PC. You can also click USB-TMC to search for the resource.

4. View the device resource

The resources found will appear under the "RIGOL Online Resource" directory, and the model number and USB interface information of the instrument will also be displayed.

For example, RSA3030E (USB0::0x1AB1::0xA4A9::L355010000000::INSTR).

5. Communication test

Right-click the resource name "RSA3030E

(USB0::0x1AB1::0xA4A9::L355010000000::INSTR)" and select "SCPI Panel Control" to turn on the remote command control panel, through which you can send commands and read data. For details about the SCPI commands and programming, refer to *RSA3000E Programming Guide*.

Remote Control via LAN

1. Connect the analyzer to the PC

Use the network cable to connect the analyzer to the PC or the local area network (LAN) where the PC resides.

2. Configure network parameters

Sets the network parameters according to the descriptions in "Interface \rightarrow LAN".

3. Search for the device resource

Start up Ultra Sigma and click LAN. Then, click Search in the pop-up window, and the software starts searching for the analyzer resources connected to LAN. When a LAN resource is found, its name will be displayed in the resource box on the right side of the panel. Select the desired resource and click ok add the resource.

| Create LAN Instrument Resource | | |
|---|--------|----|
| Manual Input LAN Instrument IP TEST Add | Remove | OK |
| Auto-detect of LAN Instrument | | V |

Note: The IP address of the selected resource should be consistent with that of the LAN interface. If you want to remove the resource, please select the resource name, and then click Remove to remove it.

4. View the device resource

The resources found are shown under the "RIGOL Online Resource" directory. For example, RSA3030E (TCPIP::172.16.3.194::INSTR).

5. Communication test

Right-click the resource name "RSA3030E (TCPIP::172.16.3.194::INSTR)" and select "SCPI Panel Control" to turn on the remote command control panel, through which you can send commands and read data.

6. Load LXI webpage

As the analyzer conforms to LXI CORE 2011 DEVICE standards, you can load LXI webpage through Ultra Sigma (right-click the instrument resource name and

select "LXI-Web"). Various important information about the instrument (including the model, manufacturer, serial number, description, MAC address, and IP address) will be displayed on the webpage.

Note: If you want to view or modify the network settings of this instrument, please click **Network Settings** and then a pop-up window is displayed. Input "rigol" ("rigol" must be in lowercase form, without quotation marks) in the user name and the password fields. Besides, you can click **Security** to reset the password.

Tip:

You can also directly input the IP address of the analyzer in the address bar of the PC browser to load the LXI webpage.

Chapter 7 Troubleshooting

The commonly encountered failures of the analyzer and their solutions are listed below. If the following problems occur, locate and resolve the problems according to the following steps. If the problems still persist, contact **RIGOL** and provide your instrument information to us. (For instrument information, press **System** \rightarrow **About System** \rightarrow **System Info**.)

- 1. When I power on the instrument, the analyzer stays black and does not display anything.
 - (1) Check whether the fan works normally.
 - If the fan works normally, but the screen stays black, check whether the connecting cable that connects the screen is loose.
 - If the fan does not work normally, it indicates that the instrument has failed to start up. Please handle it according to the method specified in Step (2).
 - (2) Check the power source.
 - Check whether the power supply has been connected correctly and the power switch has been turned on.
 - Check whether the fuse is burned. If you need to replace the fuse, please use the specified fuse (AC 250V, T3.15A).

2. One or more keys on the keyboard does/do not respond, and stuck keys are found.

- (1) After you power on the instrument, check whether all the keys are unresponsive.
- (2) Press System → About System → Self Test → Keyboard, and check whether there are unresponsive keys or stuck keys.
- (3) If the above problems are found, check whether the keyboard cables are loose or the keypad is damaged. Do not disassemble the instrument by yourself, please contact **RIGOL**.

3. The spectral lines on the screen haven't been updated for a long time.

- (1) Check whether the screen is locked or not. If yes, press **Esc** to unlock it.
- (2) Check whether all the trigger conditions have been met and whether there is a valid trigger signal.
- (3) Check whether the analyzer is in single sweep.
- (4) Check whether the set current sweep time is too long.

4. Errors or poor precision were found in the measurement results.

To calculate the system errors and check the measurement results/precision, refer to the introductions in the "Specifications". To achieve the requirements of the specifications specified in this manual, perform the following operations.

(1) Check whether all the external devices are successfully connected and are working normally.

- (2) Get an understanding about the signal under test, and configure appropriate parameters for the instrument.
- (3) Make measurements under proper conditions. For example, warm up the instrument for a while, or operate the instrument under the specified working temperature.
- (4) Calibrate the instrument regularly to reduce or avoid measurement errors that might occur due to device aging.
 - If you need calibration after the stated calibration period expires, contact **RIGOL** or get paid service from authorized measurement agencies.
 - The analyzer provides self-calibration function. If required, press
 System → Alignment → Align Auto and select "On". The analyzer will perform one self-calibration after being started.
 - Press System → Alignment → Align Now to make a self-calibration immediately.

5. Prompt Message

A prompt message will be displayed based on its working state, such as the tip message, error message, or state message. These messages are displayed to help you use the instrument properly, and do not indicate that there is something wrong with the instrument.

Chapter 8 Appendix

Appendix A: RSA3000E Accessories and Option List

| | Description | Order No. |
|-------------|---|---------------------|
| | Real-time Spectrum Analyzer, 9 kHz to 1.5 GHz | RSA3015E |
| | Real-time Spectrum Analyzer, 9 kHz to 3 GHz | RSA3030E |
| Model | Real-time Spectrum Analyzer, 9 kHz to 1.5 GHz (with TG installed when leaving the factory) | RSA3015E-TG |
| | Real-time Spectrum Analyzer, 9 kHz to 3 GHz (with TG installed when leaving the factory) | RSA3030E-TG |
| Standard | Quick Guide (hard copy) | - |
| Accessories | Power Cord | - |
| | EMI Measurement Application (includes RSA3000E-EMC) | RSA3000E-EMI |
| | Preamplifier (PA) | RSA3000E-PA |
| Ontion | High Stability Clock | OCXO-C08 |
| Option | Advanced Measurement Kit | RSA3000E-AMK |
| | EMC Filter and Quasi-Peak Detector Kit | RSA3000E-EMC |
| | Spectrum Analyzer PC Software | Ultra Spectrum |
| | ASK/FSK Demodulation Software | RSA3000E-ASK/FSK |
| | Include: N-SMA cable, BNC-BNC cable, N-BNC adaptor, N-SMA adaptor, 75 Ω-50 Ω adaptor, 900 MHz/1.8 GHz antenna (2pcs), 2.4 GHz antenna (2pcs) | DSA Utility Kit |
| | Include: N(F)-N(F) adaptor (1pcs), N(M)-N(M) adaptor (1pcs), N(M)-SMA(F) adaptor (2pcs), N(M)-BNC(F) adaptor (2pcs), SMA(F)-SMA(F) adaptor (1pcs), SMA(M)-SMA(M) adaptor (1pcs), BNC T type adaptor (1pcs), 50 Ω SMA load (1pcs), 50 Ω BNC impedance adaptor (1pcs) | RF Adaptor Kit |
| Optional | Include: 50 Ω to 75 Ω adaptor (2pcs) | RF CATV Kit |
| Accessories | Include: 6 dB attenuator (1pcs), 10 dB attenuator (2pcs) | RF Attenuator Kit |
| | 30 dB high-power attenuator, with the max power of 100 W | ATT03301H |
| | N(M)-N(M) RF Cable | CB-NM-NM-75-L-12G |
| | N(M)-SMA(M) RF Cable | CB-NM-SMAM-75-L-12G |
| | VSWR Bridge, 1 MHz to 3.2 GHz | VB1032 |
| | VSWR Bridge, 2 GHz to 8 GHz | VB1080 |
| | Near-field Probe | NFP-3 |
| | Rack Mount Kit | RM6041 |
| | USB Cable | CB-USBA-USBB-FF-150 |

Appendix B: Warranty

RIGOL (SUZHOU) TECHNOLOGIES INC. (hereinafter referred to as **RIGOL**) warrants that the product will be free from defects in materials and workmanship within the warranty period. If a product proves defective within the warranty period, **RIGOL** guarantees free replacement or repair for the defective product.

To get repair service, please contact with your nearest **RIGOL** sales or service office.

There is no other warranty, expressed or implied, except such as is expressly set forth herein or other applicable warranty card. There is no implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. Under no circumstances shall **RIGOL** be liable for any consequential, indirect, ensuing, or special damages for any breach of warranty in any case.

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